

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 14.601, 80.436)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 14.601, 80.436) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(78, 14.646, 80.129)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0BEA6
RGB	208, 190, 166
RGB Percent	82%, 75%, 65%
CMY	0.1829, 0.2535, 0.3476
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.20, 0.18
HSL	34°, 31%, 73%
HSV	34°, 20%, 82%
XYZ	51.5225, 53.2120, 43.8006
YIQ	192.6460, 18.4320, -3.6480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

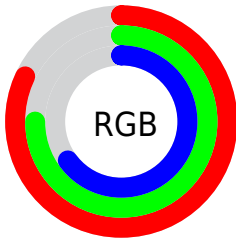
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">198, 208, 166</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13680294</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">78.00, 2.51, 14.43</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">78, 14.646, 80.129</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">53.2120, 0.3469, 0.3582</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291870374 (0xFFD0BEA6)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">192.6460, -13.1365, 13.4655</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.9466, -1.5811, 15.4620</a>

# Details

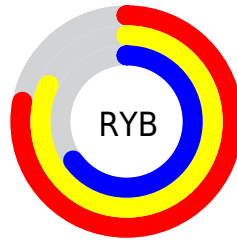
The CIELCh color **78, 14.646, 80.129** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74, 14.211, 265.708**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 13.139, 94.601**, and **58, 14.714, 81.233** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 22.298, 78.812**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 7.252, 81.417**.

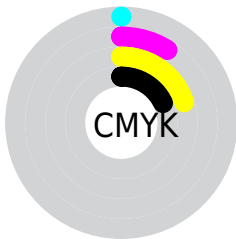
# Distribution



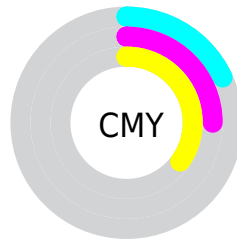
- Red (82%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 14.646, 80.129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 14.646, 80.129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 78, 14.646, 80.129

 78, 14.646, 80.129

 100, 14.646,  
80.129

 68, 14.646, 80.129

 98, 14.646, 80.129

 58, 14.646, 80.129

 48, 14.646, 80.129

 38, 14.646, 80.129

 28, 14.646, 80.129

 18, 14.646, 80.129

 8, 14.646, 80.129

 0, 14.646, 80.129

 78, 14.646, 80.129

 78, 14.646, 80.129

75, 22.298, 78.812

81, 7.252, 81.417

73, 30.196, 77.451

84, 0.107, 79.730

70, 38.293, 76.053

86, 6.806, 263.991

68, 46.467, 74.603

89, 13.508,  
265.142

65, 54.465, 73.052

92, 13.413,  
249.755

63, 61.798, 71.295

94, 12.971,  
224.927

61, 67.666, 69.125

59, 71.566, 66.475

96, 14.810,  
202.780

97, 15.512,  
198.474

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 14.646, 80.129



74, 14.211, 265.708

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 14.646, 80.129



78, 14.646, 130.129



78, 14.646, 260.129



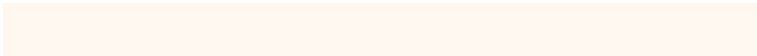
78, 14.646, 310.129

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 14.647, 80.139



98, 5.005, 81.909



72, 18.654, 349.283



52, 3.324, 81.832



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 14.647, 80.139



92, 20.687, 79.597



82, 22.061, 111.062



43, 4.054, 81.510



48, 60.957, 67.052



10, 15.910, 67.495





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 14.211, 265.708



87, 19.931, 266.432



70, 23.108, 294.812



42, 4.008, 264.047



33, 60.329, 290.013

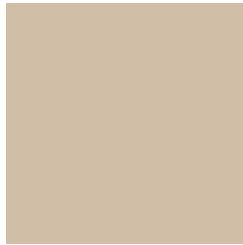


5, 17.755, 277.757



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 14.646, 80.129 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

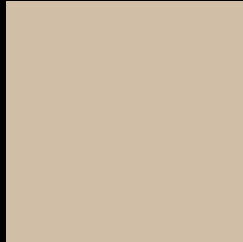
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 14.646, 80.129 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

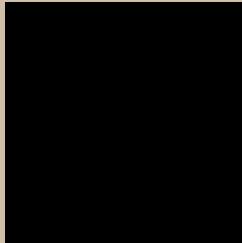
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 78, 14.646, 80.129

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 14.646, 80.129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 14.646, 80.129.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78, 14.646, 80.129

### Protanopia

78, 13.880, 92.619

### Deuteranopia

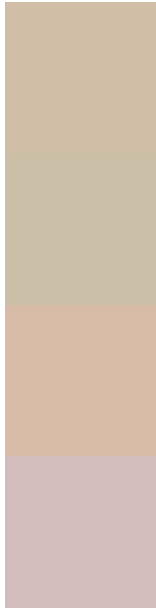
78, 17.262, 55.928



**Tritanopia**  
78, 12.494, 343.690



# Trichromacy



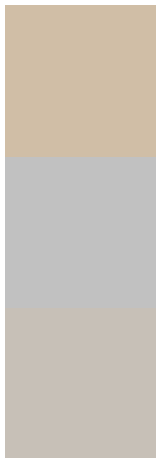
**Original Color**  
78, 14.646, 80.129

**Protanomaly**  
78, 13.773, 87.345

**Deuteranomaly**  
78, 15.797, 64.810

**Tritanomaly**  
78, 8.682, 20.046

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 14.646, 80.129

**Achromatopsia**  
78, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
78, 5.463, 80.806

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 14.646, 80.129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 190, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 190, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 190, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 190, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 14.646, 80.129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 190, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 190, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 190, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 190, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 190, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 190,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 14.646, 80.129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 190, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
190, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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