

Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 15.284, 169.264)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(77, 15.284, 169.264)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(77, 15.420, 169.048)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1C6B8
RGB	161, 198, 184
RGB Percent	63%, 78%, 72%
CMY	0.3679, 0.2228, 0.2777
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.07, 0.22
HSL	157°, 25%, 70%
HSV	157°, 19%, 78%
XYZ	43.6370, 51.5317, 53.0897
YIQ	185.3410, -17.5580, -12.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

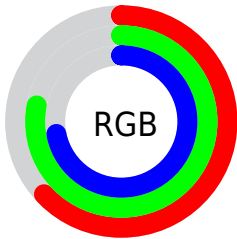
Format	Color
RYB	161, 184, 198
Decimal	10602168
CIELab	77.00, -15.14, 2.93
CIELCh	77, 15.420, 169.048
Yxy	51.5317, 0.2943, 0.3476
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288792248 (0xFFA1C6B8)
YUV	185.3410, -0.6611, -21.3471
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, -17.1184, 6.4015

Details

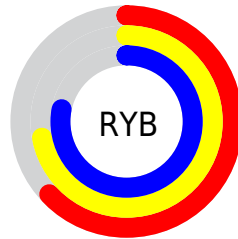
The CIELCh color **77, 15.420, 169.048** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **70, 16.047, 352.545**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 15.598, 168.979**, and **57, 15.325, 168.960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 23.445, 167.978**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79, 7.200, 170.044**.

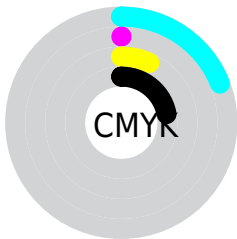
Distribution



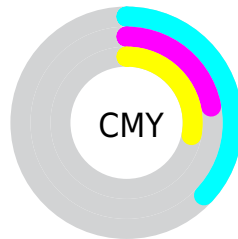
- Red (63%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 15.420, 169.048 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 15.420, 169.048 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77, 15.420,
169.048

■ 77, 15.420,
169.048

■ 100, 15.420,
169.048

■ 67, 15.420,
169.048

■ 97, 15.420,
169.048

■ 57, 15.420,
169.048

■ 47, 15.420,
169.048

■ 37, 15.420,
169.048

■ 27, 15.420,
169.048

■ 17, 15.420,
169.048

■ 7, 15.420, 169.048

77, 15.420,
169.048

77, 15.420,
169.048

76, 23.445,
167.978

79, 7.200, 170.044

74, 31.142,
166.808

80, 1.110, 350.469

73, 38.375,
165.507

82, 9.417, 351.652

73, 45.009,
164.053

84, 17.651,
352.448

72, 50.928,
162.418

85, 24.072,
350.763

71, 56.055,
160.584

86, 26.090,
343.175

86, 28.523,
336.834

■ 71, 60.375,
158.540

■ 86, 31.271,
331.606

■ 71, 64.004,
156.331

■ 86, 34.256,
327.313

■ 71, 64.469,
156.046

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 15.420, 169.048



70, 16.047, 352.545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 15.420, 169.048



77, 15.420, 219.048



77, 15.420, 349.048



77, 15.420, 39.048

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 15.421, 169.045



99, 6.114, 170.307



77, 21.600, 132.227



53, 4.055, 170.238



0, 0.000, 0.000



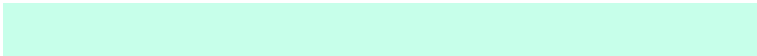
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 15.421, 169.045



96, 22.226, 168.665



76, 11.563, 210.250



41, 4.720, 169.973



59, 55.466, 156.398



11, 18.037, 162.383

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 16.047, 352.545



86, 23.313, 352.960



71, 13.111, 30.734



39, 4.818, 351.563



34, 60.928, 13.201



4, 16.912, 0.094

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 15.420, 169.048 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

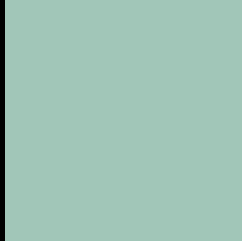
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 15.420, 169.048 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

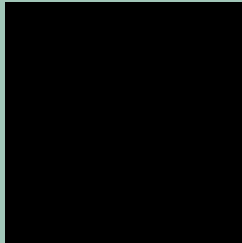
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 77, 15.420, 169.048

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 15.420, 169.048.

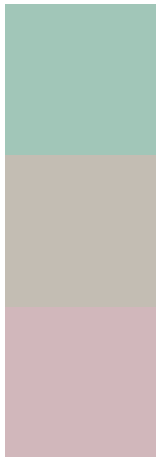


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 15.420, 169.048.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

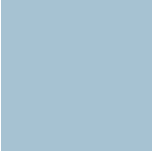
Dichromacy



Original Color
77, 15.420, 169.048

Protanopia
77, 5.799, 86.579

Deuteranopia
77, 10.047, 7.930



Tritanopia
77, 12.655, 241.860

Trichromacy



Original Color
77, 15.420, 169.048

Protanomaly
77, 6.811, 139.122

Deuteranomaly
77, 1.942, 74.862

Tritanomaly
77, 11.377, 212.349

Monochromacy



Original Color
77, 15.420, 169.048

Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
76, 5.512, 169.843

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 15.420, 169.048 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 198, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 198, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 198, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 198, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 15.420, 169.048 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 198, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 198, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 198, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 198, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 198, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 198, 184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 15.420, 169.048 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 198, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
198, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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