

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 18.416, 236.672)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 18.416, 236.672)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(78, 18.401, 236.449)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(78, 18.401, 236.449)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AC8DD
RGB	154, 200, 221
RGB Percent	60%, 78%, 87%
CMY	0.3972, 0.2169, 0.1345
CMYK	0.30, 0.10, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	199°, 49%, 73%
HSV	199°, 30%, 87%
XYZ	46.8628, 53.2120, 75.9910
YIQ	188.6400, -34.1570, -3.2210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

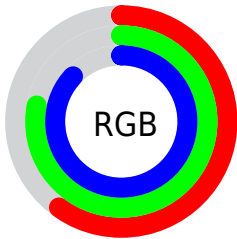
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	154, 181, 221
Decimal	10143965
CIELab	78.00, -10.17, -15.34
CIELCh	78, 18.401, 236.449
Yxy	53.2120, 0.2662, 0.3022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288334045 (0xFF9AC8DD)
YUV	188.6400, 15.9535, -30.3793
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, -12.9834, -10.7019

# Details

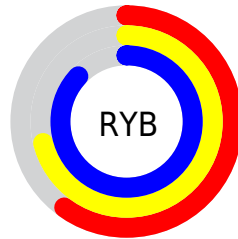
The CIELCh color **78, 18.401, 236.449** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **75, 22.001, 51.219**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.999, 198.507**, and **58, 18.341, 236.931** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 23.712, 238.094**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 12.668, 235.145**.

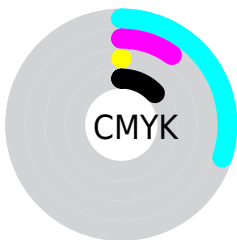
# Distribution



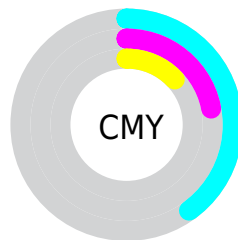
- Red (60%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 18.401, 236.449 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 18.401, 236.449 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 78, 18.401,  
236.449

 78, 18.401,  
236.449


 100, 18.401,  
236.449

 68, 18.401,  
236.449


 98, 18.401,  
236.449

 58, 18.401,  
236.449

 48, 18.401,  
236.449

 38, 18.401,  
236.449

 28, 18.401,  
236.449

 18, 18.401,  
236.449

 8, 18.401, 236.449

0, 18.401, 236.449

78, 18.401,  
236.449

78, 18.401,  
236.449

75, 23.712,  
238.094

81, 12.668,  
235.145

72, 28.535,  
240.172

85, 6.589, 234.144

69, 32.817,  
242.766

88, 0.234, 235.530

91, 6.335, 52.500

66, 36.546,  
245.967

94, 10.334, 61.999

64, 39.762,  
249.838

96, 11.630, 83.437

97, 14.155, 98.789

62, 42.582,  
254.388

99, 17.351,

■ 59, 45.148,  
259.221

108.866

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 18.401, 236.449



75, 22.001, 51.219

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 18.401, 236.449



78, 18.401, 286.449



78, 18.401, 56.449



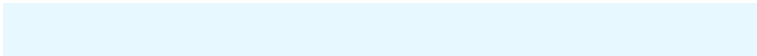
78, 18.401, 106.449

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 18.400, 236.445



97, 6.457, 234.039



83, 34.733, 151.815



51, 4.473, 234.160



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



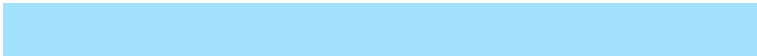


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 18.400, 236.445



87, 24.102, 237.377



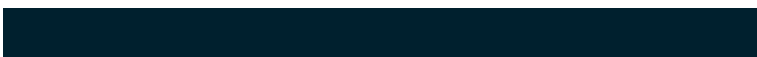
69, 29.594, 284.722



44, 3.601, 234.067



47, 37.389, 258.308



11, 13.893, 247.941



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 34.790, 337.072



78, 46.273, 337.573



83, 28.559, 96.846



43, 6.423, 335.450



38, 68.616, 345.773

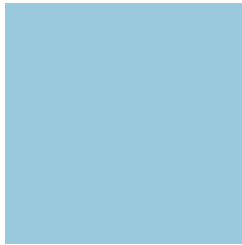


6, 27.780, 342.020



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 18.401, 236.449 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

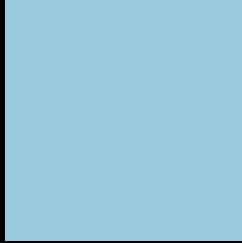
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 18.401, 236.449 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

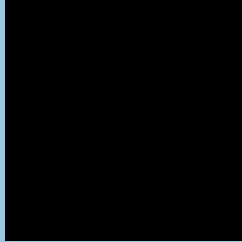
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 78, 18.401, 236.449

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 18.401, 236.449.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 18.401, 236.449.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78, 18.401, 236.449

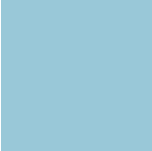
### Protanopia

78, 12.875, 288.248

### Deuteranopia

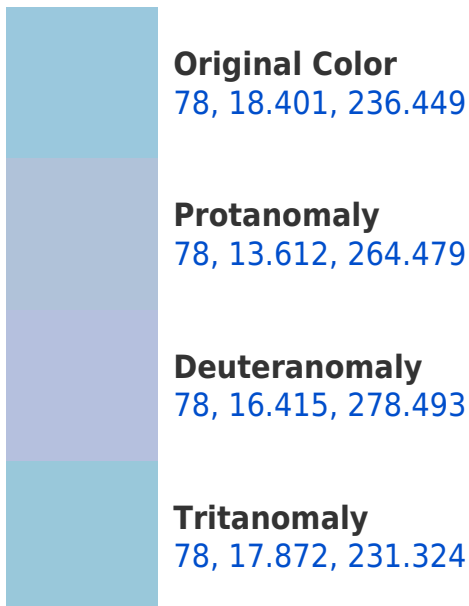
78, 19.040, 300.204





**Tritanopia**  
78, 17.426, 228.086

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 18.401, 236.449 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 200, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 200, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 200, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 200, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 18.401, 236.449 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 200, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 200, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 200, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 200, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 200, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 200,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 18.401, 236.449 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 200, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
200, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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