

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 37.450, 11.997)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 37.450, 11.997) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(76, 37.308, 11.606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA1AF
RGB	255, 161, 175
RGB Percent	100%, 63%, 69%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3683, 0.3134
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.31, 0.00
HSL	351°, 100%, 82%
HSV	351°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	61.7709, 49.8872, 46.9670
YIQ	190.7020, 51.5300, 24.2820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

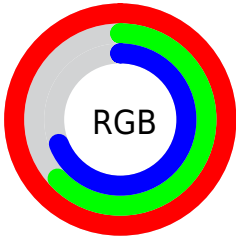
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 161, 175
Decimal	16753071
CIE Lab	76.00, 36.55, 7.51
CIE LCh	76, 37.308, 11.606
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3894, 0.3145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294943151 (0xFFFFA1AF)
YUV	190.7020, -7.7411, 56.3893
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 32.5046, 10.0159

# Details

The CIELCh color **76, 37.308, 11.606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **94, 31.005, 183.947**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 15.329, 354.539**, and **56, 37.228, 11.331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 48.282, 13.511**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 26.506, 10.064**.

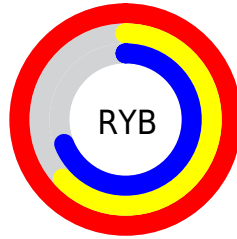
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (63%)

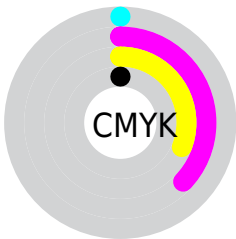
Blue (69%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (69%)

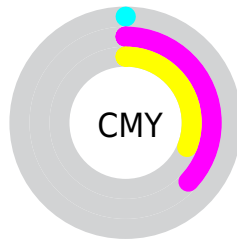


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 37.308, 11.606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 37.308, 11.606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76, 37.308, 11.606

76, 37.308, 11.606

100, 37.308,  
11.606

66, 37.308, 11.606

96, 37.308, 11.606

56, 37.308, 11.606

46, 37.308, 11.606

36, 37.308, 11.606

26, 37.308, 11.606

16, 37.308, 11.606

6, 37.308, 11.606

0, 37.308, 11.606

76, 37.308, 11.606

76, 37.308, 11.606

70, 48.282, 13.511

82, 26.506, 10.064

65, 59.219, 15.937

89, 16.171, 8.810

61, 69.691, 19.023

95, 6.372, 7.725

57, 79.309, 22.891

100, 0.012,  
296.813

55, 87.817, 27.529

54, 95.084, 32.583

53, 97.195, 34.058

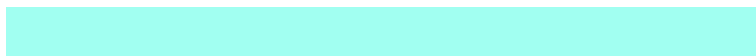
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 37.308, 11.606



94, 31.005, 183.947

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 37.308, 11.606



76, 37.308, 61.606



76, 37.308, 191.606



76, 37.308, 241.606

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 37.275, 11.596



93, 10.388, 8.168



77, 56.528, 321.976



48, 7.008, 8.314



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 37.275, 11.596



72, 45.156, 12.923



83, 30.602, 54.798



50, 5.345, 8.010



40, 77.529, 33.142



10, 32.286, 21.061





# Inverse Universe

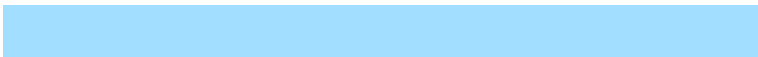
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 37.275, 11.596



72, 45.156, 12.923



86, 24.927, 242.675



50, 5.345, 8.010



40, 77.529, 33.142



10, 32.286, 21.061



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 37.308, 11.606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

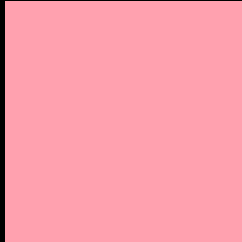
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 37.308, 11.606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 76, 37.308, 11.606

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 37.308, 11.606.

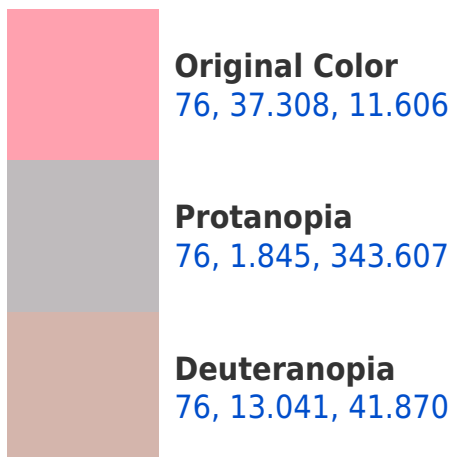


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 37.308, 11.606.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
76, 37.285, 13.230



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 37.308, 11.606



**Protanomaly**  
76, 14.068, 7.426



**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 21.187, 22.636



**Tritanomaly**  
76, 37.292, 12.418

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 37.308, 11.606



**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
76, 13.192, 8.835

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 37.308, 11.606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 161, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 161, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 161, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 161, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 37.308, 11.606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 161, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 161, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 161, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 161, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 161, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 161,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 37.308, 11.606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 161, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
161, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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