

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 42.481, 207.781)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 42.481, 207.781)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(78, 42.284, 207.728)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(78, 42.284, 207.728)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00D5E4
RGB	0, 213, 228
RGB Percent	0%, 84%, 89%
CMY	0.9989, 0.1645, 0.1057
CMYK	1.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	184°, 100%, 45%
HSV	184°, 100%, 89%
XYZ	37.8151, 53.2120, 81.7035
YIQ	151.0230, -131.7630, -40.4910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

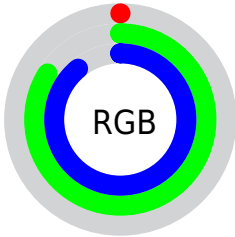
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 110, 228
Decimal	54756
CIELab	78.00, -37.43, -19.67
CIELCh	78, 42.284, 207.728
Yxy	53.2120, 0.2189, 0.3081
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278244836 (0xFF00D5E4)
YUV	151.0230, 37.9497, -132.4472
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, -35.1230, -15.3449

# Details

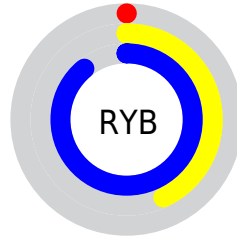
The CIELCh color **78, 42.284, 207.728** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **48, 95.165, 40.532**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 40.183, 196.962**, and **59, 33.749, 211.474** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 42.286, 207.741**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79, 41.913, 206.695**.

# Distribution



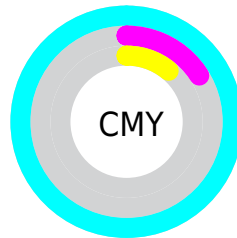
- Red (0%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 42.284, 207.728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 42.284, 207.728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 78, 42.284,  
207.728


 78, 42.284,  
207.728

 100, 42.284,  
207.728

 68, 42.284,  
207.728

 98, 42.284,  
207.728

 58, 42.284,  
207.728

 48, 42.284,  
207.728

 38, 42.284,  
207.728

 28, 42.284,  
207.728

 18, 42.284,  
207.728

 8, 42.284, 207.728

0, 42.284, 207.728

78, 42.284,  
207.728

78, 42.284,  
207.728

78, 42.286,  
207.741

79, 41.913,  
206.695

79, 40.781,  
205.869

80, 38.695,  
205.261

81, 35.609,  
204.853

82, 31.546,  
204.621

84, 26.576,  
204.543

■ 85, 20.804,  
204.596

■ 87, 14.352,  
204.763

■ 89, 7.345, 205.045

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 42.284, 207.728



48, 95.165, 40.532

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 42.284, 207.728



78, 42.284, 257.728



78, 42.284, 27.728



78, 42.284, 77.728

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 42.283, 207.727



94, 22.846, 204.593



79, 109.212, 136.333



49, 15.313, 204.557



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 42.283, 207.727



86, 45.994, 207.817



46, 74.154, 289.157



47, 4.252, 205.060



62, 35.248, 207.544



17, 14.959, 205.685



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 100.771, 331.076



59, 109.637, 331.098



63, 77.048, 64.362



45, 7.941, 326.775



42, 83.987, 331.031

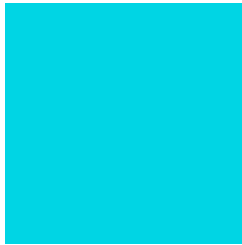


8, 35.525, 330.573



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 78, 42.284, 207.728 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 42.284, 207.728 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

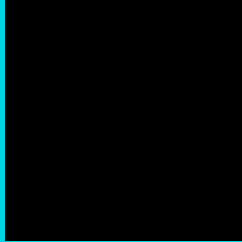
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 78, 42.284, 207.728

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 42.284, 207.728.

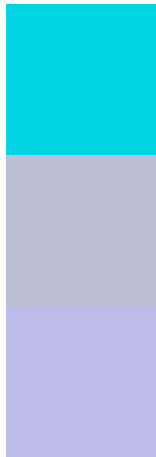


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 42.284, 207.728.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78, 42.284, 207.728

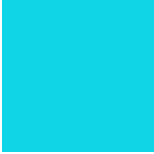
### Protanopia

77, 12.352, 288.065

### Deuteranopia

77, 25.276, 293.965



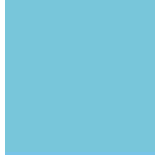


**Tritanopia**  
78, 41.795, 209.437

# Trichromacy



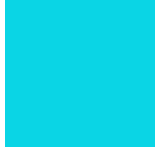
**Original Color**  
78, 42.284, 207.728



**Protanomaly**  
76, 25.693, 222.874



**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 28.803, 240.930



**Tritanomaly**  
78, 41.999, 208.590

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 42.284, 207.728



**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
67, 24.786, 203.911

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 42.284, 207.728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 213, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 213, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 213, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 213, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 42.284, 207.728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 213, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 213, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 213, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 213, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 213, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 213,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 42.284, 207.728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 213, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 213,  
228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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