

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 33.369, 21.869)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 33.369, 21.869) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(78, 33.343, 22.329)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFABAB
RGB	255, 171, 171
RGB Percent	100%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.0008, 0.3301, 0.3301
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 83%
HSV	0°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	63.0280, 53.2120, 45.3870
YIQ	196.1160, 50.0640, 17.8080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

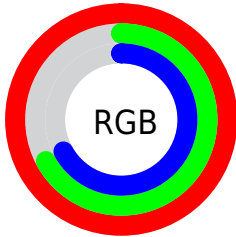
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 171, 171
Decimal	16755627
CIE Lab	78.00, 30.84, 12.67
CIE LCh	78, 33.343, 22.329
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3900, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294945707 (0xFFFFABAB)
YUV	196.1160, -12.3822, 51.6413
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, 26.5728, 14.1726

# Details

The CIELCh color **78, 33.343, 22.329** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **95, 26.477, 197.787**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 10.236, 22.930**, and **58, 33.154, 22.299** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 44.980, 23.881**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 22.362, 21.149**.

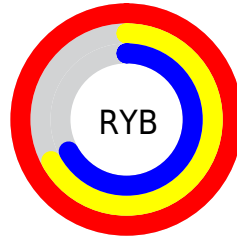
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (67%)

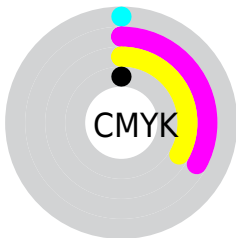
Blue (67%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (67%)

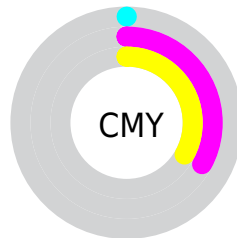


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 33.343, 22.329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 33.343, 22.329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 78, 33.343, 22.329

 78, 33.343, 22.329

 100, 33.343,  
22.329

 68, 33.343, 22.329

 98, 33.343, 22.329

 58, 33.343, 22.329

 48, 33.343, 22.329

 38, 33.343, 22.329

 28, 33.343, 22.329

 18, 33.343, 22.329

 8, 33.343, 22.329

 0, 33.343, 22.329

 78, 33.343, 22.329

 78, 33.343, 22.329

72, 44.980, 23.881

84, 22.362, 21.149

67, 57.087, 25.905

91, 12.133, 20.226

62, 69.344, 28.514

98, 2.663, 19.339

58, 81.301, 31.736

100, 0.069,  
208.986

55, 92.272, 35.346

54, 100.801,  
38.538

53, 104.513,  
40.000

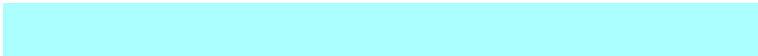
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 33.343, 22.329



95, 26.477, 197.787

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 33.343, 22.329



78, 33.343, 72.329



78, 33.343, 202.329



78, 33.343, 252.329

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 33.341, 22.333



93, 9.259, 19.985



80, 52.488, 326.236



49, 6.352, 20.099



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 33.341, 22.333



74, 41.503, 23.379



88, 27.732, 71.275



49, 5.254, 19.946



40, 84.229, 40.000



10, 33.367, 27.178





# Inverse Universe

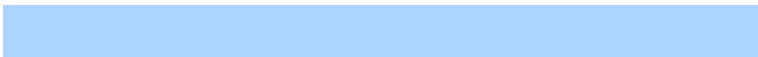
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 26.477, 197.787



94, 31.154, 197.503



84, 25.264, 260.811



52, 4.945, 198.965



70, 40.363, 196.391



24, 18.569, 196.390



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 33.343, 22.329 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 78, 33.343, 22.329 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 78, 33.343, 22.329

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 33.343, 22.329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 33.343, 22.329.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78, 33.343, 22.329

### Protanopia

78, 6.272, 88.425

### Deuteranopia

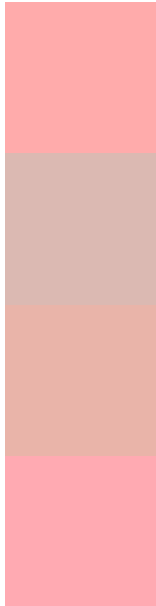
78, 16.925, 54.566



**Tritanopia**  
78, 33.448, 11.620



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 33.343, 22.329

**Protanomaly**  
78, 13.708, 36.096

**Deuteranomaly**  
78, 21.934, 36.381

**Tritanomaly**  
78, 33.417, 15.227

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 33.343, 22.329

**Achromatopsia**  
79, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
78, 11.397, 20.286

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 33.343, 22.329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 171, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 171, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 171, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 171, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 33.343, 22.329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 171, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 171, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 171, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 171, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 171, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 171,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 33.343, 22.329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 171, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
171, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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