

Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 2.226, 69.299)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(78, 2.226, 69.299) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(78, 2.170, 66.735)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4C0BD
RGB	196, 192, 189
RGB Percent	77%, 75%, 74%
CMY	0.2307, 0.2464, 0.2582
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.04, 0.23
HSL	26°, 6%, 76%
HSV	26°, 4%, 77%
XYZ	50.8981, 53.2120, 55.8270
YIQ	192.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

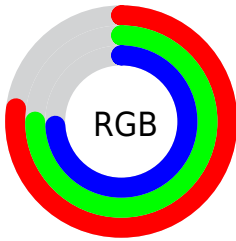
Format	Color
R _Y B	196, 194, 189
Decimal	12894397
CIE Lab	78.00, 0.86, 1.99
CIE LCh	78, 2.170, 66.735
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3182, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291084477 (0xFFC4C0BD)
YUV	192.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, -3.1091, 5.6872

Details

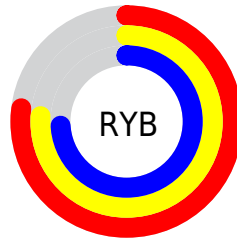
The CIELCh color $78, 2.170, 66.735$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $78, 2.155, 247.960$, and the grayscale version is $78, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98, 2.320, 60.313$, and $58, 2.060, 74.786$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75, 8.504, 65.849$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81, 3.825, 248.176$.

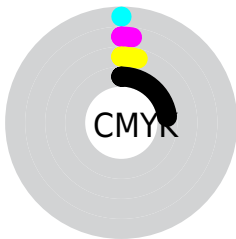
Distribution



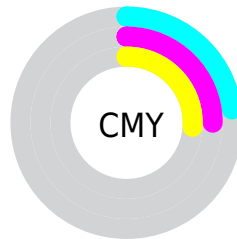
- Red (77%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 2.170, 66.735 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 2.170, 66.735 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 78, 2.170, 66.735  78, 2.170, 66.735

 100, 2.170, 66.735  68, 2.170, 66.735

 98, 2.170, 66.735  58, 2.170, 66.735

 48, 2.170, 66.735

 38, 2.170, 66.735

 28, 2.170, 66.735

 18, 2.170, 66.735

 8, 2.170, 66.735

 0, 2.170, 66.735

 78, 2.170, 66.735  78, 2.170, 66.735

75, 8.504, 65.849

81, 3.825, 248.176

71, 15.213, 64.786

85, 9.518, 249.176

68, 22.326, 63.726

88, 14.945,
250.202

65, 29.858, 62.685

91, 16.018,
234.560

62, 37.789, 61.666

59, 46.032, 60.647

94, 17.265,
210.206

56, 54.362, 59.562

96, 19.263,
198.234

53, 62.284, 58.247

51, 68.891, 56.370

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 2.170, 66.735



78, 2.155, 247.960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 2.170, 66.735



78, 2.170, 116.735



78, 2.170, 246.735



78, 2.170, 296.735

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 2.170, 66.793



100, 0.742, 66.578



77, 3.409, 339.578



53, 0.421, 66.548



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 2.170, 66.793



98, 3.015, 66.763



79, 3.416, 106.209



40, 1.713, 66.719



41, 62.193, 55.564



6, 11.488, 50.569

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 2.155, 247.960



98, 2.986, 247.994



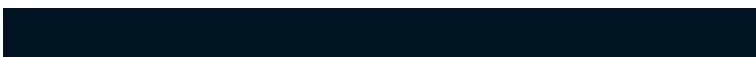
77, 3.455, 286.996



40, 1.692, 248.044



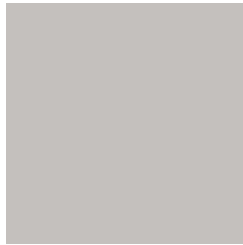
38, 43.844, 275.606



5, 11.877, 262.622

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 2.170, 66.735 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 2.170, 66.735 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

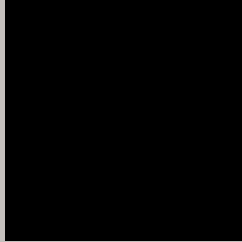
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

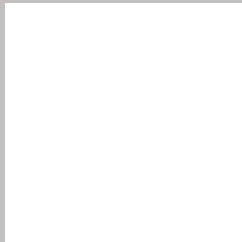
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 78, 2.170, 66.735

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 2.170, 66.735.

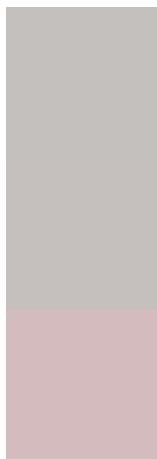


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 2.170, 66.735.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


78, 2.170, 66.735

Protanopia

78, 2.439, 60.283

Deuteranopia

78, 9.545, 10.515



Tritanopia
78, 8.583, 310.523

Trichromacy



Original Color
78, 2.170, 66.735

Protanomaly
78, 2.439, 60.283

Deuteranomaly
78, 6.392, 15.060

Tritanomaly
78, 4.842, 317.424

Monochromacy



Original Color
78, 2.170, 66.735

Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
78, 0.638, 74.734

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 2.170, 66.735 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 192, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 192, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 192, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 192, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 2.170, 66.735 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 192, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 192, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 192, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 192, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 192, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 192,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 2.170, 66.735 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 192, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
192, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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