

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 3.765, 144.186)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(77, 3.765, 144.186) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(77, 3.923, 144.332)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAC0BA
RGB	186, 192, 186
RGB Percent	73%, 75%, 73%
CMY	0.2716, 0.2480, 0.2716
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.03, 0.25
HSL	120°, 5%, 74%
HSV	120°, 3%, 75%
XYZ	47.8204, 51.5317, 53.7421
YIQ	189.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

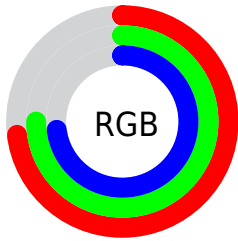
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	186, 192, 192
Decimal	12239034
CIELab	77.00, -3.19, 2.29
CIELCh	77, 3.923, 144.332
Yxy	51.5317, 0.3124, 0.3366
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290429114 (0xFFBAC0BA)
YUV	189.5220, -1.7363, -3.0888
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, -6.7160, 5.8627

# Details

The CIELCh color `77, 3.923, 144.332` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `76, 3.942, 324.549`, and the grayscale version is `77, 0.009, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `97, 3.735, 144.387`, and `57, 4.170, 144.254` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `75, 16.604, 143.666`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `79, 8.560, 324.763`.

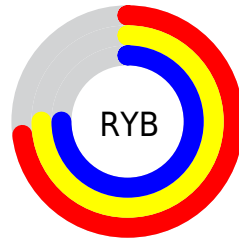
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (75%)

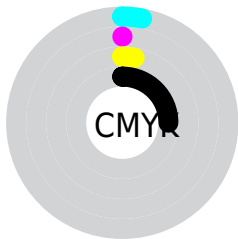
Blue (73%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (75%)

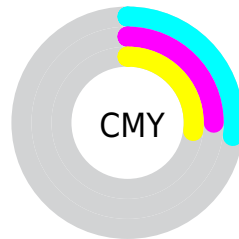


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 3.923, 144.332 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 3.923, 144.332 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77, 3.923, 144.332

■ 77, 3.923, 144.332

■ 100, 3.923,  
144.332

■ 67, 3.923, 144.332

■ 97, 3.923, 144.332

■ 57, 3.923, 144.332

■ 47, 3.923, 144.332

■ 37, 3.923, 144.332

■ 27, 3.923, 144.332

■ 17, 3.923, 144.332

■ 7, 3.923, 144.332

■ 0, 3.923, 144.332

■ 77, 3.923, 144.332

■ 77, 3.923, 144.332

75, 16.604,  
143.666

79, 8.560, 324.763

74, 29.334,  
142.933

81, 20.756,  
325.222

72, 41.921,  
142.085

84, 32.604,  
325.600

71, 54.101,  
141.116

85, 39.661,  
325.801

70, 65.542,  
140.044

69, 75.833,  
138.914

68, 84.494,  
137.818

68, 91.018,  
136.893

68, 95.031,



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 3.923, 144.332



76, 3.942, 324.549

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 3.923, 144.332



77, 3.923, 194.332



77, 3.923, 324.332



77, 3.923, 14.332

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 3.925, 144.333



98, 1.545, 144.584



77, 3.202, 109.862



52, 0.878, 144.598



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 3.925, 144.333



97, 6.228, 144.264



77, 2.745, 163.541



41, 3.593, 144.222



57, 84.787, 136.016



10, 24.260, 144.096

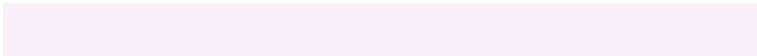


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 3.942, 324.549



96, 6.249, 324.615



76, 2.767, 343.762



40, 3.603, 324.655



38, 81.804, 328.234

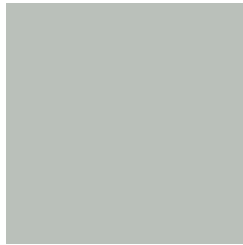


4, 24.213, 326.360



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 3.923, 144.332 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

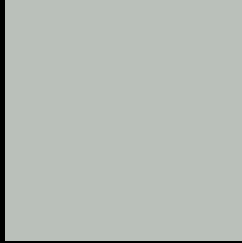
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 77, 3.923, 144.332 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

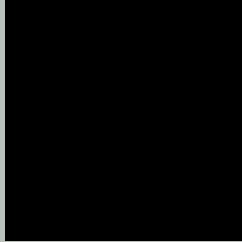
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

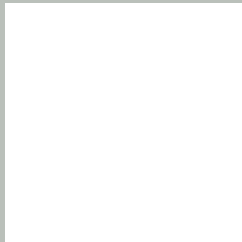
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 77, 3.923, 144.332**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 3.923, 144.332.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 3.923, 144.332.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77, 3.923, 144.332

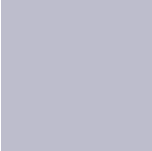
### Protanopia

77, 3.479, 69.586

### Deuteranopia

77, 9.575, 10.531





**Tritanopia**  
77, 8.062, 290.927

# Trichromacy



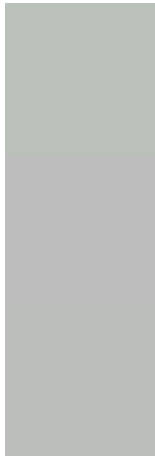
**Original Color**  
77, 3.923, 144.332

**Protanomaly**  
77, 2.765, 94.242

**Deuteranomaly**  
77, 5.251, 19.730

**Tritanomaly**  
77, 3.821, 279.611

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 3.923, 144.332

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
77, 1.303, 144.575

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 3.923, 144.332 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 192, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 192, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 192, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 192, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 3.923, 144.332 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 192, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 192, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 192, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 192, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 192, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 192,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 3.923, 144.332 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 192, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
192, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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