

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 68.807, 54.675)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 68.807, 54.675) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(74, 58.643, 60.818)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDA058
RGB	253, 160, 88
RGB Percent	99%, 63%, 35%
CMY	0.0060, 0.3738, 0.6559
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.65, 0.01
HSL	26°, 98%, 67%
HSV	26°, 65%, 99%
XYZ	54.9478, 46.7039, 15.2977
YIQ	179.5990, 78.5400, -2.6760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

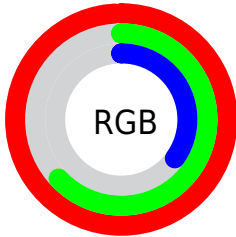
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 216, 88
Decimal	16621656
CIE Lab	74.00, 28.59, 51.20
CIE LCh	74, 58.643, 60.818
Yxy	46.7039, 0.4698, 0.3994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294811736 (0xFFFDA058)
YUV	179.5990, -45.1583, 64.3727
Hunter-Lab	68.3403, 23.9242, 34.5663

# Details

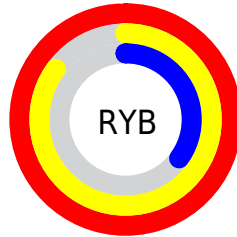
The CIELCh color **74, 58.643, 60.818** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **71, 44.176, 262.164**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 42.343, 83.911**, and **54, 58.319, 60.931** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 68.789, 59.645**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 48.456, 61.892**.

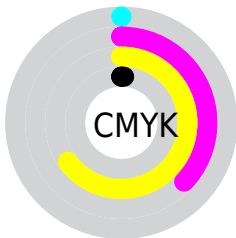
# Distribution



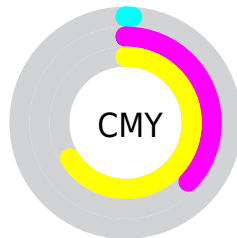
- Red (99%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 74, 58.643, 60.818 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 74, 58.643, 60.818 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74, 58.643, 60.818

74, 58.643, 60.818

100, 58.643,  
60.818

64, 58.643, 60.818

94, 58.643, 60.818

54, 58.643, 60.818

44, 58.643, 60.818

34, 58.643, 60.818

24, 58.643, 60.818

14, 58.643, 60.818

4, 58.643, 60.818

0, 58.643, 60.818

74, 58.643, 60.818

74, 58.643, 60.818

71, 68.789, 59.645

78, 48.456, 61.892

68, 78.132, 58.147

81, 38.594, 62.947

65, 85.376, 55.926

85, 29.205, 64.019

63, 88.007, 54.709

89, 20.331, 65.109

93, 11.961, 66.205

97, 4.062, 67.241

100, 0.531,  
200.621

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74, 58.643, 60.818



71, 44.176, 262.164

# Rectangle

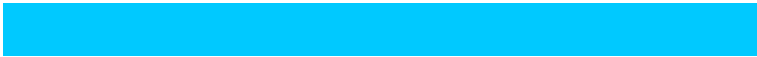
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74, 58.643, 60.818



74, 58.643, 110.818



74, 58.643, 240.818



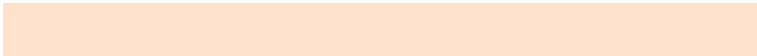
74, 58.643, 290.818

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74, 58.642, 60.822



92, 15.845, 65.699



63, 72.735, 347.488



48, 10.901, 65.390



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74, 58.642, 60.822



70, 71.709, 59.293



94, 74.153, 100.736



51, 4.368, 66.834



49, 70.851, 55.396



15, 27.224, 55.379





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 44.176, 262.164



67, 51.669, 267.293



50, 89.317, 298.726



51, 4.227, 249.181



45, 50.976, 276.925



13, 21.094, 269.903



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 58.643, 60.818 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 58.643, 60.818 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 74, 58.643, 60.818**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 58.643, 60.818.

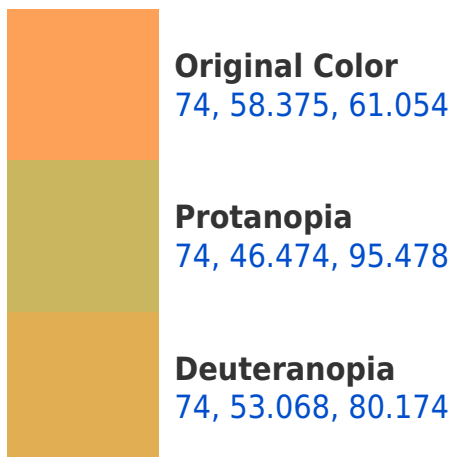


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 58.643, 60.818.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
74, 40.809, 16.036



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
74, 58.375, 61.054

**Protanomaly**  
74, 48.425, 81.071

**Deuteranomaly**  
74, 54.340, 72.918

**Tritanomaly**  
74, 43.392, 36.331

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
74, 58.375, 61.054

**Achromatopsia**  
73, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
73, 20.302, 65.634

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 74, 58.643, 60.818 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 160, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 160, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 160, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 160, 88) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 74, 58.643, 60.818 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 160, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 160, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 160, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 160, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 160, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 160,  
88) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 74, 58.643, 60.818 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 160, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
160, 88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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