

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 35.541, 20.716)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(77, 35.541, 20.716) contains.

<b>CIELCh(77, 35.421, 20.917)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(77, 35.421, 20.917)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA6A8
RGB	255, 166, 168
RGB Percent	100%, 65%, 66%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3479, 0.3401
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.34, 0.00
HSL	359°, 100%, 83%
HSV	359°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	62.1361, 51.5317, 43.8533
YIQ	192.8390, 52.4020, 19.4900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

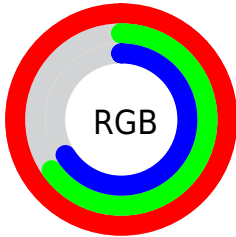
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 166, 168
Decimal	16754344
CIE Lab	77.00, 33.09, 12.65
CIE LCh	77, 35.421, 20.917
Yxy	51.5317, 0.3945, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294944424 (0xFFFFA6A8)
YUV	192.8390, -12.2456, 54.5152
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, 28.8809, 14.0301

# Details

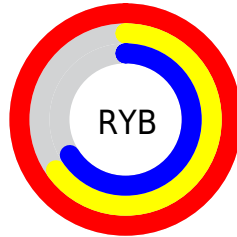
The CIELCh color **77, 35.421, 20.917** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **95, 27.913, 195.569**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 12.114, 17.795**, and **57, 35.373, 20.998** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 46.898, 22.581**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 24.269, 19.608**.

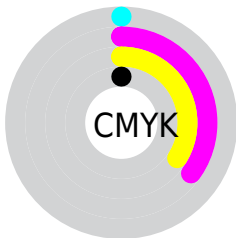
# Distribution



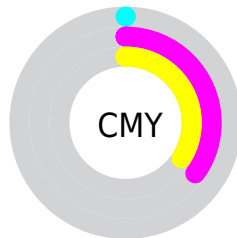
- Red (100%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 35.421, 20.917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 35.421, 20.917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 77, 35.421, 20.917

 77, 35.421, 20.917

 100, 35.421,  
20.917

 67, 35.421, 20.917

 97, 35.421, 20.917

 57, 35.421, 20.917

 47, 35.421, 20.917

 37, 35.421, 20.917

 27, 35.421, 20.917

 17, 35.421, 20.917

 7, 35.421, 20.917

 0, 35.421, 20.917

 77, 35.421, 20.917

 77, 35.421, 20.917

71, 46.898, 22.581

83, 24.269, 19.608

66, 58.862, 24.758

90, 13.943, 18.591

61, 70.843, 27.546

97, 4.345, 17.706

57, 82.396, 30.975

100, 0.012,  
296.813

55, 92.889, 34.810

54, 100.998,  
38.243

53, 103.696,  
39.385

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 35.421, 20.917



95, 27.913, 195.569

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 35.421, 20.917



77, 35.421, 70.917



77, 35.421, 200.917



77, 35.421, 250.917

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 35.292, 20.903



93, 9.256, 18.170



79, 54.904, 325.364



49, 6.349, 18.291



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 35.292, 20.903



73, 43.614, 22.068



86, 29.055, 67.561



49, 5.253, 18.128



40, 83.227, 39.124



10, 33.182, 26.282





# Inverse Universe

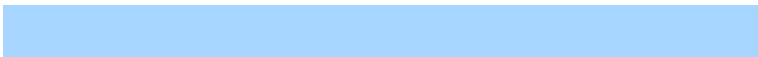
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 35.292, 20.903



73, 43.614, 22.068



84, 25.763, 257.378



49, 5.253, 18.128



40, 83.227, 39.124

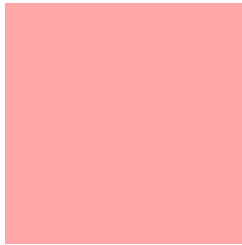


10, 33.182, 26.282



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 35.421, 20.917 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 77, 35.421, 20.917 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 77, 35.421, 20.917**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 35.421, 20.917.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 35.421, 20.917.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77, 35.421, 20.917

### Protanopia

77, 5.302, 84.407

### Deuteranopia

77, 16.988, 54.544



**Tritanopia**  
77, 35.587, 11.686



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 35.421, 20.917



**Protanomaly**  
77, 14.241, 31.251



**Deuteranomaly**  
77, 22.415, 36.140



**Tritanomaly**  
77, 35.569, 15.085

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 35.421, 20.917



**Achromatopsia**  
78, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
77, 12.604, 17.996

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 35.421, 20.917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 166, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 166, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 166, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 166, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 35.421, 20.917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 166, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 166, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 166, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 166, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 166, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 166,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 35.421, 20.917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 166, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
166, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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