

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 35.788, 17.322)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 35.788, 17.322) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(76, 35.727, 17.671)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDA3A9
RGB	253, 163, 169
RGB Percent	99%, 64%, 66%
CMY	0.0082, 0.3611, 0.3376
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.33, 0.01
HSL	356°, 96%, 82%
HSV	356°, 36%, 99%
XYZ	60.7057, 49.8872, 43.9217
YIQ	190.5940, 51.7140, 20.9460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

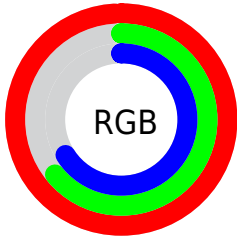
Format	Color
R _Y B	253, 163, 169
Decimal	16622505
CIE Lab	76.00, 34.04, 10.84
CIE LCh	76, 35.727, 17.671
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3929, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294812585 (0xFFFDA3A9)
YUV	190.5940, -10.6458, 54.7301
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 29.8126, 12.5722

Details

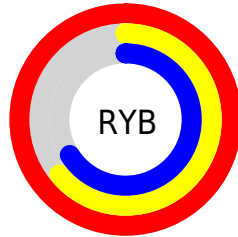
The CIELCh color **76, 35.727, 17.671** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **94, 28.706, 191.389**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 13.426, 9.292**, and **56, 35.663, 17.630** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 47.025, 19.465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 24.883, 16.271**.

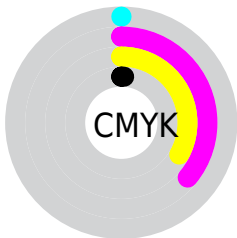
Distribution



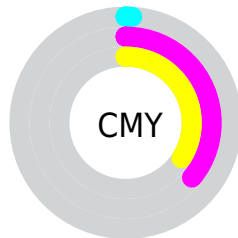
- Red (99%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 35.727, 17.671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 35.727, 17.671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 76, 35.727, 17.671

 76, 35.727, 17.671

 100, 35.727,
17.671

 66, 35.727, 17.671

 96, 35.727, 17.671

 56, 35.727, 17.671

 46, 35.727, 17.671

 36, 35.727, 17.671

 26, 35.727, 17.671

 16, 35.727, 17.671

 6, 35.727, 17.671

 0, 35.727, 17.671

 76, 35.727, 17.671

 76, 35.727, 17.671

70, 47.025, 19.465

82, 24.883, 16.271

65, 58.536, 21.764

89, 14.645, 15.148

60, 69.905, 24.698

95, 5.064, 14.177

57, 80.724, 28.334

100, 0.730,
200.267

54, 90.547, 32.529

53, 98.585, 36.664

53, 101.281,
38.075

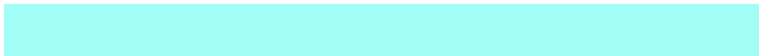
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 35.727, 17.671



94, 28.706, 191.389

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 35.727, 17.671



76, 35.727, 67.671



76, 35.727, 197.671



76, 35.727, 247.671

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 35.724, 17.675



92, 10.242, 14.699



78, 55.306, 324.421



48, 6.915, 14.830



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 35.724, 17.675



72, 44.375, 18.963



85, 29.331, 63.917



50, 5.266, 14.558



40, 81.468, 37.477



10, 32.839, 24.491

Inverse Universe

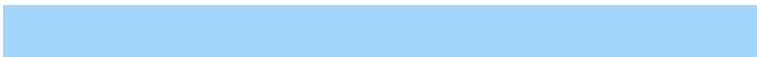
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 35.724, 17.675



72, 44.375, 18.963



83, 25.366, 253.480



50, 5.266, 14.558



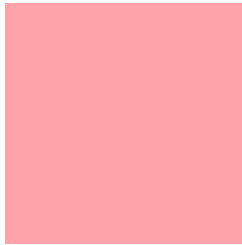
40, 81.468, 37.477



10, 32.839, 24.491

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 35.727, 17.671 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

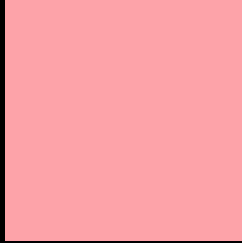
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 35.727, 17.671 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 35.727, 17.671

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 35.727, 17.671.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 35.727, 17.671.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76, 35.727, 17.671

Protanopia

76, 3.257, 74.685

Deuteranopia

76, 15.382, 51.572



Tritanopia
76, 36.074, 12.756

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 35.727, 17.671



Protanomaly
76, 13.917, 22.732



Deuteranomaly
76, 21.822, 30.955



Tritanomaly
76, 36.071, 14.436

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 35.727, 17.671



Achromatopsia
77, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
77, 12.639, 15.596

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 35.727, 17.671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 163, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 163, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 163, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 163, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 35.727, 17.671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 163, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 163, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 163, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 163, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 163, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 163,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 35.727, 17.671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 163, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
163, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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