

Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 12.132, 166.114)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(79, 12.132, 166.114)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(79, 12.076, 166.486)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AECABE
RGB	174, 202, 190
RGB Percent	68%, 79%, 75%
CMY	0.3178, 0.2080, 0.2551
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.06, 0.21
HSL	154°, 21%, 74%
HSV	154°, 14%, 79%
XYZ	47.8443, 54.9284, 56.7694
YIQ	192.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

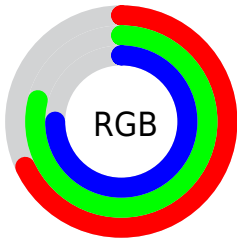
Format	Color
RYB	174, 192, 202
Decimal	11455166
CIELab	79.00, -11.74, 2.82
CIELCh	79, 12.076, 166.486
Yxy	54.9284, 0.2999, 0.3443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289645246 (0xFFAECABE)
YUV	192.2600, -1.1142, -16.0140
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, -14.4679, 6.4648

Details

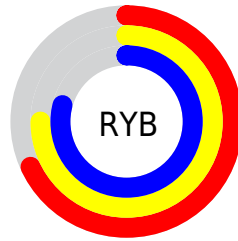
The CIELCh color $79, 12.076, 166.486$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $74, 12.372, 348.910$, and the grayscale version is $78, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98, 9.863, 171.092$, and $59, 12.128, 167.351$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78, 20.675, 165.471$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81, 3.368, 167.483$.

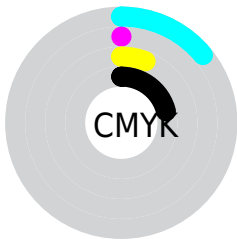
Distribution



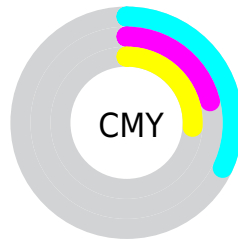
- Red (68%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (26%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 12.076, 166.486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 12.076, 166.486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 79, 12.076,
166.486

 79, 12.076,
166.486

 100, 12.076,
166.486

 69, 12.076,
166.486

 99, 12.076,
166.486

 59, 12.076,
166.486

 49, 12.076,
166.486

 39, 12.076,
166.486

 29, 12.076,
166.486

 19, 12.076,
166.486

 9, 12.076, 166.486

■ 0, 12.076, 166.486

■ 79, 12.076,
166.486

■ 79, 12.076,
166.486

■ 78, 20.675,
165.471

■ 81, 3.368, 167.483

■ 76, 29.035,
164.360

■ 82, 5.352, 348.105

■ 75, 37.019,
163.124

■ 84, 14.001,
348.926

■ 74, 44.480,
161.735

■ 86, 22.520,
349.655

■ 73, 51.282,
160.171

■ 87, 25.059,
340.783

■ 73, 57.315,
158.407

■ 87, 28.053,
333.616

■ 87, 31.425,

■ 72, 62.524,
156.431

327.986

■ 72, 66.928,
154.251

■ 87, 33.266,
325.582

■ 72, 69.356,
152.879

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 12.076, 166.486



74, 12.372, 348.910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 12.076, 166.486



79, 12.076, 216.486



79, 12.076, 346.486



79, 12.076, 36.486

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 12.078, 166.482



99, 4.212, 167.460



79, 16.060, 130.773



53, 2.994, 167.374



0, 0.000, 0.000



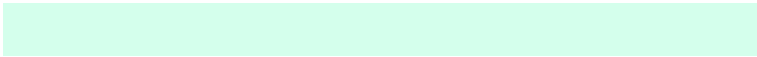
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 12.078, 166.482



97, 17.870, 166.150



79, 9.239, 205.001



42, 4.986, 166.914



60, 59.481, 153.235



12, 19.957, 159.009

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 12.372, 348.910



89, 18.411, 349.255



74, 10.117, 25.883



40, 5.071, 348.467



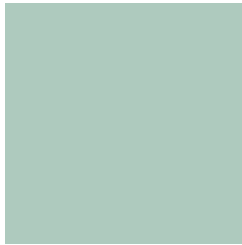
35, 61.188, 8.440



4, 19.294, 357.870

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 12.076, 166.486 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

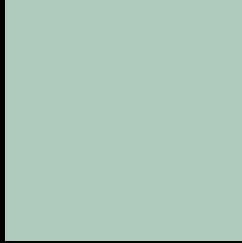
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 79, 12.076, 166.486 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

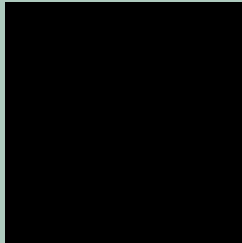
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

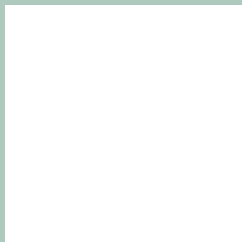
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 79, 12.076, 166.486

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 12.076, 166.486.

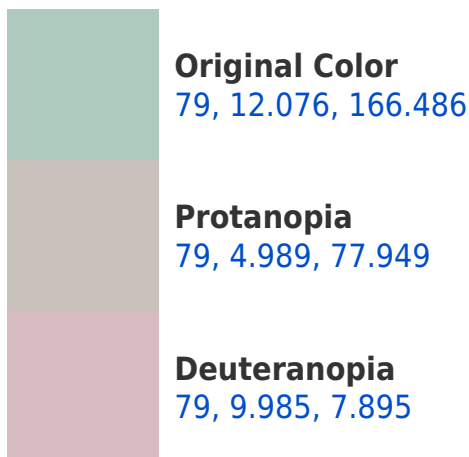


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 12.076, 166.486.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
79, 10.835, 251.407

Trichromacy



Original Color
79, 12.076, 166.486

Protanomaly
79, 5.792, 132.301

Deuteranomaly
79, 2.456, 45.029

Tritanomaly
79, 8.296, 221.737

Monochromacy



Original Color
79, 12.076, 166.486

Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
78, 4.861, 165.786

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 12.076, 166.486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 202, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 202, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 202, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 202, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 12.076, 166.486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 202, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 202, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 202, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 202, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 202, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 202,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 12.076, 166.486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 202, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
202, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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