

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 35.656, 8.404)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(77, 35.656, 8.404) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(77, 35.742, 8.306)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA5B6
RGB	255, 165, 182
RGB Percent	100%, 65%, 71%
CMY	0.0001, 0.3530, 0.2864
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.29, 0.00
HSL	349°, 100%, 82%
HSV	349°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	63.1208, 51.5317, 50.8616
YIQ	193.8480, 48.1830, 24.3670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

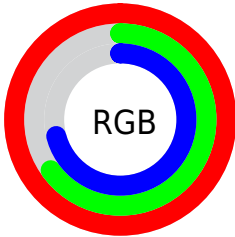
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 165, 182
Decimal	16754102
CIE Lab	77.00, 35.37, 5.16
CIE LCh	77, 35.742, 8.306
Yxy	51.5317, 0.3814, 0.3113
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294944182 (0xFFFFA5B6)
YUV	193.8480, -5.8411, 53.6303
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, 31.3295, 8.2417

# Details

The CIELCh color **77, 35.742, 8.306** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **94, 30.572, 180.776**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 15.036, 344.767**, and **57, 35.508, 8.514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 46.598, 10.155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 25.066, 6.815**.

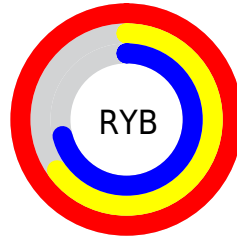
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (65%)

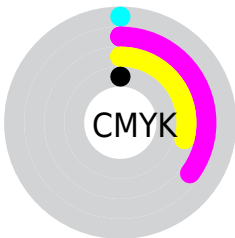
Blue (71%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (71%)

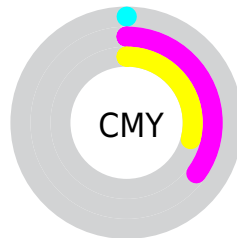


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 35.742, 8.306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 35.742, 8.306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 77, 35.742, 8.306       77, 35.742, 8.306

 100, 35.742, 8.306       67, 35.742, 8.306

 97, 35.742, 8.306       57, 35.742, 8.306

 47, 35.742, 8.306

 37, 35.742, 8.306

 27, 35.742, 8.306

 17, 35.742, 8.306

 7, 35.742, 8.306

 0, 35.742, 8.306

 77, 35.742, 8.306

 77, 35.742, 8.306

71, 46.598, 10.155

83, 25.066, 6.815

66, 57.329, 12.475

90, 14.778, 5.573

61, 67.525, 15.422

96, 4.979, 4.464

58, 76.772, 19.147

100, 0.014,  
253.883

55, 84.813, 23.720

54, 91.650, 28.969

53, 94.612, 31.423

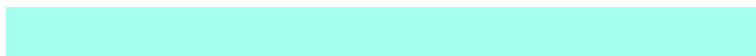
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 35.742, 8.306



94, 30.572, 180.776

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 35.742, 8.306



77, 35.742, 58.306



77, 35.742, 188.306



77, 35.742, 238.306

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 35.739, 8.309



93, 10.507, 5.094



77, 53.617, 320.380



48, 7.086, 5.243



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 35.739, 8.309



73, 43.020, 9.501



83, 29.451, 49.525



50, 5.409, 4.932



40, 75.499, 30.419



10, 32.050, 19.282





# Inverse Universe

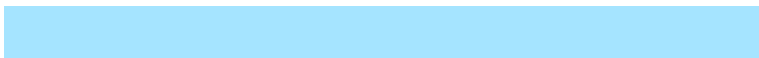
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 35.739, 8.309



73, 43.020, 9.501



87, 23.616, 235.368



50, 5.409, 4.932



40, 75.499, 30.419



10, 32.050, 19.282



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 35.742, 8.306 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 35.742, 8.306 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 77, 35.742, 8.306

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 35.742, 8.306.

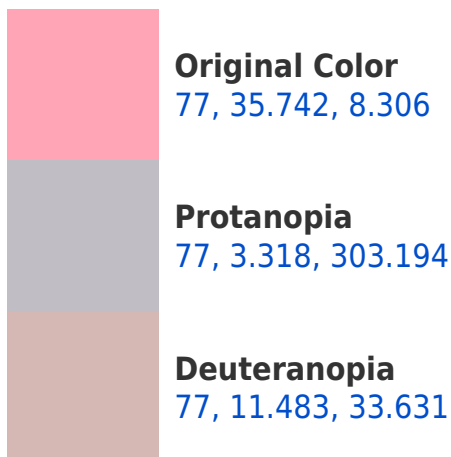


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 35.742, 8.306.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
77, 35.143, 12.356



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 35.742, 8.306



**Protanomaly**  
77, 13.856, 357.909



**Deuteranomaly**  
77, 19.780, 16.481



**Tritanomaly**  
77, 35.163, 11.498

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 35.742, 8.306



**Achromatopsia**  
78, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
77, 12.992, 3.799

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 35.742, 8.306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 165, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 165, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 165, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 165, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 35.742, 8.306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 165, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 165, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 165, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 165, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 165, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 165,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 35.742, 8.306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 165, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
165, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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