

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 43.553, 110.082)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 43.553, 110.082)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(76, 43.453, 109.948)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAC16E
RGB	186, 193, 110
RGB Percent	73%, 76%, 43%
CMY	0.2694, 0.2419, 0.5675
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.43, 0.24
HSL	65°, 40%, 60%
HSV	65°, 43%, 76%
XYZ	42.2948, 49.8872, 22.2345
YIQ	181.4450, 22.4710, -27.2970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

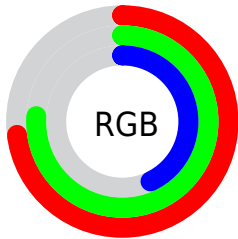
Format	Color
RYB	110, 193, 117
Decimal	12239214
CIELab	76.00, -14.82, 40.85
CIELCh	76, 43.453, 109.948
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3697, 0.4360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290429294 (0xFFBAC16E)
YUV	181.4450, -35.2224, 3.9947
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -16.7157, 30.7773

Details

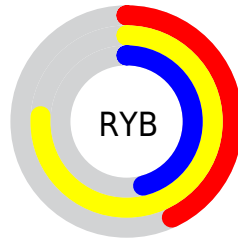
The CIELCh color $76, 43.453, 109.948$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC66`. A complement of this color would be $51, 48.532, 298.442$, and the grayscale version is $74, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96, 43.256, 109.934$, and $56, 43.579, 110.354$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76, 52.728, 109.213$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76, 33.683, 110.751$.

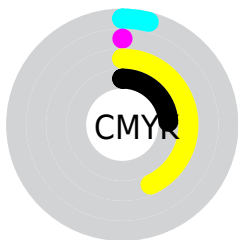
Distribution



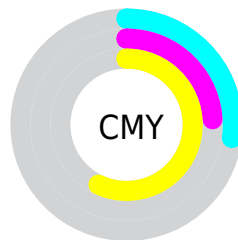
- Red (73%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (57%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 43.453, 109.948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 43.453, 109.948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76, 43.453,
109.948

 76, 43.453,
109.948


 100, 43.453,
109.948


 66, 43.453,
109.948


 96, 43.453,
109.948

 56, 43.453,
109.948

 46, 43.453,
109.948

 36, 43.453,
109.948

 26, 43.453,
109.948

 16, 43.453,
109.948

 6, 43.453, 109.948

■ 0, 43.453, 109.948

■ 76, 43.453,
109.948

■ 76, 43.453,
109.948

■ 76, 52.728,
109.213

■ 76, 33.683,
110.751

■ 75, 61.209,
108.580

■ 77, 23.612,
111.582

■ 75, 68.491,
108.107

■ 77, 13.370,
112.419

■ 75, 74.090,
107.857

■ 78, 3.042, 113.241

■ 75, 77.611,
107.884

■ 79, 7.316, 294.065

■ 75, 79.093,
108.036

■ 79, 17.665,
294.843

■ 80, 27.978,

295.589

■ 81, 32.985,
296.407

■ 81, 33.024,
297.320

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 43.453, 109.948



51, 48.532, 298.442

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 43.453, 109.948



76, 43.453, 159.948



76, 43.453, 289.948



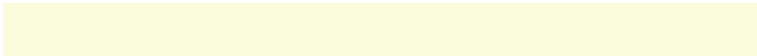
76, 43.453, 339.948

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 43.454, 109.951



98, 16.672, 112.398



57, 33.464, 29.670



53, 11.755, 112.209



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 43.454, 109.951



96, 64.330, 109.220



73, 47.841, 129.938



41, 5.870, 112.717



63, 68.948, 107.967



12, 18.723, 111.851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 48.532, 298.442



58, 74.371, 300.044



54, 50.245, 313.862



37, 5.998, 294.318



19, 94.259, 306.590



1, 19.513, 293.415

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 43.453, 109.948 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

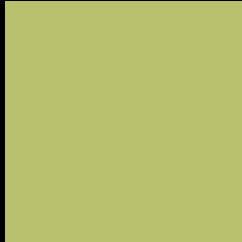
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 43.453, 109.948 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

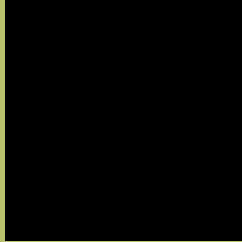
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 43.453, 109.948

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 43.453, 109.948.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 43.453, 109.948.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
76, 43.453, 109.948

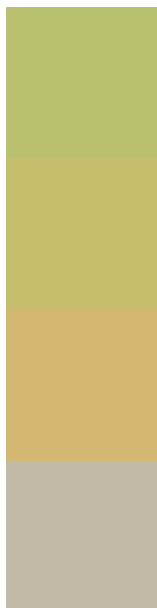
Protanopia
76, 42.327, 95.721

Deuteranopia
76, 40.803, 76.419



Tritanopia
76, 9.424, 321.095

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 43.453, 109.948

Protanomaly
76, 42.177, 100.969

Deuteranomaly
76, 39.628, 88.978

Tritanomaly
76, 11.415, 99.326

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 43.453, 109.948

Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
75, 16.114, 111.423

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 43.453, 109.948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 193, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 193, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 193, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 193, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 43.453, 109.948 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 193, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 193, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 193, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 193, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 193, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 193,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 43.453, 109.948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 193, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
193, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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