

Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 53.311, 320.344)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(77, 53.311, 320.344)
contains.

CIELCh(77, 53.660, 320.386)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(77, 53.660, 320.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECA4FE
RGB	236, 164, 254
RGB Percent	93%, 64%, 100%
CMY	0.0746, 0.3569, 0.0040
CMYK	0.07, 0.35, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	288°, 98%, 82%
HSV	288°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	65.7481, 51.5317, 100.2362
YIQ	195.7880, 14.0220, 43.2540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

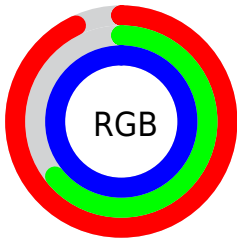
Format	Color
R _Y B	236, 164, 254
Decimal	15508734
CIE _{Lab}	77.00, 41.34, -34.21
CIE _{LCh}	77, 53.660, 320.386
Yxy	51.5317, 0.3023, 0.2369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293698814 (0xFFECA4FE)
YUV	195.7880, 28.6985, 35.2659
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, 37.8624, -32.5383

Details

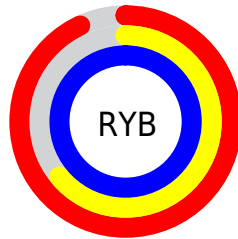
The CIELCh color **77, 53.660, 320.386** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **93, 52.819, 136.855**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 21.910, 325.187**, and **57, 53.530, 320.404** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 68.451, 320.783**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 38.463, 319.948**.

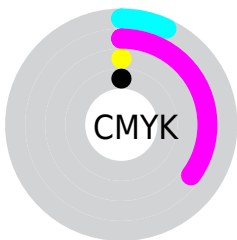
Distribution



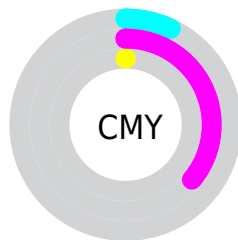
- Red (93%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 53.660, 320.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 53.660, 320.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 77, 53.660,
320.386

 77, 53.660,
320.386


 100, 53.660,
320.386

 67, 53.660,
320.386


 97, 53.660,
320.386

 57, 53.660,
320.386

 47, 53.660,
320.386

 37, 53.660,
320.386

 27, 53.660,
320.386

 17, 53.660,
320.386

 7, 53.660, 320.386

■ 0, 53.660, 320.386

■ 77, 53.660,
320.386

■ 77, 53.660,
320.386

■ 71, 68.451,
320.783

■ 83, 38.463,
319.948

■ 66, 82.364,
321.106

■ 90, 23.204,
319.492

■ 61, 94.769,
321.315

■ 96, 8.100, 319.022

■ 57, 104.951,
321.364

100, 0.502,
109.986

■ 54, 112.260,
321.205

■ 52, 116.376,
320.807

■ 52, 117.482,
320.567

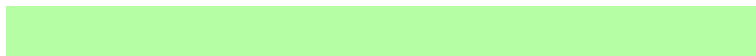
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 53.660, 320.386



93, 52.819, 136.855

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 53.660, 320.386



77, 53.660, 10.386



77, 53.660, 140.386



77, 53.660, 190.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 53.658, 320.386



93, 16.532, 319.287



75, 39.045, 285.719



49, 11.121, 319.350



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 53.658, 320.386



73, 65.121, 320.692



78, 45.824, 336.930



50, 8.534, 319.217



39, 94.863, 320.688



10, 43.494, 321.542

Inverse Universe

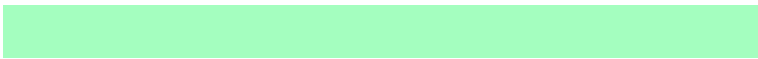
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 35.836, 7.489



73, 44.148, 8.849



93, 45.309, 151.255



50, 5.429, 4.084



40, 74.945, 29.597



10, 31.984, 18.735

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 53.660, 320.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

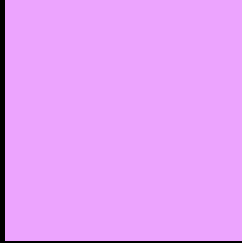
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 53.660, 320.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

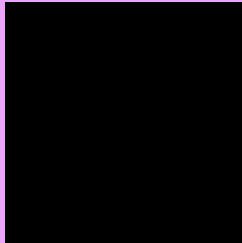
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 77, 53.660, 320.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 53.660, 320.386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 53.660, 320.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
77, 20.290, 359.653

Trichromacy



Original Color
77, 53.660, 320.386



Protanomaly
77, 41.352, 300.849



Deuteranomaly
77, 39.373, 302.538

Tritanomaly
77, 30.680, 335.079

Monochromacy



Original Color
77, 53.660, 320.386



Achromatopsia
79, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 20.217, 320.025

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 53.660, 320.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 164, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 164, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 164, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 164, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 53.660, 320.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 164, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 164, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 164, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 164, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 164, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 164,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 53.660, 320.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 164, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
164, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor