

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 22.096, 59.164)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 22.096, 59.164) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(78, 22.115, 60.531)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2B99E
RGB	226, 185, 158
RGB Percent	89%, 73%, 62%
CMY	0.1145, 0.2753, 0.3811
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.30, 0.11
HSL	24°, 54%, 75%
HSV	24°, 30%, 89%
XYZ	54.7610, 53.2120, 39.6454
YIQ	194.1810, 33.1030, 0.2950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

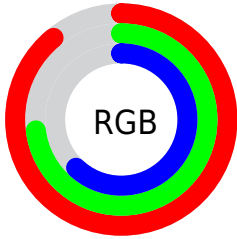
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 203, 158
Decimal	14858654
CIE Lab	78.00, 10.88, 19.25
CIE LCh	78, 22.115, 60.531
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3710, 0.3605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293048734 (0xFFE2B99E)
YUV	194.1810, -17.8372, 27.9053
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, 6.3434, 18.8393

# Details

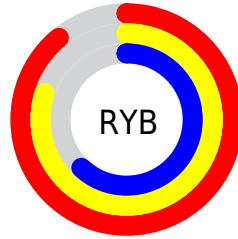
The CIELCh color **78, 22.115, 60.531** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **78, 19.256, 247.719**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 15.218, 89.017**, and **58, 22.058, 59.920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 30.447, 59.612**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 14.295, 61.498**.

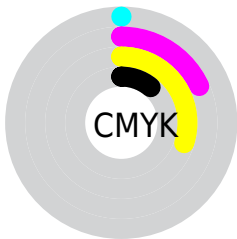
# Distribution



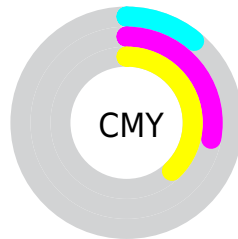
- Red (89%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 22.115, 60.531 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 22.115, 60.531 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 78, 22.115, 60.531


 78, 22.115, 60.531

 100, 22.115,  
60.531

 68, 22.115, 60.531

 98, 22.115, 60.531

 58, 22.115, 60.531

 48, 22.115, 60.531


 38, 22.115, 60.531


 28, 22.115, 60.531

 18, 22.115, 60.531

 8, 22.115, 60.531

 0, 22.115, 60.531

 78, 22.115, 60.531

 78, 22.115, 60.531

74, 30.447, 59.612

82, 14.295, 61.498

71, 39.293, 58.728

86, 6.960, 62.460

67, 48.592, 57.879

90, 0.067, 56.212

64, 58.156, 57.016

94, 6.432, 244.629

61, 67.544, 56.005

97, 9.227, 205.706

58, 75.851, 54.548

98, 9.912, 198.846

55, 82.115, 52.441

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 22.115, 60.531



78, 19.256, 247.719

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 22.115, 60.531



78, 22.115, 110.531



78, 22.115, 240.531



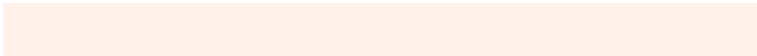
78, 22.115, 290.531

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 22.115, 60.539



96, 6.816, 62.557



73, 33.543, 340.297



51, 4.759, 62.421



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 22.115, 60.539



85, 29.780, 59.966



86, 31.254, 101.719



45, 3.882, 62.522



44, 67.784, 53.089



10, 20.021, 49.011



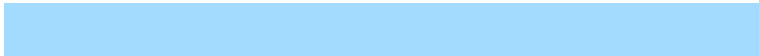


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 19.256, 247.719



85, 25.100, 248.909



69, 32.989, 289.013



45, 3.738, 244.673



43, 44.225, 271.755



10, 16.056, 261.735



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 22.115, 60.531 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 22.115, 60.531 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

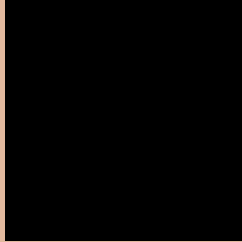
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 78, 22.115, 60.531

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 22.115, 60.531.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 22.115, 60.531.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


78, 22.115, 60.531

### Protanopia

78, 17.057, 93.929

### Deuteranopia

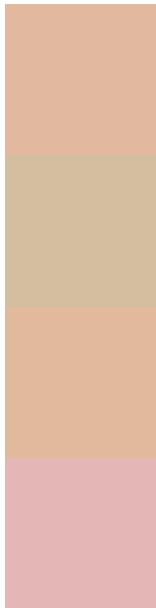
78, 21.552, 63.603



**Tritanopia**  
78, 20.230, 359.619



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 22.115, 60.531

**Protanomaly**  
78, 18.281, 80.078

**Deuteranomaly**  
78, 21.853, 62.871

**Tritanomaly**  
78, 17.804, 22.552

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 22.115, 60.531

**Achromatopsia**  
78, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
78, 7.810, 62.610

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 22.115, 60.531 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 185, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 185, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 185, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 185, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 22.115, 60.531 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 185, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 185, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 185, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 185, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 185, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 185,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 22.115, 60.531 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 185, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
185, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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