

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 19.797, 261.369)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(77, 19.797, 261.369)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(77, 19.934, 262.316)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3C1E2
RGB	163, 193, 226
RGB Percent	64%, 76%, 89%
CMY	0.3600, 0.2424, 0.1130
CMYK	0.28, 0.15, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	211°, 52%, 76%
HSV	211°, 28%, 89%
XYZ	48.0089, 51.5317, 79.5079
YIQ	187.7920, -28.4730, 3.9030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

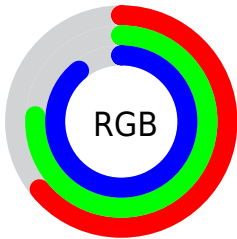
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	163, 183, 226
Decimal	10732002
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	77.00, -2.67, -19.76
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	77, 19.934, 262.316
Yxy	51.5317, 0.2681, 0.2878
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288922082 (0xFFA3C1E2)
YUV	187.7920, 18.8365, -21.7426
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, -6.2474, -15.4181

# Details

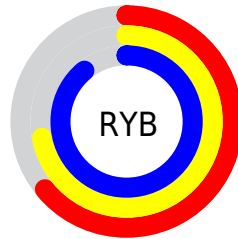
The CIELCh color **77, 19.934, 262.316** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **81, 21.277, 74.400**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 10.485, 215.970**, and **57, 19.921, 262.114** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 26.960, 264.440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 12.827, 260.527**.

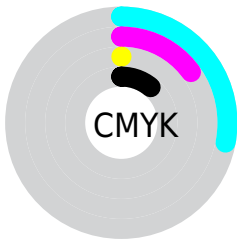
# Distribution



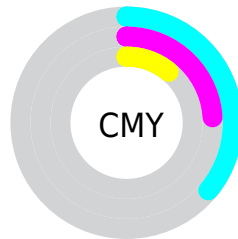
- Red (64%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 19.934, 262.316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 19.934, 262.316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 77, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 100, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 67, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 97, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 57, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 47, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 37, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 27, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 17, 19.934,  
262.316

■ 7, 19.934, 262.316

0, 19.934, 262.316

77, 19.934,  
262.316

77, 19.934,  
262.316

72, 26.960,  
264.440

82, 12.827,  
260.527

68, 33.899,  
266.964

86, 5.662, 259.048

64, 40.756,  
269.938

91, 1.539, 77.443

96, 8.751, 76.549

59, 47.568,  
273.390

99, 13.328,  
105.142

55, 54.405,  
277.304

99, 14.574,  
109.076

51, 61.359,  
281.587

■ 48, 68.518,  
286.031

■ 47, 70.094,  
286.937

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 19.934, 262.316



81, 21.277, 74.400

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 19.934, 262.316



77, 19.934, 312.316



77, 19.934, 82.316



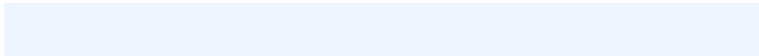
77, 19.934, 132.316

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 19.933, 262.313



96, 6.355, 259.074



85, 27.498, 161.969



50, 4.514, 259.278



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 19.933, 262.313



83, 25.963, 263.408



69, 34.643, 294.112



45, 4.064, 259.260



37, 57.114, 286.153



8, 19.738, 277.047



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 28.431, 347.591



79, 37.195, 348.217



89, 32.392, 108.205



44, 5.656, 345.716



38, 63.985, 4.100

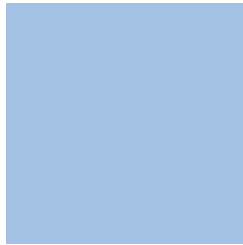


6, 26.207, 356.484



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 19.934, 262.316 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

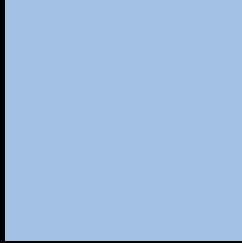
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 19.934, 262.316 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

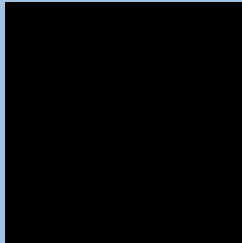
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

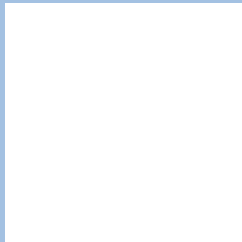
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 77, 19.934, 262.316**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 19.934, 262.316.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 19.934, 262.316.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

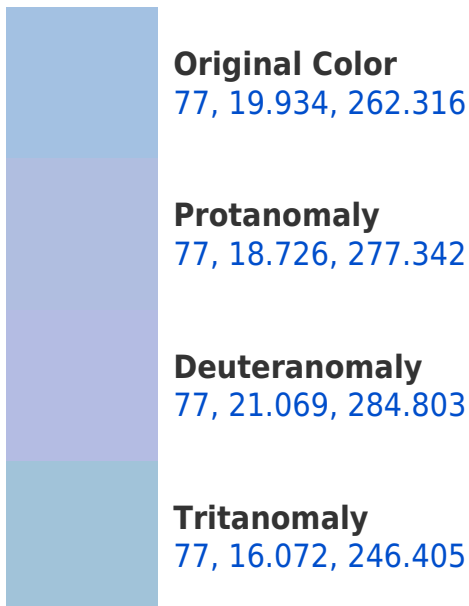




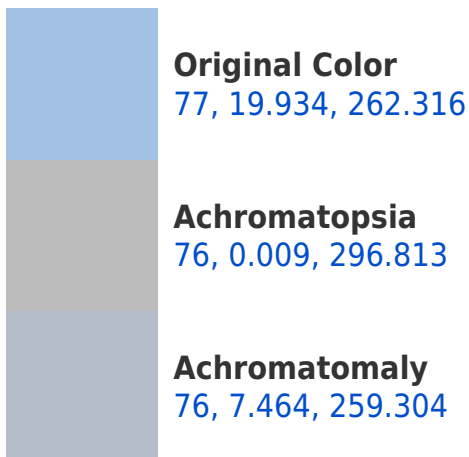


**Tritanopia**  
77, 14.349, 232.995

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 19.934, 262.316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 193, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 193, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 193, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 193, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 19.934, 262.316 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

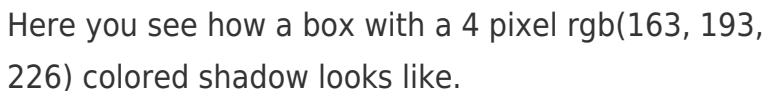
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 193, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 193, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 193, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 193, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 193, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 193, 226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 19.934, 262.316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 193, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
193, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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