

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 11.997, 91.027)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 11.997, 91.027) contains.

<b>CIELCh(79, 12.310, 90.806)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(79, 12.310, 90.806)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDC3AD
RGB	205, 195, 173
RGB Percent	80%, 76%, 68%
CMY	0.1967, 0.2359, 0.3222
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.16, 0.20
HSL	41°, 24%, 74%
HSV	41°, 16%, 80%
XYZ	52.1416, 54.9284, 47.3122
YIQ	195.4820, 13.0220, -4.7220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

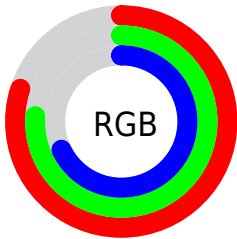
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	188, 205, 173
Decimal	13484973
CIE Lab	79.00, -0.17, 12.31
CIE LCh	79, 12.310, 90.806
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3377, 0.3558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291675053 (0xFFCDC3AD)
YUV	195.4820, -11.0836, 8.3473
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, -4.1179, 14.0304

# Details

The CIELCh color **79, 12.310, 90.806** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74, 12.322, 274.895**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 12.212, 104.125**, and **59, 12.021, 88.665** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 20.381, 89.532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 4.381, 92.032**.

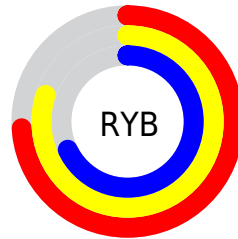
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (76%)

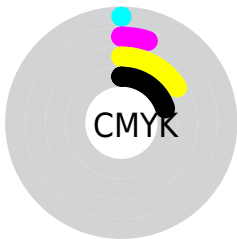
Blue (68%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (68%)

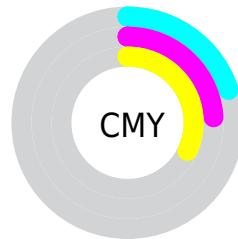


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 12.310, 90.806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 12.310, 90.806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79, 12.310, 90.806

■ 79, 12.310, 90.806

■ 100, 12.310,  
90.806

■ 69, 12.310, 90.806

■ 99, 12.310, 90.806

■ 59, 12.310, 90.806

■ 49, 12.310, 90.806

■ 39, 12.310, 90.806

■ 29, 12.310, 90.806

■ 19, 12.310, 90.806

■ 9, 12.310, 90.806

■ 0, 12.310, 90.806

■ 79, 12.310, 90.806

■ 79, 12.310, 90.806

77, 20.381, 89.532

81, 4.381, 92.032

75, 28.562, 88.204

83, 3.400, 273.355

73, 36.791, 86.836

86, 11.035,  
274.462

71, 44.938, 85.424

88, 18.530,  
275.556

69, 52.762, 83.949

67, 59.839, 82.364

89, 16.159,  
264.683

66, 65.507, 80.575

91, 14.450,  
250.595

64, 68.992, 78.424

63, 70.091, 77.416

93, 13.775,  
234.144

94, 14.260,  
217.591

96, 15.776,  
203.272



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 12.310, 90.806



74, 12.322, 274.895

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 12.310, 90.806



79, 12.310, 140.806



79, 12.310, 270.806



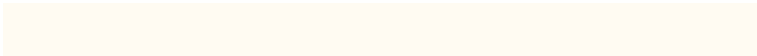
79, 12.310, 320.806

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 12.311, 90.816



99, 4.654, 92.094



74, 13.291, 356.318



53, 3.178, 92.014



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



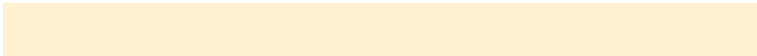


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 12.311, 90.816



95, 17.952, 90.356



81, 17.027, 116.260



42, 4.428, 91.586



52, 59.917, 77.857



10, 15.664, 81.004



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 12.322, 274.895



88, 17.963, 275.458



72, 17.607, 298.551



40, 4.437, 274.005



27, 72.585, 297.440

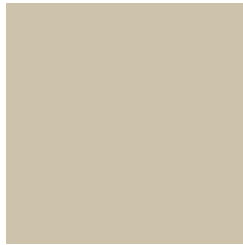


4, 18.547, 282.952



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 12.310, 90.806 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 12.310, 90.806 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

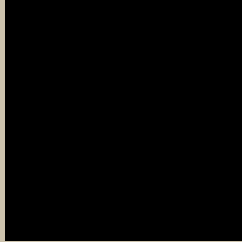
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

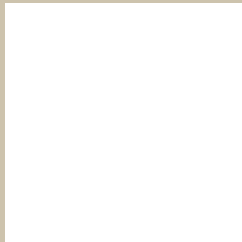
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 12.310, 90.806

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 12.310, 90.806.

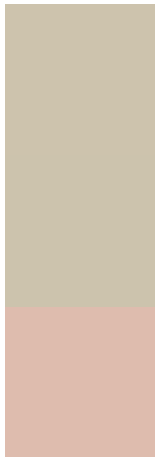


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 12.310, 90.806.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79, 12.310, 90.806

### Protanopia

79, 12.194, 92.542

### Deuteranopia

79, 15.301, 49.239





**Tritanopia**  
79, 10.642, 331.437

# Trichromacy



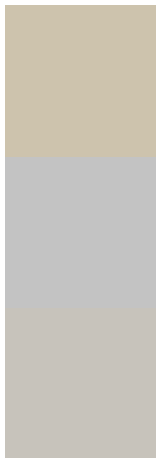
**Original Color**  
79, 12.310, 90.806

**Protanomaly**  
79, 12.194, 92.542

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 13.270, 59.698

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 5.620, 14.332

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 12.310, 90.806

**Achromatopsia**  
79, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 4.499, 90.333

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 12.310, 90.806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 195, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 195, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 195, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 195, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 12.310, 90.806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

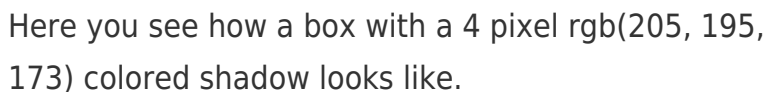
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 195, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 195, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 195, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 195, 173); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 195, 173); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 195, 173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 12.310, 90.806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 195, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
195, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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