

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 53.310, 315.589)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 53.310, 315.589)
contains.

CIELCh(76, 52.765, 315.988)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(76, 52.765, 315.988)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0A4FF
RGB	224, 164, 255
RGB Percent	88%, 64%, 100%
CMY	0.1197, 0.3551, 0.0000
CMYK	0.12, 0.36, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	280°, 100%, 82%
HSV	280°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	62.3732, 49.8872, 101.3581
YIQ	192.3140, 6.5490, 41.0210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

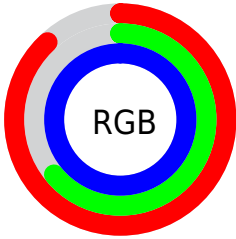
Format	Color
RYB	224, 164, 255
Decimal	14722303
CIELab	76.00, 37.95, -36.66
CIELCh	76, 52.765, 315.988
Yxy	49.8872, 0.2920, 0.2335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292912383 (0xFFE0A4FF)
YUV	192.3140, 30.9042, 27.7886
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 34.0268, -35.6419

Details

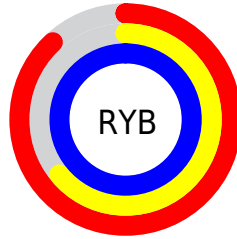
The CIELCh color $76, 52.765, 315.988$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99FF`. A complement of this color would be $94, 50.925, 132.839$, and the grayscale version is $78, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92, 21.910, 325.187$, and $56, 52.943, 316.178$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70, 67.386, 316.511$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83, 37.512, 315.650$.

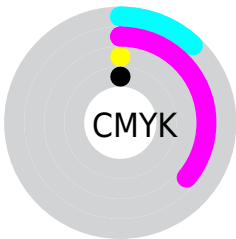
Distribution



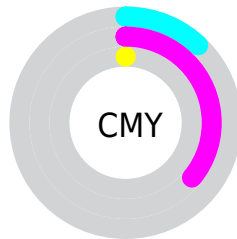
- Red (88%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 52.765, 315.988 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 52.765, 315.988 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 76, 52.765,
315.988

 76, 52.765,
315.988


 100, 52.765,
315.988

 66, 52.765,
315.988


 96, 52.765,
315.988

 56, 52.765,
315.988

 46, 52.765,
315.988

 36, 52.765,
315.988

 26, 52.765,
315.988

 16, 52.765,
315.988

 6, 52.765, 315.988

■ 0, 52.765, 315.988

■ 76, 52.765,
315.988

■ 76, 52.765,
315.988

■ 70, 67.386,
316.511

■ 83, 37.512,
315.650

■ 64, 81.663,
316.860

■ 89, 22.595,
315.200

■ 58, 94.763,
317.089

■ 96, 7.938, 314.752

■ 54, 105.912,
317.129

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 50, 114.287,
316.904

■ 47, 119.316,
316.348

■ 47,120.755,
316.020

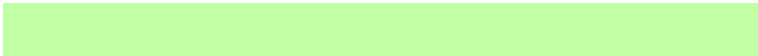
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 52.765, 315.988



94, 50.925, 132.839

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



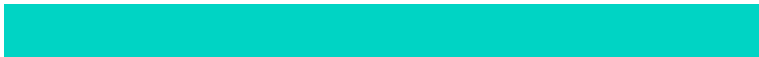
76, 52.765, 315.988



76, 52.765, 5.988



76, 52.765, 135.988



76, 52.765, 185.988

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 52.531, 316.095



92, 15.948, 315.000



79, 32.510, 275.646



48, 10.732, 315.060



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 52.531, 316.095



71, 63.696, 316.411



79, 51.023, 331.043



49, 8.229, 314.933



35, 97.149, 316.196



8, 44.343, 317.448

Inverse Universe

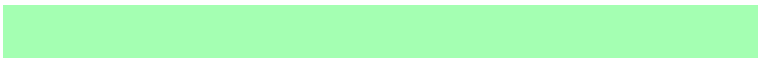
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 37.444, 357.539



73, 45.499, 358.764



93, 50.953, 146.053



50, 5.776, 354.291



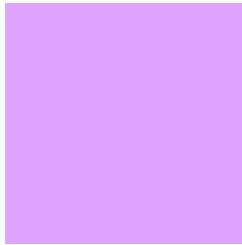
40, 69.556, 17.845



10, 31.337, 10.017

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 52.765, 315.988 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

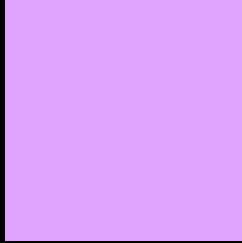
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 52.765, 315.988 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

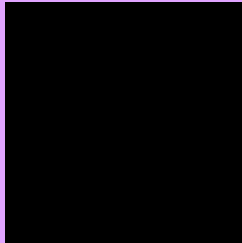
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 52.765, 315.988

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 52.765, 315.988.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 52.765, 315.988.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
76, 52.765, 315.988

Protanopia
76, 37.917, 284.847

Deuteranopia
76, 35.677, 285.937



Tritanopia
76, 16.120, 353.094

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 52.765, 315.988



Protanomaly
76, 41.719, 297.775



Deuteranomaly
76, 40.200, 299.182

Tritanomaly
76, 28.012, 328.087

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 52.765, 315.988



Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
77, 19.326, 314.322

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 52.765, 315.988 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 164, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 164, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 164, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 164, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 52.765, 315.988 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 164, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 164, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 164, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 164, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 164, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 164,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 52.765, 315.988 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 164, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
164, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor