

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(77, 9.460, 171.699)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(77, 9.460, 171.699) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(77, 9.460, 171.699)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	ACC3BB
RGB	172, 195, 187
RGB Percent	67%, 76%, 73%
CMY	0.3246, 0.2343, 0.2657
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.04, 0.23
HSL	159°, 16%, 72%
HSV	159°, 12%, 77%
XYZ	45.6276, 51.5317, 54.6877
YIQ	187.2110, -11.1400, -7.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

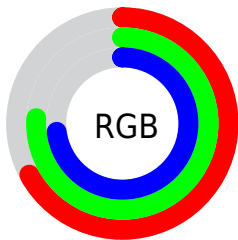
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	172, 186, 195
Decimal	11322299
CIE Lab	77.00, -9.36, 1.37
CIE LCh	77, 9.460, 171.699
Yxy	51.5317, 0.3005, 0.3394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289512379 (0xFFACC3BB)
YUV	187.2110, -0.1040, -13.3400
Hunter-Lab	71.7856, -12.1686, 5.0816

# Details

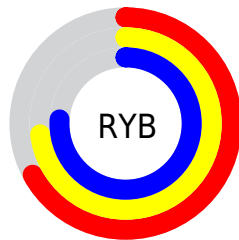
The CIELCh color  $77, 9.460, 171.699$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $73, 9.733, 353.792$ , and the grayscale version is  $76, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $97, 9.884, 171.080$ , and  $57, 9.067, 172.383$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $76, 17.350, 170.675$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $79, 1.434, 172.882$ .

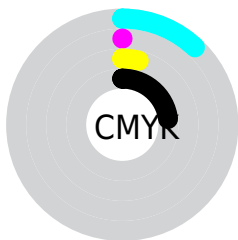
# Distribution



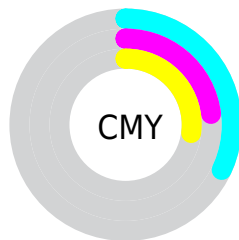
- Red (67%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 77, 9.460, 171.699 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 77, 9.460, 171.699 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77, 9.460, 171.699

■ 77, 9.460, 171.699

■ 100, 9.460,  
171.699

■ 67, 9.460, 171.699

■ 97, 9.460, 171.699

■ 57, 9.460, 171.699

■ 47, 9.460, 171.699

■ 37, 9.460, 171.699

■ 27, 9.460, 171.699

■ 17, 9.460, 171.699

■ 7, 9.460, 171.699

■ 0, 9.460, 171.699

■ 77, 9.460, 171.699

■ 77, 9.460, 171.699

76, 17.350,  
170.675

79, 1.434, 172.882

74, 24.985,  
169.580

80, 6.637, 353.356

73, 32.238,  
168.379

82, 14.674,  
354.198

72, 38.976,  
167.047

84, 22.621,  
354.968

72, 45.071,  
165.559

85, 25.649,  
349.605

71, 50.424,  
163.891

85, 27.504,  
343.151

70, 54.980,  
162.024

85, 29.684,  
337.623

70, 58.753,  
159.952

85, 32.121,  
332.938

70, 61.419,

86, 34.758,  
328.986



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77, 9.460, 171.699



73, 9.733, 353.792

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77, 9.460, 171.699



77, 9.460, 221.699



77, 9.460, 351.699



77, 9.460, 41.699

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77, 9.462, 171.693



99, 3.999, 172.501



77, 13.570, 133.641



53, 2.842, 172.410



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



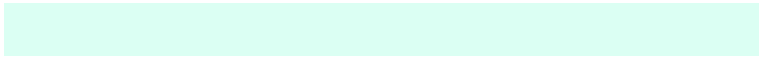


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77, 9.462, 171.693



97, 13.940, 171.450



76, 7.176, 213.996



40, 4.530, 171.935



58, 52.831, 158.515



10, 16.333, 164.567



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 9.733, 353.792



91, 14.423, 354.052



73, 7.743, 33.846



38, 4.634, 353.538



34, 60.716, 16.022

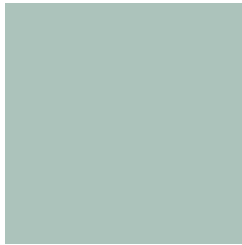


3, 14.820, 1.008



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 77, 9.460, 171.699 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

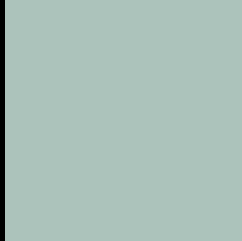
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 77, 9.460, 171.699 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

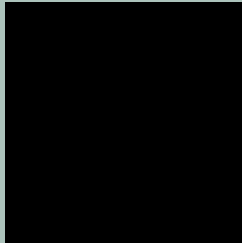
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

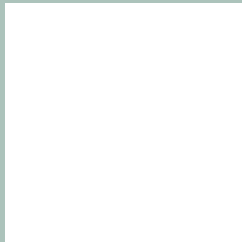
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 77, 9.460, 171.699

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 9.460, 171.699.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 77, 9.460, 171.699.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77, 9.460, 171.699

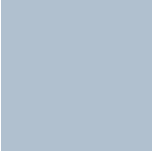
### Protanopia

77, 3.479, 69.586

### Deuteranopia

77, 9.566, 0.580





**Tritanopia**  
77, 9.683, 255.703

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 9.460, 171.699

**Protanomaly**  
77, 3.550, 134.588

**Deuteranomaly**  
77, 2.662, 7.814

**Tritanomaly**  
77, 7.324, 230.014

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
77, 9.460, 171.699

**Achromatopsia**  
76, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
76, 3.371, 170.735

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 77, 9.460, 171.699 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 195, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 195, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 195, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 195, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 77, 9.460, 171.699 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 195, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 195, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 195, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 195, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 195, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 195,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 77, 9.460, 171.699 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 195, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
195, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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