

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 11.596, 198.563)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(77, 11.596, 198.563)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(77, 11.596, 198.563)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	A3C4C4
RGB	163, 196, 196
RGB Percent	64%, 77%, 77%
CMY	0.3590, 0.2295, 0.2295
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	180°, 22%, 71%
HSV	180°, 17%, 77%
XYZ	45.0594, 51.5317, 60.0746
YIQ	186.1330, -19.6680, -6.9960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

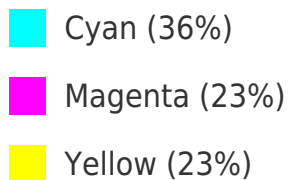
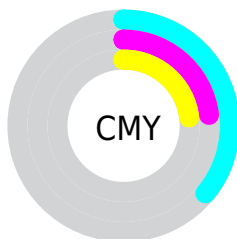
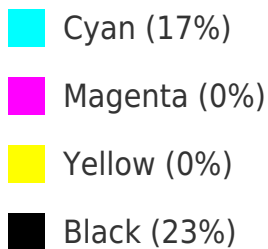
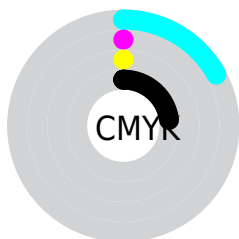
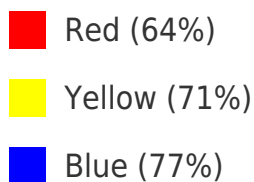
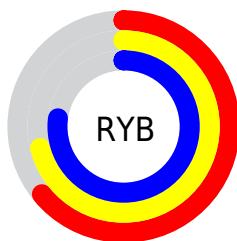
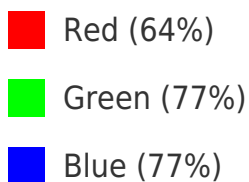
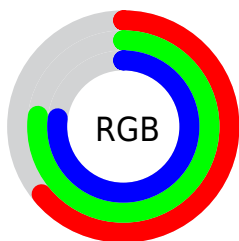
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">163, 180, 196</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10732740</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.00, -10.99, -3.69</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">77, 11.596, 198.563</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">51.5317, 0.2876, 0.3289</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288922820</a> (0xFFA3C4C4)
YUV	<a href="#">186.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.7856, -13.5814, 0.6325</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **77, 11.596, 198.563** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **70, 12.924, 20.524**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 11.817, 198.712**, and **57, 11.400, 198.338** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 17.895, 198.067**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 4.823, 199.138**.

# Distribution





# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 11.596, 198.563 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 11.596, 198.563 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 77, 11.596,  
198.563


 77, 11.596,  
198.563


 100, 11.596,  
198.563


 67, 11.596,  
198.563


 97, 11.596,  
198.563

 57, 11.596,  
198.563

 47, 11.596,  
198.563

 37, 11.596,  
198.563

 27, 11.596,  
198.563

 17, 11.596,  
198.563

 7, 11.596, 198.563

0, 11.596, 198.563

77, 11.596,  
198.563

77, 11.596,  
198.563

76, 17.895,  
198.067

78, 4.823, 199.138

75, 23.604,  
197.638

80, 2.316, 19.342

81, 9.721, 20.102

74, 28.610,  
197.270

83, 17.306, 20.727

73, 32.819,  
196.965

84, 22.371, 21.138

84, 22.371, 21.135

73, 36.161,  
196.727

84, 22.371, 21.133

72, 38.610,  
196.553

84, 22.371, 21.130

72, 40.190,  
196.442

84, 22.371, 21.127

72, 41.001,  
196.384

72, 41.187,  
196.371

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 11.596, 198.563



70, 12.924, 20.524

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 11.596, 198.563



77, 11.596, 248.563



77, 11.596, 18.563



77, 11.596, 68.563

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 11.597, 198.556



99, 4.397, 199.269



76, 21.591, 142.988



53, 2.995, 199.212



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



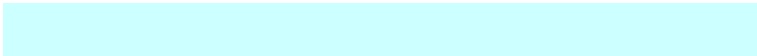


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 11.597, 198.556



97, 16.872, 198.377



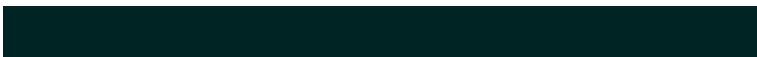
73, 10.396, 255.912



41, 4.034, 198.970



61, 35.891, 196.371



12, 12.984, 196.374



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 12.924, 20.524



86, 19.269, 20.844



74, 10.904, 71.550



39, 4.279, 19.914



34, 74.640, 39.772

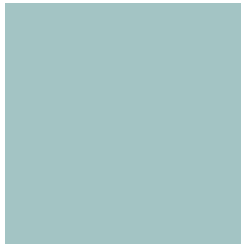


3, 15.885, 19.400



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 11.596, 198.563 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

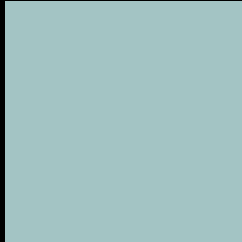
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 11.596, 198.563 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

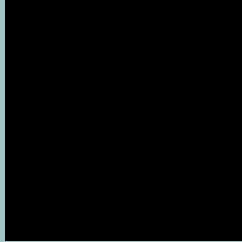
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

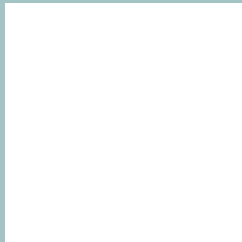
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 77, 11.596, 198.563**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 11.596, 198.563.

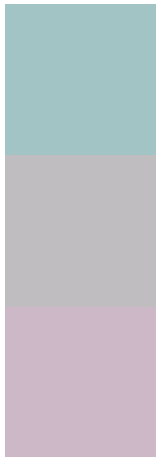


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 11.596, 198.563.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77, 11.596, 198.563

### Protanopia

77, 1.972, 324.400

### Deuteranopia

77, 10.946, 332.945

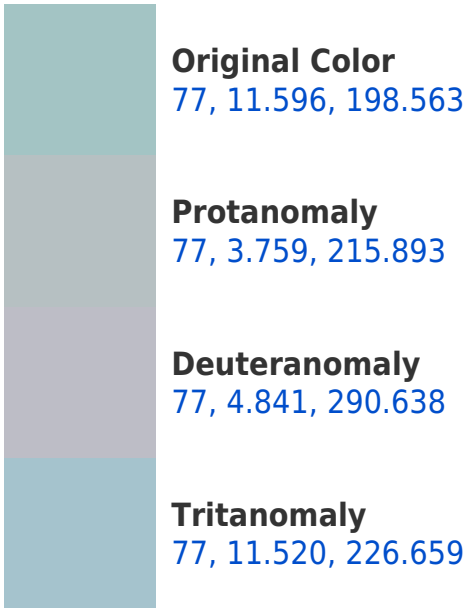




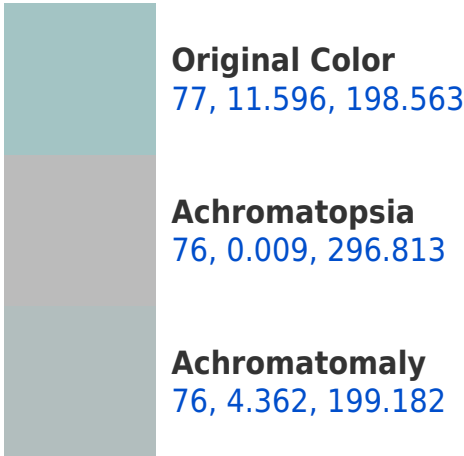
## Tritanopia

77, 12.655, 241.860

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 11.596, 198.563 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 196, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 196, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 196, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 196, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 11.596, 198.563 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 196, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 196, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 196, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 196, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 196, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 196,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 11.596, 198.563 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 196, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
196, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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