

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 4.429, 334.597)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(77, 4.429, 334.597) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(77, 4.394, 332.528)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C4BCC2
RGB	196, 188, 194
RGB Percent	77%, 74%, 76%
CMY	0.2318, 0.2631, 0.2396
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.01, 0.23
HSL	315°, 6%, 75%
HSV	315°, 4%, 77%
XYZ	50.4223, 51.5317, 58.2643
YIQ	191.0760, 2.8420, 3.5620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

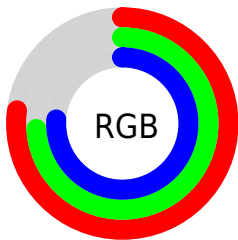
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	196, 188, 194
Decimal	12893378
CIE Lab	77.00, 3.90, -2.03
CIE LCh	77, 4.394, 332.528
Yxy	51.5317, 0.3147, 0.3216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291083458 (0xFFC4BCC2)
YUV	191.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, -0.2461, 2.1276

# Details

The CIELCh color  $77, 4.394, 332.528$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $78, 4.372, 152.151$ , and the grayscale version is  $77, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97, 4.435, 335.821$ , and  $57, 3.978, 333.969$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $72, 15.253, 333.242$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82, 6.280, 152.029$ .

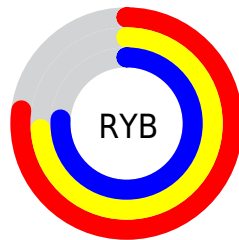
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (74%)

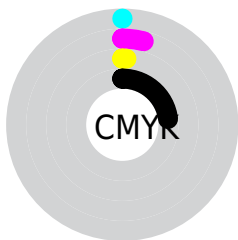
Blue (76%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (76%)

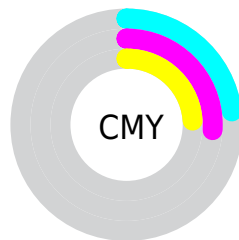


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 4.394, 332.528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 4.394, 332.528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77, 4.394, 332.528

■ 77, 4.394, 332.528

■ 100, 4.394,  
332.528

■ 67, 4.394, 332.528

■ 97, 4.394, 332.528

■ 57, 4.394, 332.528

■ 47, 4.394, 332.528

■ 37, 4.394, 332.528

■ 27, 4.394, 332.528

■ 17, 4.394, 332.528

■ 7, 4.394, 332.528

■ 0, 4.394, 332.528

■ 77, 4.394, 332.528

■ 77, 4.394, 332.528

72, 15.253,  
333.242

82, 6.280, 152.029

67, 26.178,  
333.943

88, 16.691,  
151.404

62, 36.970,  
334.674

93, 26.803,  
150.834

58, 47.342,  
335.445

95, 29.921,  
152.396

54, 56.904,  
336.265

95, 28.087,  
155.825

51, 65.181,  
337.153

95, 26.350,  
159.700

48, 71.666,  
338.136

96, 24.732,  
164.080

46, 75.942,  
339.259

96, 23.261,  
169.023

44, 77.842,

96, 21.968,  
174.571

340.575

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 4.394, 332.528



78, 4.372, 152.151

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 4.394, 332.528



77, 4.394, 22.528



77, 4.394, 152.528



77, 4.394, 202.528

# Sweetspot

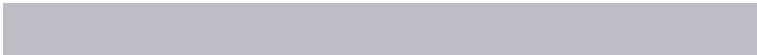
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 4.392, 332.532



99, 1.336, 332.118



77, 4.377, 300.156



53, 0.760, 332.100



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 4.392, 332.532



97, 6.668, 332.610



77, 3.168, 359.738



39, 3.631, 332.650



36, 67.687, 341.189



4, 19.099, 337.309



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 4.392, 332.532



97, 6.668, 332.610



78, 3.119, 179.307



39, 3.631, 332.650



36, 67.687, 341.189

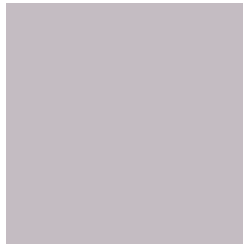


4, 19.099, 337.309



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 4.394, 332.528 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

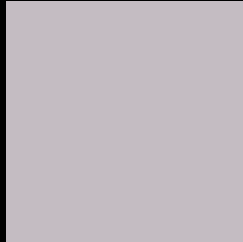
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 77, 4.394, 332.528 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

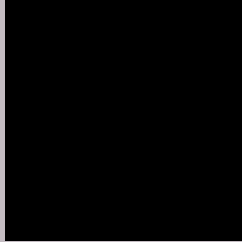
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

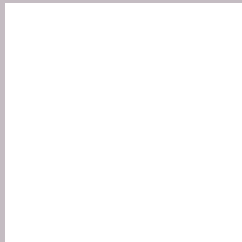
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 77, 4.394, 332.528**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 4.394, 332.528.

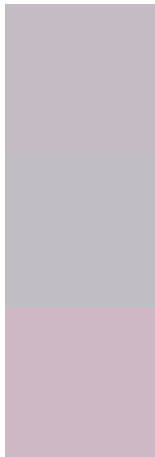


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 4.394, 332.528.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77, 4.394, 332.528


### Protanopia

77, 3.425, 309.167

### Deuteranopia

77, 10.096, 344.506





**Tritanopia**  
77, 8.398, 316.452

# Trichromacy



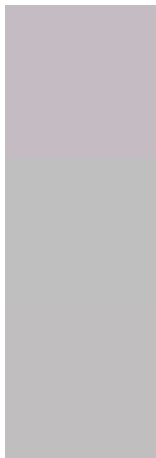
**Original Color**  
77, 4.394, 332.528

**Protanomaly**  
77, 3.563, 314.748

**Deuteranomaly**  
77, 8.298, 339.780

**Tritanomaly**  
77, 6.989, 322.206

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 4.394, 332.528

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
77, 1.556, 335.555

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 4.394, 332.528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 188, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 188, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 188, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 188, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 4.394, 332.528 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 188, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 188, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 188, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 188, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 188, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 188,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 4.394, 332.528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 188, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
188, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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