

Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 0.598, 129.190)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(78, 0.598, 129.190) contains.

CIELCh(78, 0.645, 144.803)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(78, 0.645, 144.803)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0C1C0
RGB	192, 193, 192
RGB Percent	75%, 76%, 75%
CMY	0.2467, 0.2427, 0.2467
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.24
HSL	120°, 1%, 76%
HSV	120°, 1%, 76%
XYZ	50.3793, 53.2120, 57.5410
YIQ	192.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

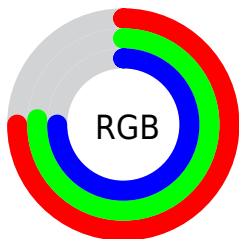
Format	Color
RYB	192, 193, 193
Decimal	12632512
CIELab	78.00, -0.53, 0.37
CIElCh	78, 0.645, 144.803
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3127, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290822592 (0xFFC0C1C0)
YUV	192.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, -4.3785, 4.2940

Details

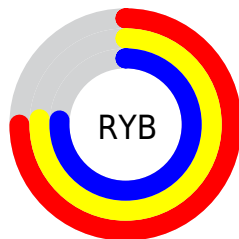
The CIELCh color $78, 0.645, 144.803$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $78, 0.664, 324.095$, and the grayscale version is $78, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98, 0.612, 144.916$, and $58, 0.686, 144.692$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76, 13.358, 143.842$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $80, 11.840, 324.895$.

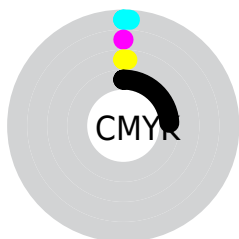
Distribution



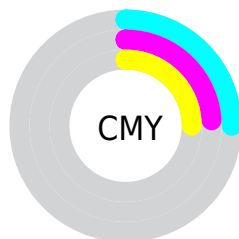
- Red (75%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 0.645, 144.803 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 0.645, 144.803 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78, 0.645, 144.803

■ 78, 0.645, 144.803

■ 100, 0.645,
144.803

■ 68, 0.645, 144.803

■ 98, 0.645, 144.803

■ 58, 0.645, 144.803

■ 48, 0.645, 144.803

■ 38, 0.645, 144.803

■ 28, 0.645, 144.803

■ 18, 0.645, 144.803

■ 8, 0.645, 144.803

■ 0, 0.645, 144.803

■ 78, 0.645, 144.803

■ 78, 0.645, 144.803

76, 13.358,
143.842

80, 11.840,
324.895

74, 26.164,
143.136

82, 24.019,
325.329

73, 38.883,
142.318

85, 35.836,
325.691

72, 51.267,
141.380

85, 38.819,
325.772

71, 63.002,
140.331

70, 73.694,
139.208

69, 82.876,
138.092

69, 90.037,
137.108

68, 94.741,

136.401

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 0.645, 144.803



78, 0.664, 324.095

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 0.645, 144.803



78, 0.645, 194.803



78, 0.645, 324.803



78, 0.645, 14.803

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 0.647, 144.804



98, 0.011, 296.813



78, 0.527, 110.010



52, 0.007, 296.813



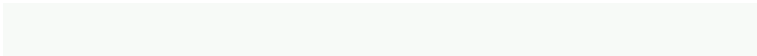
99, 0.012, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 0.647, 144.804



98, 1.545, 144.586



78, 0.453, 164.481



41, 0.712, 144.607



57, 84.785, 136.017



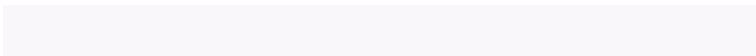
10, 24.260, 144.097

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 0.664, 324.095



98, 1.566, 324.305



78, 0.466, 342.845



41, 0.722, 324.285



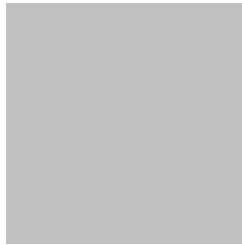
38, 81.800, 328.236



4, 24.211, 326.362

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 0.645, 144.803 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 78, 0.645, 144.803 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

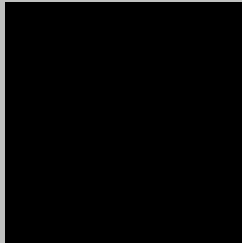
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

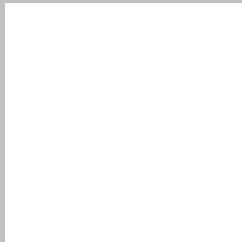
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 78, 0.645, 144.803

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 0.645, 144.803.

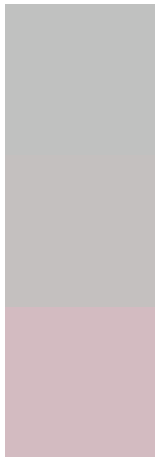


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 0.645, 144.803.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78, 0.645, 144.803

Protanopia

78, 1.567, 39.084

Deuteranopia

78, 9.537, 0.563



Tritanopia
78, 8.132, 298.502

Trichromacy



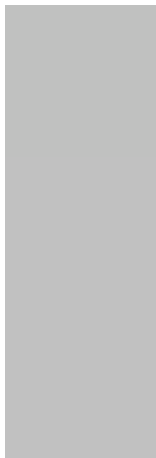
Original Color
78, 0.645, 144.803

Protanomaly
78, 1.223, 44.905

Deuteranomaly
78, 5.988, 358.919

Tritanomaly
78, 4.845, 294.908

Monochromacy



Original Color
78, 0.645, 144.803

Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
78, 0.009, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 0.645, 144.803 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 193, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 193, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 193, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 193, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 0.645, 144.803 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 193, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 193, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 193, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 193, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 193, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 193,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 0.645, 144.803 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 193, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
193, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor