

Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 18.331, 237.694)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(77, 18.331, 237.694)
contains.

CIELCh(77, 18.194, 237.096)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(77, 18.194, 237.096)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98C5DA
RGB	152, 197, 218
RGB Percent	60%, 77%, 85%
CMY	0.4048, 0.2283, 0.1460
CMYK	0.30, 0.10, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	199°, 47%, 72%
HSV	199°, 30%, 85%
XYZ	45.4451, 51.5317, 73.7214
YIQ	185.9390, -33.5610, -3.0090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

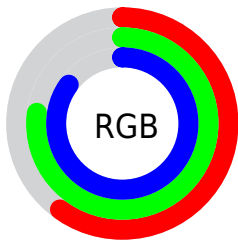
Format	Color
RYB	152, 179, 218
Decimal	10012122
CIELab	77.00, -9.88, -15.28
CIELCh	77, 18.194, 237.096
Yxy	51.5317, 0.2662, 0.3019
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288202202 (0xFF98C5DA)
YUV	185.9390, 15.8061, -29.7645
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, -12.6224, -10.6389

Details

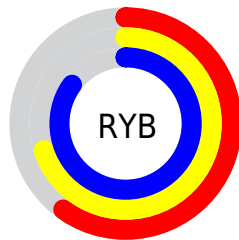
The CIELCh color **77, 18.194, 237.096** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74, 21.701, 51.748**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 15.288, 200.418**, and **57, 18.139, 237.627** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 23.469, 238.764**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 12.509, 235.771**.

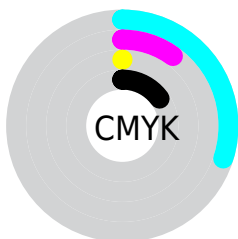
Distribution



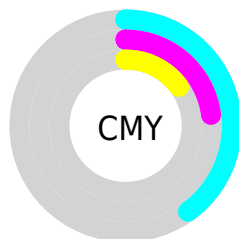
- Red (60%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (15%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 18.194, 237.096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 18.194, 237.096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 77, 18.194,
237.096

 77, 18.194,
237.096

 100, 18.194,
237.096

 67, 18.194,
237.096


 97, 18.194,
237.096

 57, 18.194,
237.096

 47, 18.194,
237.096

 37, 18.194,
237.096

 27, 18.194,
237.096

 17, 18.194,
237.096

 7, 18.194, 237.096

0, 18.194, 237.096

77, 18.194,
237.096

77, 18.194,
237.096

74, 23.469,
238.764

80, 12.509,
235.771

71, 28.270,
240.865

83, 6.489, 234.751

68, 32.548,
243.484

87, 0.200, 236.476

90, 6.297, 53.072

65, 36.290,
246.708

93, 11.203, 58.421

63, 39.538,
250.602

95, 12.194, 78.989

97, 14.450, 94.679

61, 42.408,
255.167

98, 17.469,

■ 58, 45.048,
260.030

105.453

■ 99, 18.823,
108.753

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 18.194, 237.096



74, 21.701, 51.748

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 18.194, 237.096



77, 18.194, 287.096



77, 18.194, 57.096



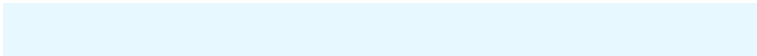
77, 18.194, 107.096

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 18.193, 237.092



97, 6.457, 234.648



82, 33.867, 152.475



51, 4.474, 234.772



0, 0.000, 0.000



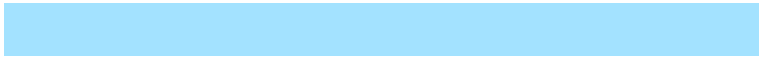
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 18.193, 237.092



87, 24.132, 238.051



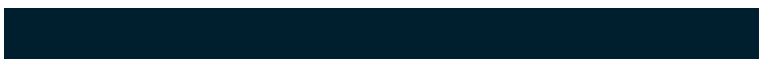
68, 29.814, 285.640



44, 3.601, 234.677



47, 37.689, 259.160



10, 13.959, 248.739

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 34.248, 337.276



78, 46.126, 337.788



82, 28.656, 97.892



43, 6.401, 335.650



38, 68.416, 346.132



6, 27.694, 342.299

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 18.194, 237.096 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

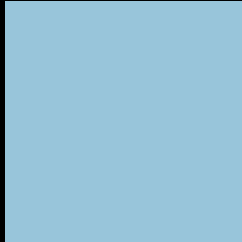
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 18.194, 237.096 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

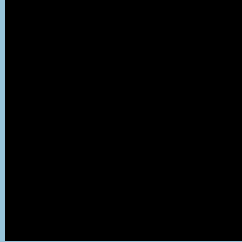
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

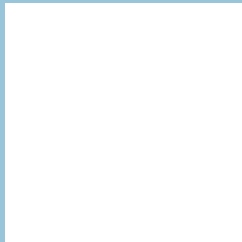
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 77, 18.194, 237.096

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 18.194, 237.096.



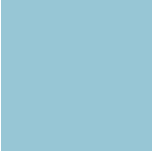
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 18.194, 237.096.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
77, 17.239, 226.434

Trichromacy



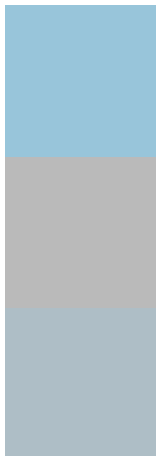
Original Color
77, 18.194, 237.096

Protanomaly
77, 13.510, 265.803

Deuteranomaly
77, 16.461, 278.530

Tritanomaly
77, 17.658, 229.755

Monochromacy



Original Color
77, 18.194, 237.096

Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
76, 7.050, 236.869

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 18.194, 237.096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 197, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 197, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 197, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 197, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 18.194, 237.096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

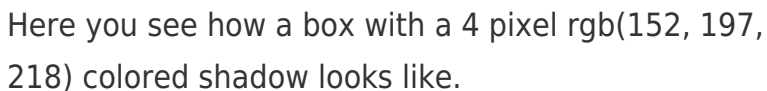
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 197, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 197, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 197, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 197, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 197, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 197, 218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 18.194, 237.096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 197, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
197, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor