

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(78, 94.146, 10.127)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(78, 94.146, 10.127) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(63, 68.448, 354.309)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF5CA7
RGB	255, 92, 167
RGB Percent	100%, 36%, 65%
CMY	0.0012, 0.6403, 0.3461
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.35, 0.00
HSL	332°, 100%, 68%
HSV	332°, 64%, 100%
XYZ	51.8815, 31.5869, 39.7949
YIQ	149.2870, 73.0730, 57.8810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

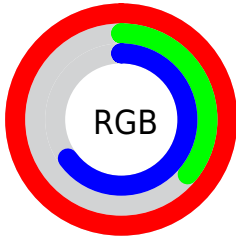
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 92, 167
Decimal	16735399
CIE Lab	63.00, 68.11, -6.79
CIE LCh	63, 68.448, 354.309
Yxy	31.5869, 0.4209, 0.2563
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294925479 (0xFFFF5CA7)
YUV	149.2870, 8.7325, 92.7103
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 66.4232, -2.6397

# Details

The CIELCh color **63, 68.448, 354.309** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **90, 63.699, 158.217**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 52.643, 338.076**, and **43, 68.409, 354.428** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 75.736, 356.822**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 59.331, 352.305**.

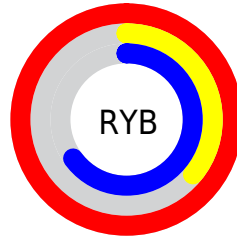
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (36%)

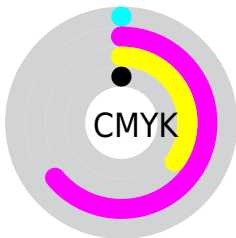
Blue (65%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (65%)

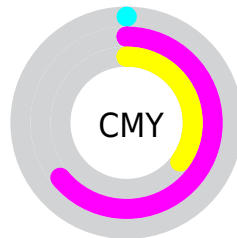


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (64%)


Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 68.448, 354.309 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 68.448, 354.309 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63, 68.448,  
354.309


 63, 68.448,  
354.309


 100, 68.448,  
354.309


 53, 68.448,  
354.309


 83, 68.448,  
354.309

 43, 68.448,  
354.309

 93, 68.448,  
354.309

 33, 68.448,  
354.309

 23, 68.448,  
354.309

 13, 68.448,  
354.309

 3, 68.448, 354.309

 0, 68.448, 354.309

63, 68.448,  
354.309

63, 68.448,  
354.309

59, 75.736,  
356.822

67, 59.331,  
352.305

57, 80.761, 0.013

73, 48.981,  
350.668

55, 83.462, 4.051

78, 37.942,  
349.294

55, 84.347, 6.844

84, 26.641,  
348.113

91, 15.374,  
347.069

97, 4.327, 346.070

100, 0.105,  
205.736

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 68.448, 354.309



90, 63.699, 158.217

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 68.448, 354.309



63, 68.448, 44.309



63, 68.448, 174.309



63, 68.448, 224.309

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 68.444, 354.310



88, 21.022, 347.578



56, 92.647, 313.225



45, 14.509, 347.881



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 68.444, 354.310



59, 77.573, 357.704



62, 69.138, 30.472



50, 6.218, 346.631



41, 68.003, 5.936



10, 31.551, 359.733





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 68.444, 354.310



59, 77.573, 357.704



90, 41.720, 200.786



50, 6.218, 346.631



41, 68.003, 5.936

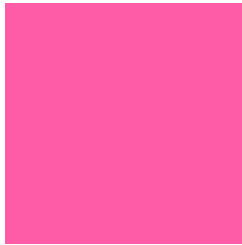


10, 31.551, 359.733



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 68.448, 354.309 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

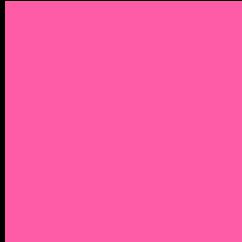
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 68.448, 354.309 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 63, 68.448, 354.309

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 68.448, 354.309.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 68.448, 354.309.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
63, 68.448, 354.309

**Protanopia**  
63, 30.915, 285.105

**Deuteranopia**  
63, 8.630, 339.925



**Tritanopia**  
63, 61.591, 23.863



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
63, 68.448, 354.309



**Protanomaly**  
61, 39.682, 320.543



**Deuteranomaly**  
62, 32.370, 348.729



**Tritanomaly**  
63, 61.860, 12.688

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
63, 68.448, 354.309



**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
60, 27.340, 349.081

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 68.448, 354.309 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 92, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 92, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 92, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 92, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 68.448, 354.309 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 92, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 92, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 92, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 92, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 92, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 92,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 68.448, 354.309 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 92, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 92,  
167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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