

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 33.543, 30.561)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 33.543, 30.561) contains.

<b>CIELCh(76, 33.529, 31.234)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(76, 33.529, 31.234)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8A79D
RGB	248, 167, 157
RGB Percent	97%, 65%, 62%
CMY	0.0285, 0.3460, 0.3852
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.37, 0.03
HSL	7°, 86%, 79%
HSV	7°, 37%, 97%
XYZ	58.4618, 49.8872, 38.3438
YIQ	190.0790, 51.4860, 14.0620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

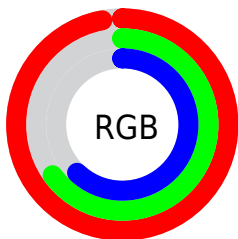
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 168, 157
Decimal	16295837
CIE Lab	76.00, 28.67, 17.39
CIE LCh	76, 33.529, 31.234
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3985, 0.3401
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294485917 (0xFFF8A79D)
YUV	190.0790, -16.3079, 50.7967
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 24.1419, 17.2546

# Details

The CIELCh color **76, 33.529, 31.234** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **89, 25.540, 209.710**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 13.259, 45.354**, and **56, 33.367, 30.781** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 44.366, 32.234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 23.411, 30.524**.

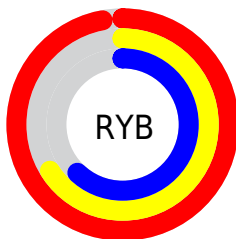
# Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (65%)

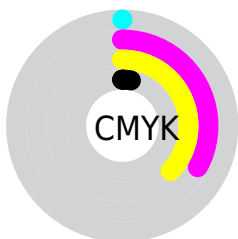
Blue (62%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (62%)

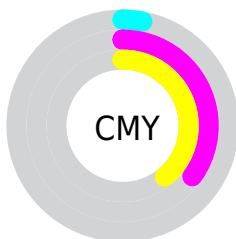


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 33.529, 31.234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 33.529, 31.234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 76, 33.529, 31.234

 76, 33.529, 31.234

 100, 33.529,  
31.234

 66, 33.529, 31.234

 96, 33.529, 31.234

 56, 33.529, 31.234

 46, 33.529, 31.234

 36, 33.529, 31.234

 26, 33.529, 31.234

 16, 33.529, 31.234

 6, 33.529, 31.234

 0, 33.529, 31.234

 76, 33.529, 31.234

 76, 33.529, 31.234

71, 44.366, 32.234

82, 23.411, 30.524

66, 55.824, 33.574

87, 14.048, 30.022

61, 67.678, 35.299

93, 5.415, 29.634

58, 79.504, 37.353

99, 2.506, 199.796

55, 90.418, 39.429

99, 2.515, 199.509

53, 98.538, 40.723

53, 100.566,  
41.079

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 33.529, 31.234



89, 25.540, 209.710

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 33.529, 31.234



76, 33.529, 81.234



76, 33.529, 211.234



76, 33.529, 261.234

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 33.527, 31.239



93, 9.238, 29.799



76, 53.272, 329.431



49, 6.242, 29.850



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 33.527, 31.239



74, 42.342, 31.939



87, 32.194, 80.525



49, 4.667, 29.743



40, 81.662, 41.323



10, 30.092, 31.763





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 25.540, 209.710



90, 30.229, 209.953



77, 30.861, 271.670



51, 4.386, 209.578



63, 35.340, 216.240

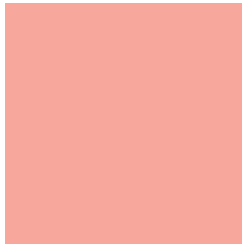


20, 16.151, 213.435



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 33.529, 31.234 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

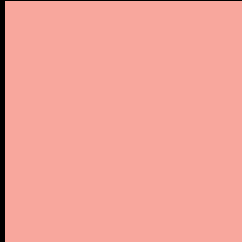
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 33.529, 31.234 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 76, 33.529, 31.234

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 33.529, 31.234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 33.529, 31.234.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76, 33.529, 31.234

### Protanopia

76, 11.264, 91.080

### Deuteranopia

76, 20.926, 61.628



**Tritanopia**  
76, 34.050, 11.910



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 33.529, 31.234

**Protanomaly**  
76, 16.724, 53.107

**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 24.645, 46.474

**Tritanomaly**  
76, 33.323, 18.835

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 33.529, 31.234

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
76, 11.372, 31.059

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 33.529, 31.234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 167, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 167, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 167, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 167, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 33.529, 31.234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 167, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 167, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 167, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 167, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 167, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 167,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 33.529, 31.234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 167, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
167, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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