

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 31.604, 354.910)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 31.604, 354.910)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(78, 31.368, 355.227)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7ACC7
RGB	247, 172, 199
RGB Percent	97%, 67%, 78%
CMY	0.0327, 0.3267, 0.2208
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.19, 0.03
HSL	338°, 82%, 82%
HSV	338°, 30%, 97%
XYZ	63.2087, 53.2120, 60.7834
YIQ	197.5030, 36.0330, 24.2970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

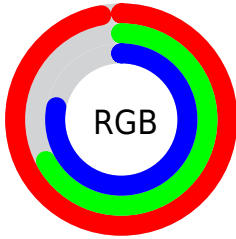
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 172, 199
Decimal	16231623
CIE Lab	78.00, 31.26, -2.61
CIE LCh	78, 31.368, 355.227
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3567, 0.3003
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294421703 (0xFFF7ACC7)
YUV	197.5030, 0.7380, 43.4089
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, 27.0151, 1.6586

# Details

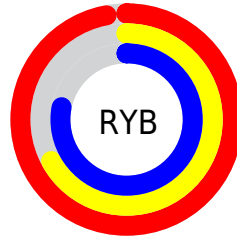
The CIELCh color  $78, 31.368, 355.227$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FF99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $92, 29.193, 168.907$ , and the grayscale version is  $80, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $93, 16.877, 325.009$ , and  $58, 31.078, 355.321$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $72, 41.937, 356.711$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $84, 20.790, 353.972$ .

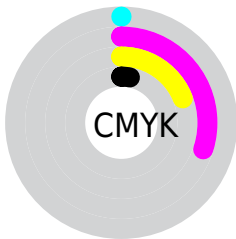
# Distribution



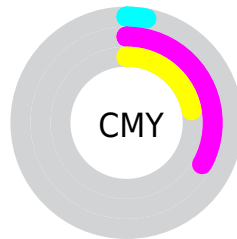
- Red (97%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 31.368, 355.227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 31.368, 355.227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 78, 31.368,  
355.227

 78, 31.368,  
355.227


 100, 31.368,  
355.227


 68, 31.368,  
355.227


 98, 31.368,  
355.227

 58, 31.368,  
355.227

 48, 31.368,  
355.227

 38, 31.368,  
355.227

 28, 31.368,  
355.227

 18, 31.368,  
355.227

 8, 31.368, 355.227

0, 31.368, 355.227

78, 31.368,  
355.227

78, 31.368,  
355.227

72, 41.937,  
356.711

84, 20.790,  
353.972

67, 52.178,  
358.501

90, 10.426,  
352.869

62, 61.639, 0.715

97, 0.393, 350.616

58, 69.801, 3.507

99, 2.883, 199.452

55, 76.219, 7.059

53, 80.746, 11.532

52, 83.816, 16.619

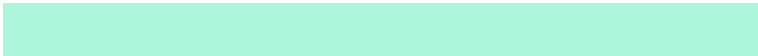
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 31.368, 355.227



92, 29.193, 168.907

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 31.368, 355.227



78, 31.368, 45.227



78, 31.368, 175.227



78, 31.368, 225.227

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 31.365, 355.229



94, 9.252, 352.724



77, 43.409, 314.916



49, 6.446, 352.877



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 31.365, 355.229



77, 38.331, 356.037



80, 26.460, 32.852



48, 5.657, 352.773



39, 67.604, 15.554



9, 29.615, 7.085





# Inverse Universe

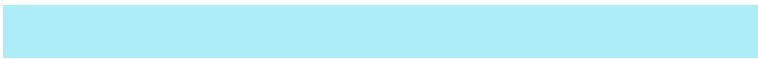
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 31.365, 355.229



77, 38.331, 356.037



90, 21.261, 212.387



48, 5.657, 352.773



39, 67.604, 15.554



9, 29.615, 7.085



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 31.368, 355.227 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

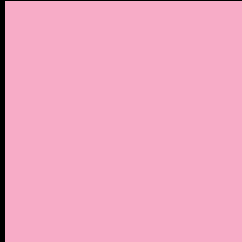
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 31.368, 355.227 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

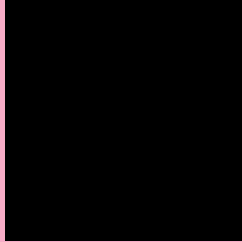
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 78, 31.368, 355.227

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 31.368, 355.227.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 31.368, 355.227.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78, 31.368, 355.227

### Protanopia

78, 10.180, 291.107

### Deuteranopia

78, 10.152, 351.993



**Tritanopia**  
78, 28.006, 7.757



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 31.368, 355.227

**Protanomaly**  
78, 15.390, 330.781

**Deuteranomaly**  
78, 18.178, 353.031

**Tritanomaly**  
78, 29.250, 3.119

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 31.368, 355.227

**Achromatopsia**  
80, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 11.374, 352.416

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 31.368, 355.227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 172, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 172, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 172, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 172, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 31.368, 355.227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 172, 199) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 172, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 172, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 172, 199); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 172, 199); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 172, 199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 31.368, 355.227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 172, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
172, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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