

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 17.679, 20.664)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 17.679, 20.664) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(79, 17.694, 20.833)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7B9B9
RGB	231, 185, 185
RGB Percent	91%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.0958, 0.2761, 0.2761
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.20, 0.10
HSL	0°, 48%, 81%
HSV	0°, 20%, 90%
XYZ	58.7920, 54.9284, 53.1758
YIQ	198.7540, 27.4160, 9.7520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

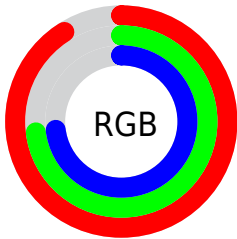
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	231, 185, 185
Decimal	15186361
CIE Lab	79.00, 16.54, 6.29
CIE LCh	79, 17.694, 20.833
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3523, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293376441 (0xFFE7B9B9)
YUV	198.7540, -6.7807, 28.2797
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, 11.8993, 9.3396

# Details

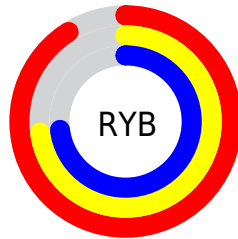
The CIELCh color **79, 17.694, 20.833** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **88, 15.510, 198.400**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 4.993, 19.612**, and **59, 17.709, 21.257** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 27.602, 21.925**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 8.478, 19.979**.

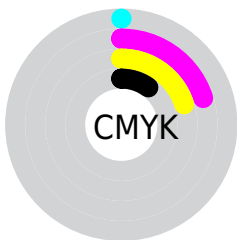
# Distribution



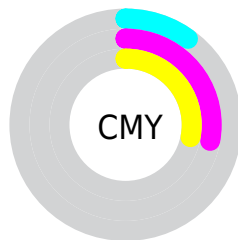
- Red (91%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 17.694, 20.833 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 17.694, 20.833 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79, 17.694, 20.833

 79, 17.694, 20.833

 100, 17.694,  
20.833

 69, 17.694, 20.833

 99, 17.694, 20.833

 59, 17.694, 20.833

 49, 17.694, 20.833

 39, 17.694, 20.833

 29, 17.694, 20.833

 19, 17.694, 20.833

 9, 17.694, 20.833

 0, 17.694, 20.833

 79, 17.694, 20.833

 79, 17.694, 20.833

73, 27.602, 21.925

85, 8.478, 19.979

67, 38.154, 23.336

92, 0.049, 212.138

62, 49.205, 25.182

98, 7.926, 198.991

57, 60.501, 27.573

98, 8.333, 198.958

54, 71.676, 30.578

51, 82.204, 34.090

49, 91.086, 37.550

48, 96.872, 39.986

48, 96.905, 40.001

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 17.694, 20.833



88, 15.510, 198.400

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 17.694, 20.833



79, 17.694, 70.833



79, 17.694, 200.833



79, 17.694, 250.833

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 17.692, 20.840



96, 5.468, 19.662



80, 29.386, 325.528



51, 3.636, 19.717



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 17.692, 20.840



84, 23.486, 21.261



85, 14.992, 72.932



45, 4.816, 19.940



37, 79.983, 39.972



6, 27.104, 21.761



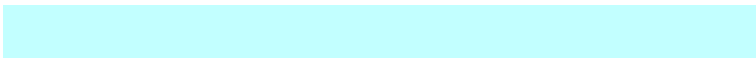


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 15.510, 198.400



96, 19.972, 198.195



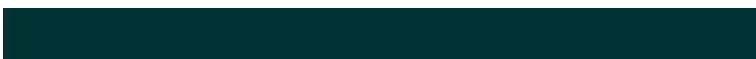
82, 14.221, 258.307



47, 4.537, 198.975



66, 38.343, 196.396

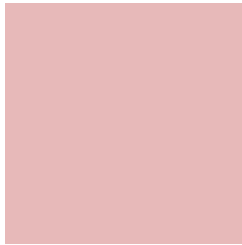


18, 16.090, 196.395



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 17.694, 20.833 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

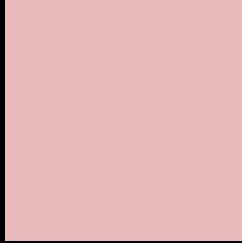
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 17.694, 20.833 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

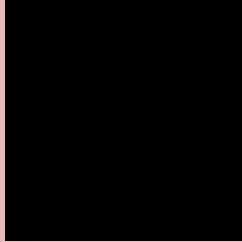
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 17.694, 20.833

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 17.694, 20.833.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 17.694, 20.833.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79, 17.694, 20.833

### Protanopia

79, 3.458, 69.601

### Deuteranopia

79, 11.798, 33.209



**Tritanopia**  
79, 19.816, 359.138



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 17.694, 20.833

**Protanomaly**  
79, 8.092, 31.294

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 13.916, 27.014

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 18.298, 7.580

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 17.694, 20.833

**Achromatopsia**  
80, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 6.352, 19.823

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 17.694, 20.833 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 185, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 185, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 185, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 185, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 17.694, 20.833 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 185, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 185, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 185, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 185, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 185, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 185,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 17.694, 20.833 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 185, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
185, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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