

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 18.265, 2.362)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 18.265, 2.362) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(79, 18.265, 2.362)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6B8C3
RGB	230, 184, 195
RGB Percent	90%, 72%, 76%
CMY	0.0988, 0.2791, 0.2360
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.15, 0.10
HSL	346°, 48%, 81%
HSV	346°, 20%, 90%
XYZ	59.5038, 54.9284, 58.9869
YIQ	199.0080, 23.8850, 13.1730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

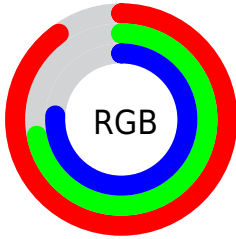
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 184, 195
Decimal	15120579
CIE Lab	79.00, 18.25, 0.75
CIE LCh	79, 18.265, 2.362
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3431, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293310659 (0xFFE6B8C3)
YUV	199.0080, -1.9759, 27.1800
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, 13.6136, 4.6908

# Details

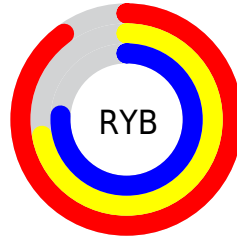
The CIELCh color **79, 18.265, 2.362** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **88, 16.998, 178.465**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 8.136, 330.850**, and **59, 18.114, 3.388** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 27.944, 3.703**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 8.928, 1.218**.

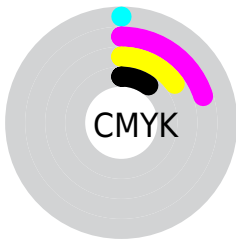
# Distribution



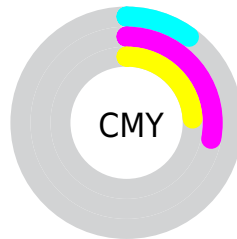
- Red (90%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 18.265, 2.362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 18.265, 2.362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79, 18.265, 2.362

 79, 18.265, 2.362

 100, 18.265, 2.362

 69, 18.265, 2.362

 99, 18.265, 2.362

 59, 18.265, 2.362

 49, 18.265, 2.362

 39, 18.265, 2.362

 29, 18.265, 2.362

 19, 18.265, 2.362

 9, 18.265, 2.362

 0, 18.265, 2.362

 79, 18.265, 2.362

 79, 18.265, 2.362

73, 27.944, 3.703

85, 8.928, 1.218

68, 37.819, 5.313

91, 0.017, 325.346

62, 47.638, 7.297

97, 8.454, 179.554

58, 57.047, 9.790

98, 8.585, 198.940

54, 65.631, 12.949

51, 73.036, 16.933

49, 79.150, 21.805

48, 84.356, 27.244

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 18.265, 2.362



88, 16.998, 178.465

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 18.265, 2.362



79, 18.265, 52.362



79, 18.265, 182.362



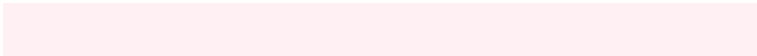
79, 18.265, 232.362

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 18.263, 2.367



96, 5.767, 0.779



79, 27.476, 318.155



51, 3.831, 0.854



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 18.263, 2.367



84, 24.041, 2.890



82, 14.675, 44.606



45, 5.053, 1.158



37, 69.292, 26.224



7, 26.643, 11.650





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 18.263, 2.367



84, 24.041, 2.890



85, 12.940, 226.709



45, 5.053, 1.158



37, 69.292, 26.224

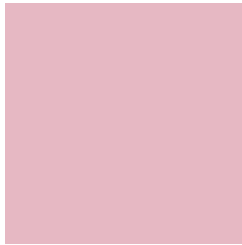


7, 26.643, 11.650



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 18.265, 2.362 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

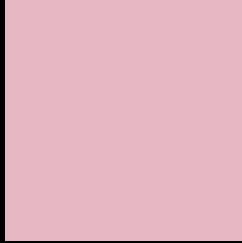
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 79, 18.265, 2.362 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

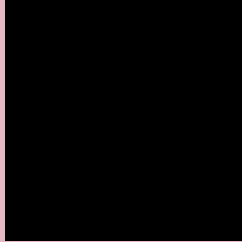
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 18.265, 2.362

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 18.265, 2.362.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 18.265, 2.362.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79, 18.265, 2.362

### Protanopia

79, 3.405, 309.163

### Deuteranopia

79, 9.603, 7.368



**Tritanopia**  
79, 19.294, 356.719



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 18.265, 2.362

**Protanomaly**  
79, 8.239, 348.889

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 12.435, 5.577

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 19.112, 358.196

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 18.265, 2.362

**Achromatopsia**  
80, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
80, 6.668, 1.283

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 18.265, 2.362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 184, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 184, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 184, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 184, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 18.265, 2.362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 184, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 184, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 184, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 184, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 184, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 184,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 18.265, 2.362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 184, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
184, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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