

Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 11.416, 198.648)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(79, 11.416, 198.648)
contains.

CIELCh(79, 11.546, 198.588)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(79, 11.546, 198.588)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9CACA
RGB	169, 202, 202
RGB Percent	66%, 79%, 79%
CMY	0.3373, 0.2079, 0.2079
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	180°, 24%, 73%
HSV	180°, 16%, 79%
XYZ	48.1328, 54.9284, 63.9306
YIQ	192.1330, -19.6680, -6.9960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

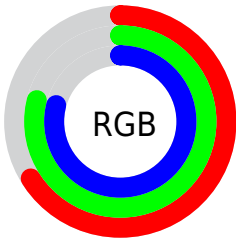
Format	Color
RYB	169, 186, 202
Decimal	11127498
CIELab	79.00, -10.94, -3.68
CIELCh	79, 11.546, 198.588
Yxy	54.9284, 0.2882, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289317578 (0xFFA9CACA)
YUV	192.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, -13.7730, 0.7360

Details

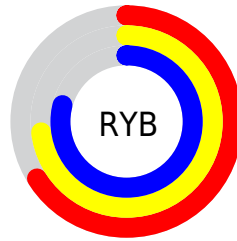
The CIELCh color **79, 11.546, 198.588** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **72, 12.829, 20.487**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 10.172, 198.828**, and **59, 11.684, 198.344** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 18.012, 198.088**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 4.600, 199.172**.

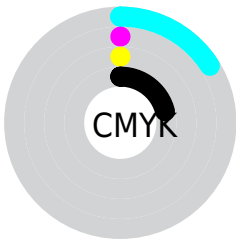
Distribution



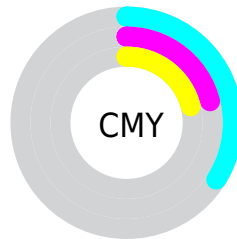
- Red (66%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (21%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 11.546, 198.588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 11.546, 198.588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 79, 11.546,
198.588

 79, 11.546,
198.588


 100, 11.546,
198.588


 69, 11.546,
198.588


 99, 11.546,
198.588

 59, 11.546,
198.588

 49, 11.546,
198.588

 39, 11.546,
198.588

 29, 11.546,
198.588

 19, 11.546,
198.588

 9, 11.546, 198.588

■ 0, 11.546, 198.588

■ 79, 11.546,
198.588

■ 79, 11.546,
198.588

■ 78, 18.012,
198.088

■ 80, 4.600, 199.172

■ 77, 23.877,
197.656

■ 82, 2.717, 19.401

■ 76, 29.028,
197.285

■ 84, 10.301, 20.134

■ 75, 33.364,
196.978

■ 86, 20.093, 20.920

■ 75, 36.814,
196.736

■ 86, 20.093, 20.918

■ 74, 39.349,
196.561

■ 86, 20.092, 20.913

■ 74, 40.992,
196.447

■ 86, 20.092, 20.911

■ 74, 41.837,
196.389

■ 74, 42.047,
196.374

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 11.546, 198.588



72, 12.829, 20.487

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 11.546, 198.588



79, 11.546, 248.588



79, 11.546, 18.588



79, 11.546, 68.588

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 11.547, 198.580



99, 4.397, 199.270



78, 21.467, 143.018



53, 2.995, 199.214



0, 0.000, 0.000



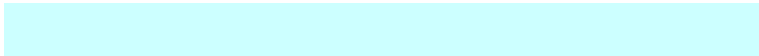
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 11.547, 198.580



97, 16.872, 198.379



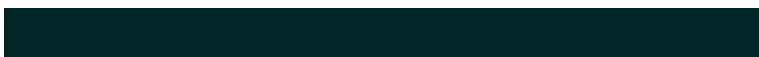
75, 10.341, 255.845



42, 4.119, 198.970



62, 36.303, 196.374



13, 13.514, 196.377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 12.829, 20.487



86, 19.269, 20.845



76, 10.831, 71.602



40, 4.369, 19.918



34, 75.550, 39.820



4, 17.910, 19.401

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 11.546, 198.588 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

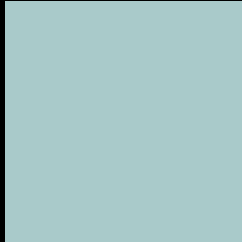
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 11.546, 198.588 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

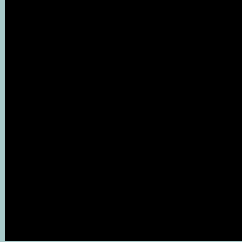
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

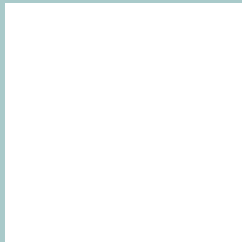
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 79, 11.546, 198.588

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 11.546, 198.588.



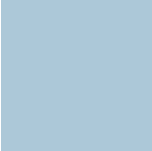
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 11.546, 198.588.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
79, 12.602, 241.785

Trichromacy



Original Color
79, 11.546, 198.588

Protanomaly
79, 3.743, 215.894

Deuteranomaly
79, 5.369, 294.517

Tritanomaly
79, 11.475, 226.619

Monochromacy



Original Color
79, 11.546, 198.588

Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
78, 4.338, 199.195

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 11.546, 198.588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 202, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 202, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 202, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 202, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 11.546, 198.588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 202, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 202, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 202, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 202, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 202, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 202,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 11.546, 198.588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 202, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
202, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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