

Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 2.599, 49.050)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(78, 2.599, 49.050) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(78, 2.734, 55.163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6C0BD
RGB	198, 192, 189
RGB Percent	78%, 75%, 74%
CMY	0.2246, 0.2481, 0.2599
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.05, 0.22
HSL	20°, 7%, 76%
HSV	20°, 5%, 78%
XYZ	51.1635, 53.2120, 55.5653
YIQ	193.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

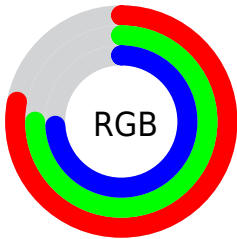
Format	Color
R _Y B	198, 194, 189
Decimal	13025469
CIE Lab	78.00, 1.56, 2.24
CIE LCh	78, 2.734, 55.163
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3199, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291215549 (0xFFC6C0BD)
YUV	193.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, -2.4595, 5.8998

Details

The CIELCh color `78, 2.734, 55.163` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `78, 2.682, 236.305`, and the grayscale version is `78, 0.009, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `98, 2.896, 51.088`, and `58, 2.597, 60.204` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `74, 9.064, 54.565`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `82, 3.177, 236.339`.

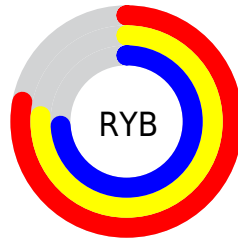
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (75%)

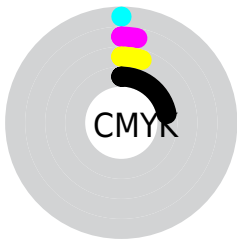
Blue (74%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (74%)

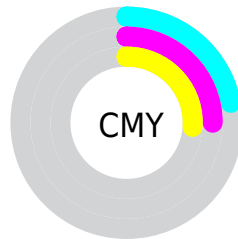


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 2.734, 55.163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 2.734, 55.163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 78, 2.734, 55.163

■ 78, 2.734, 55.163

■ 100, 2.734, 55.163

■ 68, 2.734, 55.163

■ 98, 2.734, 55.163

■ 58, 2.734, 55.163

■ 48, 2.734, 55.163

■ 38, 2.734, 55.163

■ 28, 2.734, 55.163

■ 18, 2.734, 55.163

■ 8, 2.734, 55.163

■ 0, 2.734, 55.163

■ 78, 2.734, 55.163

■ 78, 2.734, 55.163

74, 9.064, 54.565

82, 3.177, 236.339

70, 15.860, 53.866

86, 8.714, 237.059

67, 23.162, 53.219

90, 13.922,
237.858

63, 30.994, 52.651

94, 16.083,
218.434

60, 39.347, 52.173

56, 48.143, 51.773

96, 18.791,
198.264

53, 57.160, 51.386

50, 65.885, 50.827

48, 73.281, 49.682

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 2.734, 55.163



78, 2.682, 236.305

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 2.734, 55.163



78, 2.734, 105.163



78, 2.734, 235.163



78, 2.734, 285.163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 2.734, 55.211



100, 0.725, 54.861



77, 4.647, 335.906



53, 0.412, 54.823



0, 0.000, 0.000



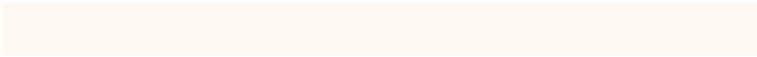
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 2.734, 55.211



98, 3.701, 55.188



79, 4.017, 101.806



41, 2.062, 55.160



39, 66.253, 49.486



6, 13.394, 40.610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 2.682, 236.305



98, 3.619, 236.333



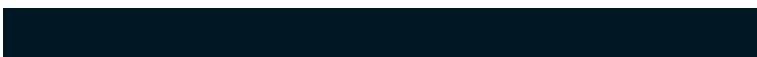
77, 4.058, 282.875



41, 2.011, 236.367



44, 36.927, 261.610



7, 11.671, 250.357

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 2.734, 55.163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

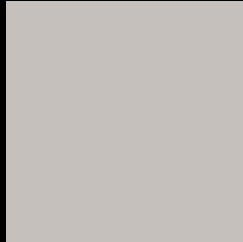
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 2.734, 55.163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

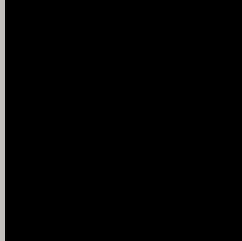
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

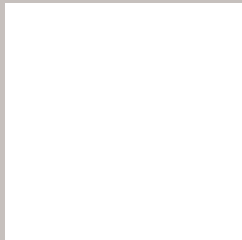
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 78, 2.734, 55.163

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 2.734, 55.163.

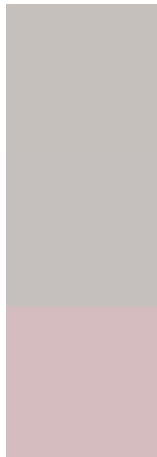


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 2.734, 55.163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


78, 2.734, 55.163

Protanopia

78, 2.439, 60.283

Deuteranopia

78, 9.545, 10.515



Tritanopia
78, 9.022, 317.066

Trichromacy



Original Color
78, 2.734, 55.163

Protanomaly
78, 2.439, 60.283

Deuteranomaly
78, 6.770, 15.366

Tritanomaly
78, 5.442, 327.820

Monochromacy



Original Color
78, 2.734, 55.163

Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
78, 1.286, 74.894

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 2.734, 55.163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 192, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 192, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 192, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 192, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 2.734, 55.163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 192, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 192, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 192, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 192, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 192, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 192,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 2.734, 55.163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 192, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
192, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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