

Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 20.633, 155.464)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(77, 20.633, 155.464)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(77, 20.633, 155.464)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 9FC8AE |
| RGB | 159, 200, 174 |
| RGB Percent | 62%, 78%, 68% |
| CMY | 0.3778, 0.2170, 0.3189 |
| CMYK | 0.21, 0.00, 0.13, 0.22 |
| HSL | 142°, 27%, 70% |
| HSV | 142°, 21%, 78% |
| XYZ | 42.4163, 51.5317, 47.5866 |
| YIQ | 184.7770, -16.0900, -16.7780 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

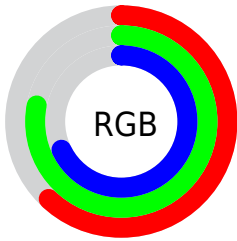
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 159, 189, 200 |
| Decimal | 10471598 |
| CIELab | 77.00, -18.77, 8.57 |
| CIELCh | 77, 20.633, 155.464 |
| Yxy | 51.5317, 0.2997, 0.3641 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288661678 (0xFF9FC8AE) |
| YUV | 184.7770, -5.3131, -22.6064 |
| Hunter-Lab | 71.7856, -20.1537, 10.9466 |

Details

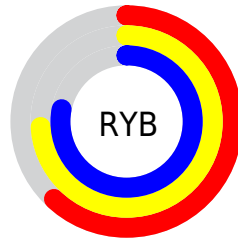
The CIELCh color $77, 20.633, 155.464$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC99$. A complement of this color would be $70, 20.895, 338.615$, and the grayscale version is $75, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97, 19.706, 155.836$, and $57, 20.484, 155.753$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76, 30.605, 154.493$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $79, 10.565, 156.326$.

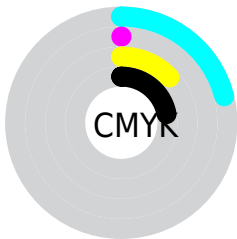
Distribution



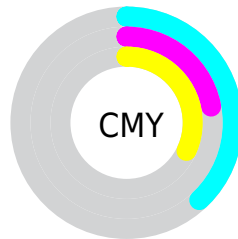
- Red (62%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 20.633, 155.464 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 20.633, 155.464 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 77, 20.633,
155.464

 77, 20.633,
155.464


 100, 20.633,
155.464

 67, 20.633,
155.464


 97, 20.633,
155.464

 57, 20.633,
155.464

 47, 20.633,
155.464

 37, 20.633,
155.464

 27, 20.633,
155.464

 17, 20.633,
155.464

 7, 20.633, 155.464

■ 0, 20.633, 155.464

■ 77, 20.633,
155.464

■ 77, 20.633,
155.464

■ 76, 30.605,
154.493

■ 79, 10.565,
156.326

■ 74, 40.325,
153.387

■ 80, 0.523, 157.728

■ 73, 49.619,
152.120

■ 82, 9.396, 337.668

■ 72, 58.307,
150.671

■ 84, 19.119,
338.284

■ 72, 66.220,
149.027

■ 86, 27.711,
336.929

■ 71, 73.223,
147.187

■ 87, 32.494,
328.442

■ 87, 34.707,

■ 71, 79.244,
145.177

325.631

■ 71, 84.119,
143.230

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 20.633, 155.464



70, 20.895, 338.615

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 20.633, 155.464



77, 20.633, 205.464



77, 20.633, 335.464



77, 20.633, 25.464

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 20.635, 155.463



99, 7.325, 156.695



78, 22.437, 122.574



53, 4.861, 156.639



0, 0.000, 0.000



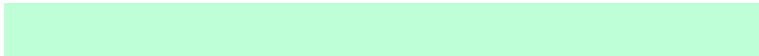
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 20.635, 155.463



95, 30.625, 155.010



77, 14.846, 185.420



41, 5.669, 156.421



59, 71.878, 143.568



11, 22.052, 151.139

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 20.895, 338.615



84, 31.087, 339.022



69, 16.334, 9.134



39, 5.708, 337.722



36, 63.733, 349.748



4, 19.501, 344.661

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 20.633, 155.464 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

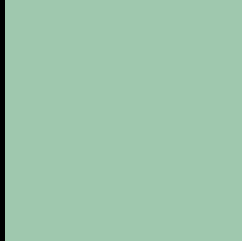
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 77, 20.633, 155.464 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

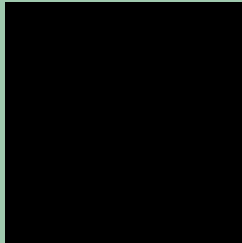
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 77, 20.633, 155.464

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 20.633, 155.464.

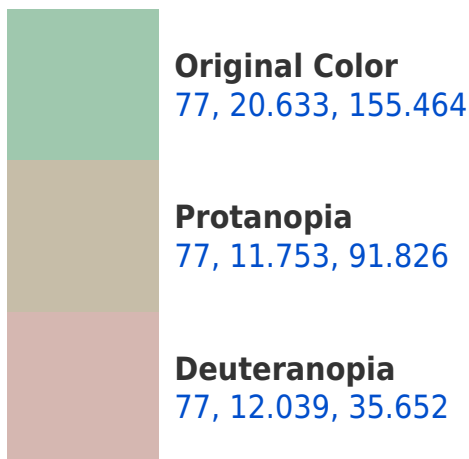


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 20.633, 155.464.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
77, 12.895, 240.865

Trichromacy



Original Color
77, 20.633, 155.464

Protanomaly
77, 12.781, 124.600

Deuteranomaly
77, 7.112, 97.159

Tritanomaly
77, 11.567, 201.246

Monochromacy



Original Color
77, 20.633, 155.464

Achromatopsia
75, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
76, 7.783, 155.147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 20.633, 155.464 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 200, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 200, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 200, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 200, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 20.633, 155.464 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 200, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 200, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 200, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 200, 174); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 200, 174); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 200, 174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 20.633, 155.464 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 200, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
200, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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