

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 54.583, 333.923)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 54.583, 333.923)
contains.

CIELCh(76, 54.712, 333.785)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(76, 54.712, 333.785)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF99E9
RGB	255, 153, 233
RGB Percent	100%, 60%, 91%
CMY	0.0003, 0.4002, 0.0865
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	313°, 100%, 80%
HSV	313°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	67.2930, 49.8872, 83.1231
YIQ	192.6180, 35.1120, 46.5040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

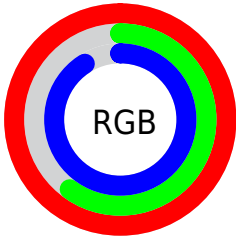
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 153, 233
Decimal	16751081
CIE _{Lab}	76.00, 49.08, -24.17
CIE _{LCh}	76, 54.712, 333.785
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3360, 0.2491
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294941161 (0xFFFF99E9)
YUV	192.6180, 19.9083, 54.7090
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 46.4603, -20.3347

Details

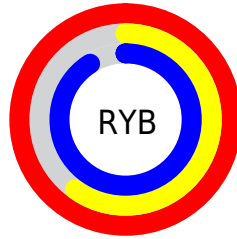
The CIELCh color **76, 54.712, 333.785** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **92, 54.512, 147.705**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 28.837, 325.429**, and **56, 54.785, 333.990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 67.213, 334.537**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 41.342, 333.064**.

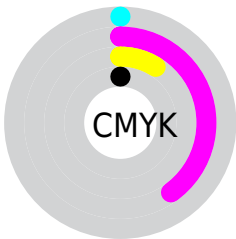
Distribution



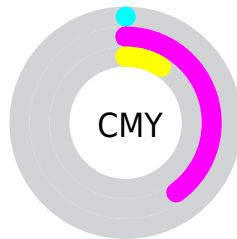
- Red (100%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 54.712, 333.785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 54.712, 333.785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76, 54.712,
333.785


 76, 54.712,
333.785


 100, 54.712,
333.785


 66, 54.712,
333.785


 96, 54.712,
333.785

 56, 54.712,
333.785

 46, 54.712,
333.785

 36, 54.712,
333.785

 26, 54.712,
333.785

 16, 54.712,
333.785

 6, 54.712, 333.785

■ 0, 54.712, 333.785

■ 76, 54.712,
333.785

■ 76, 54.712,
333.785

■ 71, 67.213,
334.537

■ 82, 41.342,
333.064

■ 67, 78.272,
335.328

■ 87, 27.569,
332.369

■ 63, 87.242,
336.176

■ 94, 13.722,
331.692

■ 60, 93.540,
337.111

100, 0.020,
311.525

■ 58, 96.845,
338.174

100, 0.026,
226.275

■ 57, 97.501,
339.396

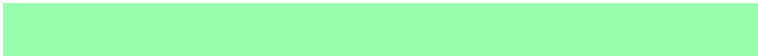
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 54.712, 333.785



92, 54.512, 147.705

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 54.712, 333.785



76, 54.712, 23.785



76, 54.712, 153.785



76, 54.712, 203.785

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 54.709, 333.785



92, 16.480, 331.827



69, 56.529, 301.607



48, 10.940, 331.915



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 54.709, 333.785



72, 64.814, 334.383



74, 41.772, 0.886



50, 7.795, 331.658



43, 78.763, 339.159



11, 36.938, 337.566

Inverse Universe

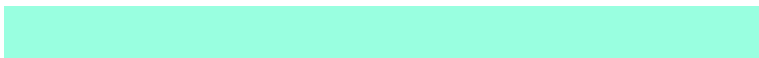
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 54.709, 333.785



72, 64.814, 334.383



93, 37.001, 171.781



50, 7.795, 331.658



43, 78.763, 339.159



11, 36.938, 337.566

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 54.712, 333.785 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

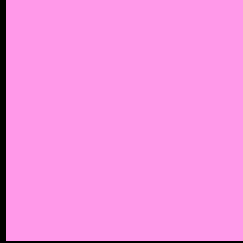
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 54.712, 333.785 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

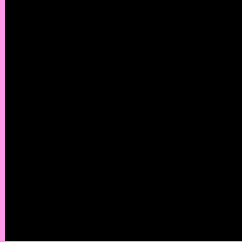
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 54.712, 333.785

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 54.712, 333.785.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 54.712, 333.785.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
76, 33.302, 10.660

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 54.712, 333.785



Protanomaly
75, 41.092, 306.037



Deuteranomaly
76, 33.038, 316.096

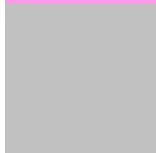


Tritanomaly
76, 38.923, 352.972

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 54.712, 333.785



Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
77, 21.252, 332.005

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 54.712, 333.785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 153, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 153, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 153, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 153, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 54.712, 333.785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 153, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 153, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 153, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153, 233); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153, 233); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153, 233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 54.712, 333.785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 153, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
153, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor