

Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 42.098, 72.969)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(78, 42.098, 72.969) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| CIELCh(78, 42.365, 73.128) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 20 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 23 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 26 |

Color

CIELCh(78, 42.365, 73.128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | EEB776 |
| RGB | 238, 183, 118 |
| RGB Percent | 93%, 72%, 46% |
| CMY | 0.0676, 0.2832, 0.5381 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.23, 0.50, 0.07 |
| HSL | 33°, 78%, 70% |
| HSV | 33°, 50%, 93% |
| XYZ | 55.3221, 53.2120, 24.4284 |
| YIQ | 192.0350, 53.6450, -8.5550 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

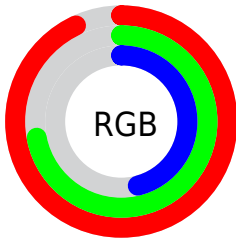
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 220, 238, 118 |
| Decimal | 15644534 |
| CIELab | 78.00, 12.30, 40.54 |
| CIELCh | 78, 42.365, 73.128 |
| Yxy | 53.2120, 0.4161, 0.4002 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293834614 (0xFFEEB776) |
| YUV | 192.0350, -36.4993, 40.3113 |
| Hunter-Lab | 72.9466, 7.7165, 31.2075 |

Details

The CIELCh color **78, 42.365, 73.128** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **69, 38.051, 269.593**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 35.166, 97.099**, and **58, 42.188, 73.221** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 51.524, 71.711**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 33.354, 74.506**.

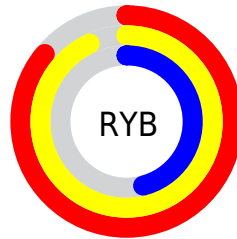
Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (72%)

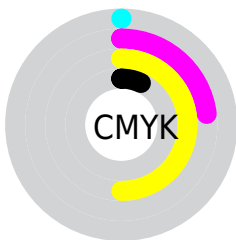
Blue (46%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (46%)

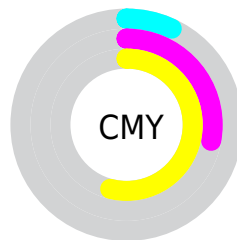


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 42.365, 73.128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 42.365, 73.128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 78, 42.365, 73.128

 78, 42.365, 73.128

 100, 42.365,
73.128

 68, 42.365, 73.128

 98, 42.365, 73.128

 58, 42.365, 73.128

 48, 42.365, 73.128

 38, 42.365, 73.128

 28, 42.365, 73.128

 18, 42.365, 73.128

 8, 42.365, 73.128

 0, 42.365, 73.128

 78, 42.365, 73.128

 78, 42.365, 73.128

75, 51.524, 71.711

81, 33.354, 74.506

72, 60.547, 70.186

84, 24.618, 75.849

70, 68.873, 68.435

87, 16.204, 77.165

67, 75.560, 66.217

91, 8.116, 78.437

65, 79.810, 63.504

94, 0.340, 78.625

97, 4.957, 244.396

99, 5.923, 199.142

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 42.365, 73.128



69, 38.051, 269.593

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 42.365, 73.128



78, 42.365, 123.128



78, 42.365, 253.128



78, 42.365, 303.128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



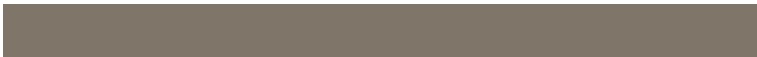
78, 42.365, 73.133



95, 12.438, 77.860



65, 52.931, 351.249



50, 8.522, 77.589



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 42.365, 73.133



80, 55.074, 71.598



92, 59.524, 106.952



48, 4.430, 78.557



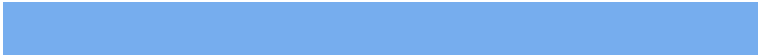
51, 65.593, 64.159



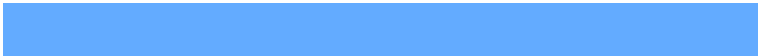
14, 23.490, 65.626

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 38.051, 269.593



69, 48.530, 272.944



55, 68.554, 298.462



48, 4.360, 261.124



37, 61.236, 287.881



9, 23.010, 280.557

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 42.365, 73.128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 42.365, 73.128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

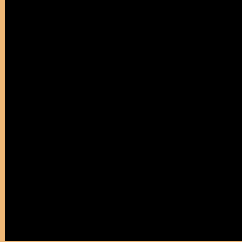
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 78, 42.365, 73.128

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 42.365, 73.128.

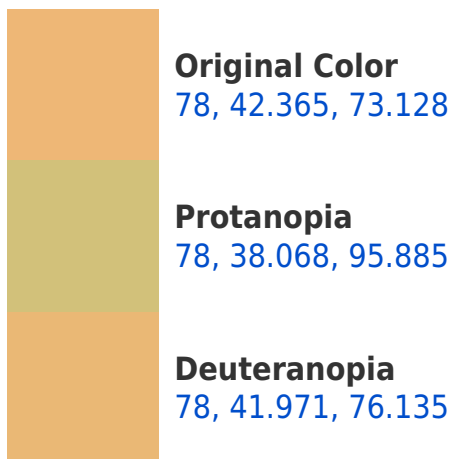


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 42.365, 73.128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
78, 27.708, 6.438

Trichromacy



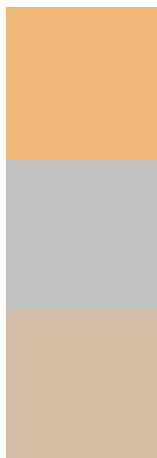
Original Color
78, 42.365, 73.128

Protanomaly
78, 38.917, 87.018

Deuteranomaly
78, 42.212, 75.648

Tritanomaly
78, 27.599, 38.053

Monochromacy



Original Color
78, 42.365, 73.128

Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
78, 15.069, 77.477

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 42.365, 73.128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 183, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 183, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 183, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 183, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 42.365, 73.128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 183, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 183, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 183, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 183, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 183, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 183,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 42.365, 73.128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 183, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
183, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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