

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 35.776, 37.936)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(77, 35.776, 37.936) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(77, 35.607, 38.348)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCAA97
RGB	252, 170, 151
RGB Percent	99%, 67%, 59%
CMY	0.0128, 0.3343, 0.4088
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.40, 0.01
HSL	11°, 94%, 79%
HSV	11°, 40%, 99%
XYZ	59.9451, 51.5317, 35.9661
YIQ	192.3520, 54.9710, 11.4750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

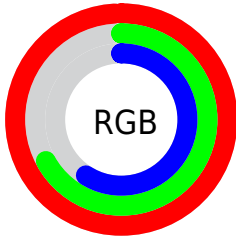
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	252, 174, 151
Decimal	16558743
CIE Lab	77.00, 27.93, 22.09
CIE LCh	77, 35.607, 38.348
Yxy	51.5317, 0.4066, 0.3495
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294748823 (0xFFFC9A97)
YUV	192.3520, -20.3865, 52.3113
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, 23.4328, 20.5444

# Details

The CIELCh color **77, 35.607, 38.348** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **88, 26.472, 220.136**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 15.449, 64.148**, and **57, 35.643, 38.249** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 46.328, 38.877**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 25.628, 38.049**.

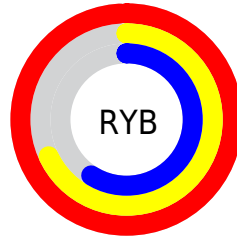
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (67%)

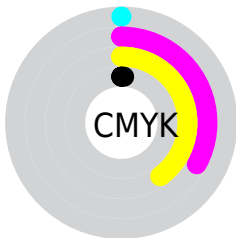
Blue (59%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (59%)

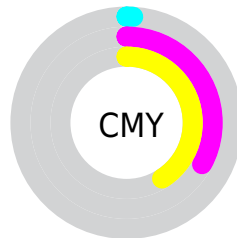


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 35.607, 38.348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 35.607, 38.348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 77, 35.607, 38.348

 77, 35.607, 38.348

 100, 35.607,  
38.348

 67, 35.607, 38.348

 97, 35.607, 38.348

 57, 35.607, 38.348

 47, 35.607, 38.348

 37, 35.607, 38.348

 27, 35.607, 38.348

 17, 35.607, 38.348

 7, 35.607, 38.348

 0, 35.607, 38.348

 77, 35.607, 38.348

 77, 35.607, 38.348

72, 46.328, 38.877

82, 25.628, 38.049

67, 57.710, 39.653

88, 16.407, 37.918

63, 69.527, 40.674

93, 7.909, 37.901

60, 81.274, 41.814

99, 0.080, 29.950

57, 91.806, 42.671

100, 1.135,  
199.917

55, 99.348, 42.718

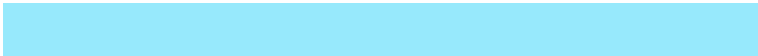
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 35.607, 38.348



88, 26.472, 220.136

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 35.607, 38.348



77, 35.607, 88.348



77, 35.607, 218.348



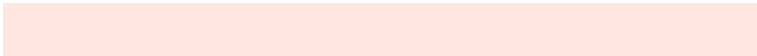
77, 35.607, 268.348

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 35.605, 38.353



93, 9.563, 37.900



75, 55.490, 332.551



49, 6.378, 37.900



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 35.605, 38.353



74, 44.476, 38.748



89, 38.012, 87.184



49, 4.410, 37.901



41, 79.557, 43.114



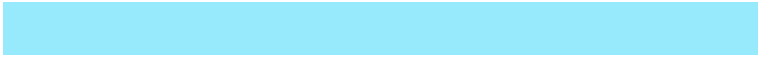
11, 28.906, 35.856



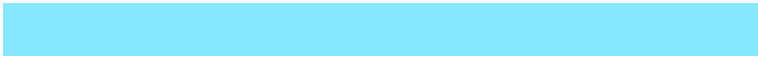


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 26.472, 220.136



87, 30.794, 220.982



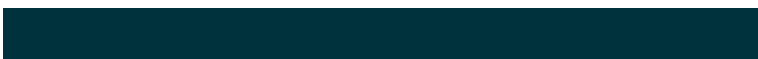
74, 38.076, 279.209



51, 4.152, 218.425



59, 34.868, 233.040



18, 15.709, 227.850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 35.607, 38.348 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

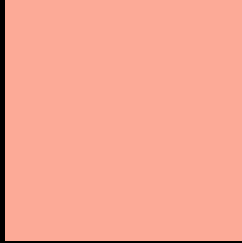
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 77, 35.607, 38.348 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

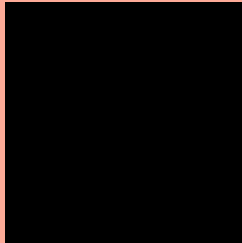
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 77, 35.607, 38.348

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 35.607, 38.348.

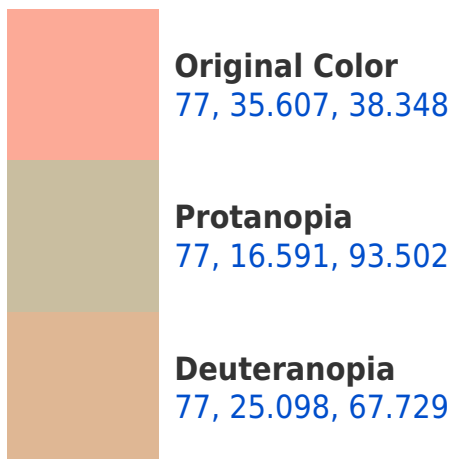


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 35.607, 38.348.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

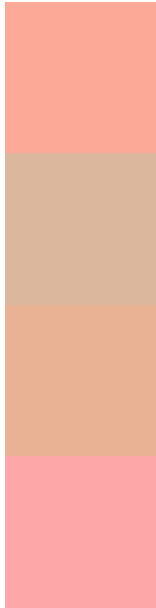




**Tritanopia**  
77, 34.754, 12.196



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 35.607, 38.348

**Protanomaly**  
77, 20.236, 63.187

**Deuteranomaly**  
77, 27.759, 54.349

**Tritanomaly**  
77, 34.237, 21.599

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 35.607, 38.348

**Achromatopsia**  
78, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
77, 12.204, 38.015

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 35.607, 38.348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 170, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 170, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 170, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 170, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 35.607, 38.348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 170, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 170, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 170, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 170, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 170, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 170,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 35.607, 38.348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 170, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
170, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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