

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 11.787, 44.123)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 11.787, 44.123) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(79, 11.809, 43.934)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DABEB5
RGB	218, 190, 181
RGB Percent	85%, 75%, 71%
CMY	0.1460, 0.2557, 0.2910
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.17, 0.15
HSL	15°, 33%, 78%
HSV	15°, 17%, 85%
XYZ	55.5286, 54.9284, 51.2739
YIQ	197.3460, 19.5770, 3.1370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

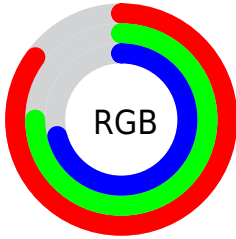
Format	Color
RYP	218, 193, 181
Decimal	14335669
CIELab	79.00, 8.50, 8.19
CIELCh	79, 11.809, 43.934
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3433, 0.3396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292525749 (0xFFDABEB5)
YUV	197.3460, -8.0586, 18.1136
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, 4.0395, 10.8611

# Details

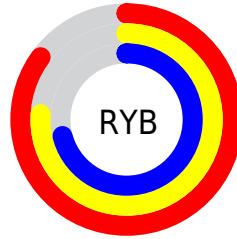
The CIELCh color **79, 11.809, 43.934** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **82, 10.624, 225.614**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 5.585, 74.476**, and **59, 11.921, 45.374** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 19.543, 43.724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 4.665, 44.213**.

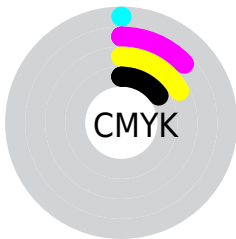
# Distribution



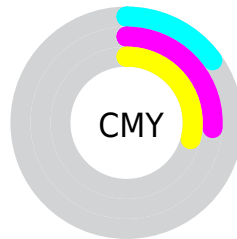
- Red (85%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 11.809, 43.934 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 11.809, 43.934 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79, 11.809, 43.934

 79, 11.809, 43.934

 100, 11.809,  
43.934

 69, 11.809, 43.934

 99, 11.809, 43.934

 59, 11.809, 43.934

 49, 11.809, 43.934

 39, 11.809, 43.934

 29, 11.809, 43.934

 19, 11.809, 43.934

 9, 11.809, 43.934

 0, 11.809, 43.934

 79, 11.809, 43.934

 79, 11.809, 43.934

74, 19.543, 43.724

84, 4.665, 44.213

70, 27.911, 43.620

88, 1.941, 225.038

66, 36.929, 43.669

93, 8.067, 225.281

62, 46.566, 43.896

97, 12.523,  
198.669

58, 56.699, 44.297

55, 67.015, 44.794

52, 76.792, 45.130

49, 84.620, 44.759

49, 86.721, 44.687

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 11.809, 43.934



82, 10.624, 225.614

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 11.809, 43.934



79, 11.809, 93.934



79, 11.809, 223.934



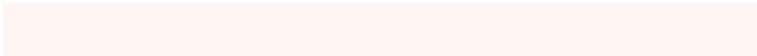
79, 11.809, 273.934

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 11.808, 43.946



97, 3.765, 44.240



78, 20.321, 332.811



52, 2.576, 44.234



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 11.808, 43.946



89, 16.009, 43.865



84, 14.735, 94.029



44, 3.850, 44.154



39, 72.759, 45.126



7, 20.395, 34.213



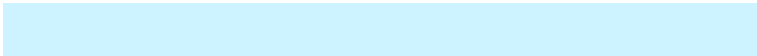


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 10.624, 225.614



93, 14.091, 225.846



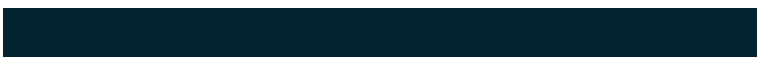
77, 14.865, 278.374



45, 3.641, 225.171



51, 33.981, 244.627



12, 13.219, 235.686



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 11.809, 43.934 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 11.809, 43.934 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

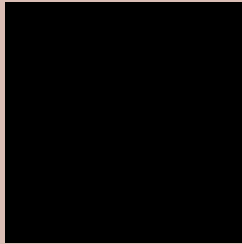
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 11.809, 43.934

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 11.809, 43.934.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 11.809, 43.934.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79, 11.809, 43.934

### Protanopia

79, 6.405, 85.260

### Deuteranopia

79, 12.702, 39.720



**Tritanopia**  
79, 14.334, 349.299



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 11.809, 43.934

**Protanomaly**  
79, 7.793, 62.621

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 12.331, 40.308

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 12.066, 5.073

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 11.809, 43.934

**Achromatopsia**  
80, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 4.396, 40.842

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 11.809, 43.934 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 190, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 190, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 190, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 190, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 11.809, 43.934 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 190, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 190, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 190, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 190, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 190, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 190,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 11.809, 43.934 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 190, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
190, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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