

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 5.574, 331.975)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 5.574, 331.975) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(78, 5.674, 330.781)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8BEC6
RGB	200, 190, 198
RGB Percent	78%, 75%, 78%
CMY	0.2155, 0.2547, 0.2233
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.01, 0.22
HSL	312°, 8%, 76%
HSV	312°, 5%, 78%
XYZ	52.4536, 53.2120, 60.9604
YIQ	193.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

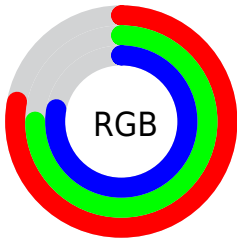
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 190, 198
Decimal	13156038
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	78.00, 4.95, -2.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	78, 5.674, 330.781
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3148, 0.3193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291346118 (0xFFC8BEC6)
YUV	193.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, 0.6974, 1.5148

# Details

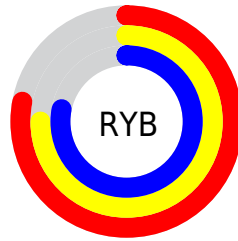
The CIELCh color  $78, 5.674, 330.781$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $80, 5.651, 150.272$ , and the grayscale version is  $78, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98, 5.604, 324.582$ , and  $58, 5.331, 331.648$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $73, 17.127, 331.450$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $83, 5.605, 150.288$ .

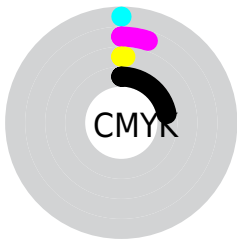
# Distribution



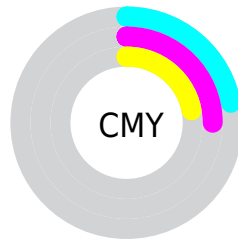
- Red (78%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 5.674, 330.781 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 5.674, 330.781 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 78, 5.674, 330.781

 78, 5.674, 330.781

 100, 5.674,  
330.781

 68, 5.674, 330.781

 98, 5.674, 330.781

 58, 5.674, 330.781

 48, 5.674, 330.781

 38, 5.674, 330.781

 28, 5.674, 330.781

 18, 5.674, 330.781

 8, 5.674, 330.781

 0, 5.674, 330.781

 78, 5.674, 330.781

 78, 5.674, 330.781

73, 17.127,  
331.450

83, 5.605, 150.288

68, 28.621,  
332.111

89, 16.618,  
149.675

63, 39.937,  
332.791

94, 27.325,  
149.118

59, 50.763,  
333.492

95, 28.726,  
150.924

55, 60.685,  
334.218

96, 27.193,  
153.742

52, 69.207,  
334.977

96, 25.722,  
156.875

49, 75.821,  
335.788

96, 24.326,  
160.362

47, 80.125,  
336.679

96, 23.020,  
164.244

46, 81.992,

96, 21.819,  
168.559

337.687

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 5.674, 330.781



80, 5.651, 150.272

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 5.674, 330.781



78, 5.674, 20.781



78, 5.674, 150.781



78, 5.674, 200.781

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 5.672, 330.783



99, 1.385, 330.326



77, 5.429, 298.335



53, 0.788, 330.309



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 5.672, 330.783



96, 8.299, 330.860



78, 4.051, 356.303



40, 4.489, 330.893



37, 70.963, 338.048



4, 22.446, 335.024



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 5.672, 330.783



96, 8.299, 330.860



80, 3.988, 175.627



40, 4.489, 330.893



37, 70.963, 338.048

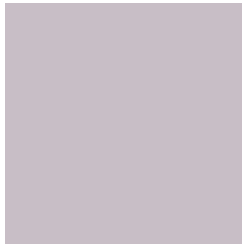


4, 22.446, 335.024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 5.674, 330.781 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

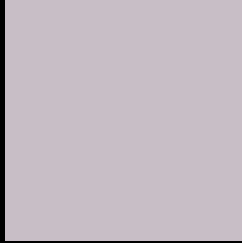
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 78, 5.674, 330.781 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

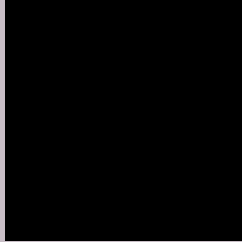
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

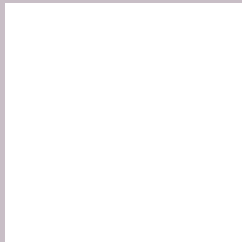
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 78, 5.674, 330.781**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 5.674, 330.781.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 5.674, 330.781.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78, 5.674, 330.781

### Protanopia

78, 3.835, 301.457

### Deuteranopia

78, 10.380, 342.087





**Tritanopia**  
78, 9.190, 319.111

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 5.674, 330.781

**Protanomaly**  
78, 4.685, 313.442

**Deuteranomaly**  
78, 8.899, 338.725

**Tritanomaly**  
78, 8.269, 322.649

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 5.674, 330.781

**Achromatopsia**  
78, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
78, 1.552, 335.550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 5.674, 330.781 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 190, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 190, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 190, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 190, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 5.674, 330.781 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 190, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 190, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 190, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 190, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 190, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 190,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 5.674, 330.781 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 190, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
190, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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