

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 41.252, 196.496)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 41.252, 196.496)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(76, 41.339, 196.496)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	24D0D0
RGB	36, 208, 208
RGB Percent	14%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.8574, 0.1855, 0.1855
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	180°, 70%, 48%
HSV	180°, 82%, 81%
XYZ	34.5716, 49.8872, 67.2921
YIQ	156.5720, -102.5120, -36.4640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

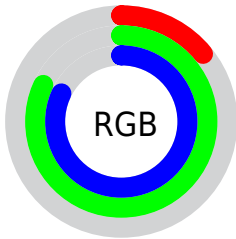
Format	Color
RYB	36, 122, 208
Decimal	2412752
CIELab	76.00, -39.64, -11.74
CIELCh	76, 41.339, 196.496
Yxy	49.8872, 0.2278, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280602832 (0xFF24D0D0)
YUV	156.5720, 25.3540, -105.7416
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -36.2338, -7.0457

Details

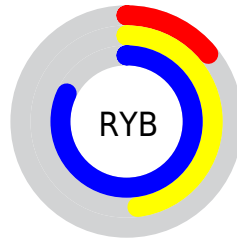
The CIELCh color **76, 41.339, 196.496** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **45, 77.843, 34.829**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 39.067, 197.028**, and **57, 34.076, 197.379** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 42.484, 196.418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 39.327, 196.630**.

Distribution



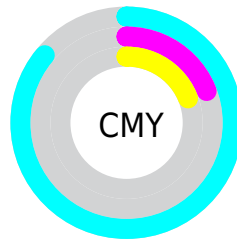
- Red (14%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)





- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 41.339, 196.496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 41.339, 196.496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76, 41.339,
196.496

 76, 41.339,
196.496


 100, 41.339,
196.496


 66, 41.339,
196.496


 96, 41.339,
196.496

 56, 41.339,
196.496

 46, 41.339,
196.496

 36, 41.339,
196.496

 26, 41.339,
196.496

 16, 41.339,
196.496

 6, 41.339, 196.496

0, 41.339, 196.496

76, 41.339,
196.496

76, 41.339,
196.496

76, 42.484,
196.418

76, 39.327,
196.630

76, 42.933,
196.389

77, 36.385,
196.829

77, 32.511,
197.095

78, 27.753,
197.427

79, 22.195,
197.821

80, 15.949,
198.276

■ 82, 9.133, 198.796

■ 83, 1.869, 199.572

■ 85, 5.732, 19.736

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 41.339, 196.496



45, 77.843, 34.829

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 41.339, 196.496



76, 41.339, 246.496



76, 41.339, 16.496



76, 41.339, 66.496

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 41.338, 196.495



96, 20.731, 198.143



73, 96.510, 136.909



51, 13.959, 197.980



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 41.338, 196.495



91, 50.063, 196.392



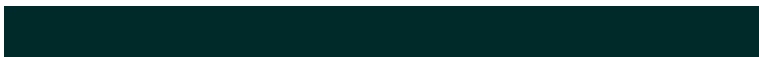
51, 51.551, 276.625



43, 4.203, 198.977



62, 36.712, 196.389



14, 14.038, 196.388

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 93.905, 328.056



60, 115.400, 328.228



59, 63.391, 64.446



41, 7.693, 324.936



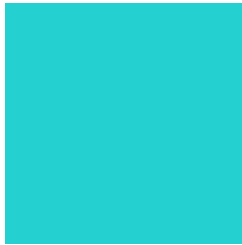
40, 84.659, 328.233



6, 31.112, 327.825

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 41.339, 196.496 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 41.339, 196.496 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

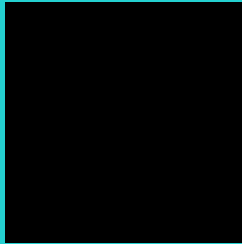
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

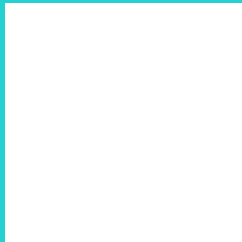
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 41.339, 196.496

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 41.339, 196.496.

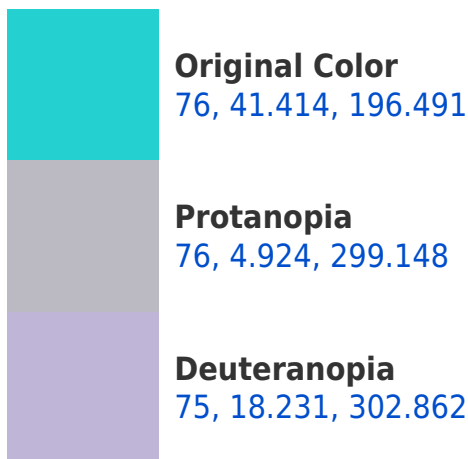


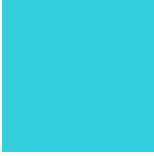
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 41.339, 196.496.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

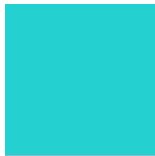
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
76, 38.288, 210.880

Trichromacy



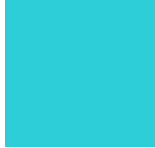
Original Color
76, 41.414, 196.491



Protanomaly
74, 20.249, 207.236



Deuteranomaly
74, 20.825, 231.591



Tritanomaly
76, 39.138, 205.545

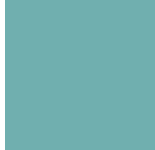
Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 41.414, 196.491



Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
67, 21.112, 197.692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 41.339, 196.496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 208, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 208, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 208, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 208, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 41.339, 196.496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 208, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 208, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 208, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 208, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 208, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 208,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 41.339, 196.496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 208, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 208,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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