

Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 36.186, 40.556)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(78, 36.186, 40.556) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(78, 36.185, 40.558)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFAD97 |
| RGB | 255, 173, 151 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 68%, 59% |
| CMY | 0.0012, 0.3226, 0.4089 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.32, 0.41, 0.00 |
| HSL | 13°, 99%, 79% |
| HSV | 13°, 41%, 100% |
| XYZ | 61.5858, 53.2120, 36.1913 |
| YIQ | 195.0100, 55.9340, 10.5420 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

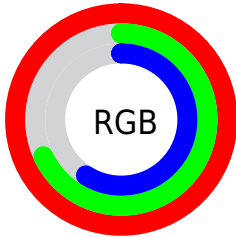
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 179, 151 |
| Decimal | 16756119 |
| CIE Lab | 78.00, 27.49, 23.53 |
| CIE LCh | 78, 36.185, 40.558 |
| Yxy | 53.2120, 0.4079, 0.3524 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294946199 (0xFFFFAD97) |
| YUV | 195.0100, -21.6969, 52.6112 |
| Hunter-Lab | 72.9466, 23.0437, 21.6468 |

Details

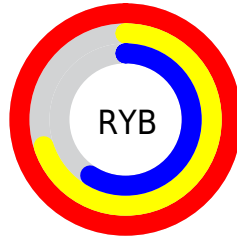
The CIELCh color **78, 36.185, 40.558** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **88, 26.870, 223.504**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 15.818, 70.819**, and **58, 36.249, 40.523** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 46.918, 40.927**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 26.197, 40.399**.

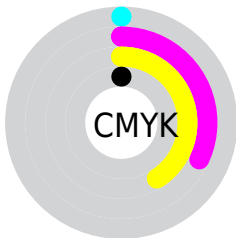
Distribution



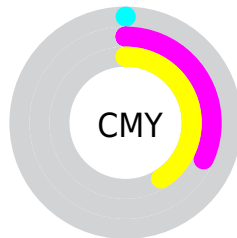
- Red (100%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 36.185, 40.558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 36.185, 40.558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 78, 36.185, 40.558

 78, 36.185, 40.558

 100, 36.185,
40.558

 68, 36.185, 40.558

 98, 36.185, 40.558

 58, 36.185, 40.558

 48, 36.185, 40.558

 38, 36.185, 40.558

 28, 36.185, 40.558

 18, 36.185, 40.558

 8, 36.185, 40.558

 0, 36.185, 40.558

 78, 36.185, 40.558

 78, 36.185, 40.558

73, 46.918, 40.927

83, 26.197, 40.399

69, 58.319, 41.514

88, 16.967, 40.395

64, 70.155, 42.304

94, 8.457, 40.495

61, 81.892, 43.157

99, 0.611, 39.750

58, 92.321, 43.653

100, 0.104,
205.794

56, 99.312, 43.380

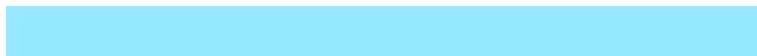
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 36.185, 40.558



88, 26.870, 223.504

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



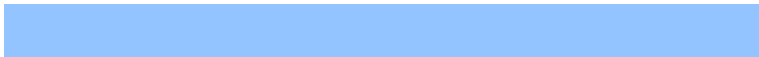
78, 36.185, 40.558



78, 36.185, 90.558



78, 36.185, 220.558



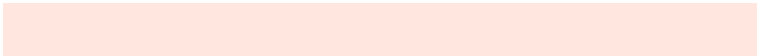
78, 36.185, 270.558

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 36.183, 40.563



93, 9.437, 40.481



76, 56.317, 333.235



49, 6.293, 40.465



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 36.183, 40.563



74, 44.958, 40.844



90, 39.591, 88.399



50, 4.425, 40.511



42, 79.599, 43.808



12, 29.810, 37.847

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 26.870, 223.504



86, 31.042, 224.569



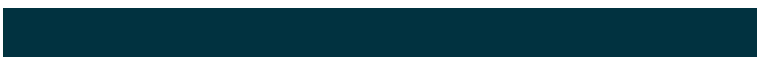
74, 40.007, 280.570



52, 4.171, 221.249



58, 35.634, 238.195



19, 16.192, 232.637

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 36.185, 40.558 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 36.185, 40.558 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

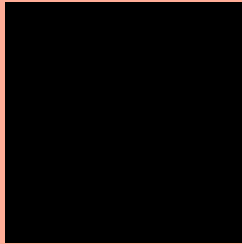
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 78, 36.185, 40.558

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 36.185, 40.558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 36.185, 40.558.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78, 36.185, 40.558

Protanopia

78, 18.088, 94.638

Deuteranopia

78, 26.449, 67.765



Tritanopia
78, 33.448, 11.620

Trichromacy



Original Color
78, 36.185, 40.558

Protanomaly
78, 21.369, 66.026

Deuteranomaly
78, 29.051, 56.256

Tritanomaly
78, 33.343, 22.329

Monochromacy



Original Color
78, 36.185, 40.558

Achromatopsia
79, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
78, 12.360, 40.306

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 36.185, 40.558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 173, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 173, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 173, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 173, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 36.185, 40.558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 173, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 173, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 173, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 173, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 173, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 173,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 36.185, 40.558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 173, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
173, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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