

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 0.737, 18.728)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 0.737, 18.728) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(79, 0.737, 18.728)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5C3C3
RGB	197, 195, 195
RGB Percent	77%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.2269, 0.2347, 0.2347
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.23
HSL	0°, 2%, 77%
HSV	0°, 1%, 77%
XYZ	52.4752, 54.9284, 59.5488
YIQ	195.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

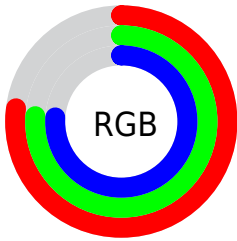
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	197, 195, 195
Decimal	12960707
CIELab	79.00, 0.70, 0.24
CIELCh	79, 0.737, 18.728
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3143, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291150787 (0xFFC5C3C3)
YUV	195.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, -3.3144, 4.2413

# Details

The CIELCh color  $79, 0.737, 18.728$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $79, 0.729, 200.240$ , and the grayscale version is  $79, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99, 0.702, 18.515$ , and  $59, 0.782, 18.938$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $73, 8.290, 20.186$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $85, 6.251, 199.193$ .

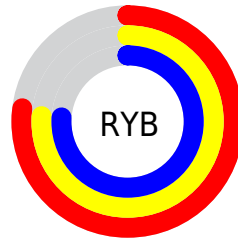
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (76%)

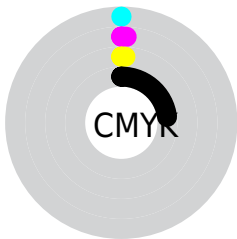
Blue (76%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (76%)

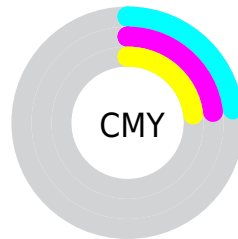


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 0.737, 18.728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 0.737, 18.728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79, 0.737, 18.728

■ 79, 0.737, 18.728

100, 0.737, 18.728

■ 69, 0.737, 18.728

■ 99, 0.737, 18.728

■ 59, 0.737, 18.728

■ 49, 0.737, 18.728

■ 39, 0.737, 18.728

■ 29, 0.737, 18.728

■ 19, 0.737, 18.728

■ 9, 0.737, 18.728

■ 0, 0.737, 18.728

■ 79, 0.737, 18.728

■ 79, 0.737, 18.728

73, 8.290, 20.186

85, 6.251, 199.193

68, 16.448, 21.048

90, 12.719,  
198.750

63, 25.212, 22.138

96, 18.725,  
198.418

58, 34.530, 23.555

53, 44.274, 25.403

96, 18.969,  
198.252

49, 54.222, 27.789

46, 64.053, 30.774

43, 73.304, 34.243

42, 81.087, 37.635

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 0.737, 18.728



79, 0.729, 200.240

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 0.737, 18.728



79, 0.737, 68.728



79, 0.737, 198.728



79, 0.737, 248.728

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 0.736, 18.867

100, 0.012, 296.813



79, 1.311, 324.303



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 0.736, 18.867



99, 0.893, 18.867



79, 0.637, 74.727



42, 0.414, 18.802



34, 74.621, 39.799



3, 15.868, 19.492





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 0.729, 200.240



100, 0.885, 200.240



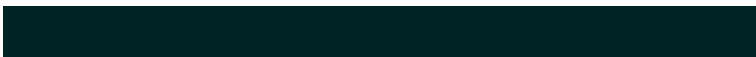
79, 0.650, 256.099



42, 0.410, 200.305



61, 35.802, 196.643

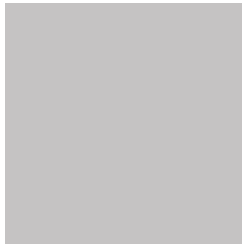


12, 12.959, 196.587



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 0.737, 18.728 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 79, 0.737, 18.728 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

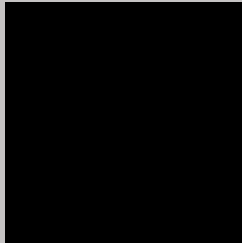
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

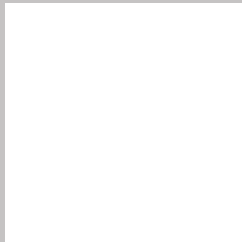
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 79, 0.737, 18.728**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 0.737, 18.728.

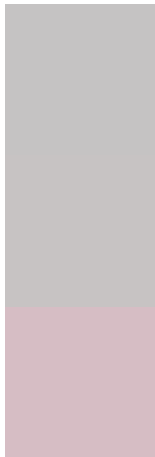


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 0.737, 18.728.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


79, 0.737, 18.728

### Protanopia

79, 1.475, 19.154

### Deuteranopia

79, 10.046, 358.443



**Tritanopia**  
79, 8.339, 305.850

# Trichromacy



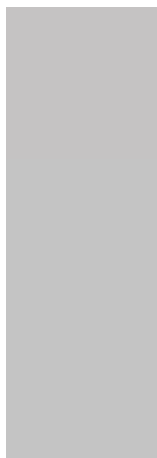
**Original Color**  
79, 0.737, 18.728

**Protanomaly**  
79, 1.105, 19.002

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 6.863, 357.068

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 5.048, 307.289

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 0.737, 18.728

**Achromatopsia**  
79, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 0.010, 296.813



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 0.737, 18.728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 195, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 195, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 195, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 195, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 0.737, 18.728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 195, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 195, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 195, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 195, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 195, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 195,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 0.737, 18.728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 195, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
195, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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