

Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 21.240, 197.443)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(79, 21.240, 197.443)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(79, 21.194, 197.888)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FCFCF
RGB	143, 207, 207
RGB Percent	56%, 81%, 81%
CMY	0.4395, 0.1885, 0.1885
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	180°, 40%, 69%
HSV	180°, 31%, 81%
XYZ	44.8669, 54.9284, 67.2260
YIQ	187.8640, -38.1440, -13.5680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

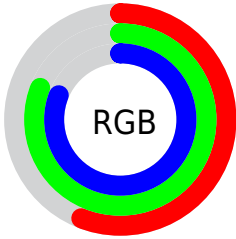
Format	Color
RYB	143, 175, 207
Decimal	9424847
CIELab	79.00, -20.17, -6.51
CIELCh	79, 21.194, 197.888
Yxy	54.9284, 0.2686, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287614927 (0xFF8FCFCF)
YUV	187.8640, 9.4340, -39.3457
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, -21.6387, -1.9003

Details

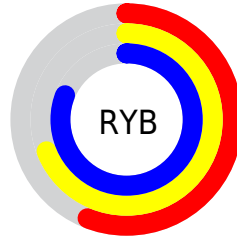
The CIELCh color **79, 21.194, 197.888** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **66, 26.193, 22.015**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 18.406, 198.288**, and **59, 21.460, 197.484** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 26.851, 197.480**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 14.869, 198.349**.

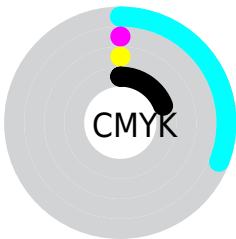
Distribution



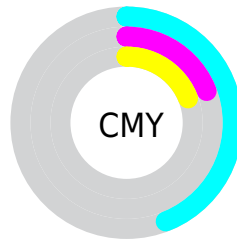
- Red (56%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (19%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 21.194, 197.888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 21.194, 197.888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 79, 21.194,
197.888

 79, 21.194,
197.888

 100, 21.194,
197.888


 69, 21.194,
197.888


 99, 21.194,
197.888

 59, 21.194,
197.888

 49, 21.194,
197.888

 39, 21.194,
197.888

 29, 21.194,
197.888

 19, 21.194,
197.888

 9, 21.194, 197.888

■ 0, 21.194, 197.888

■ 79, 21.194,
197.888

■ 79, 21.194,
197.888

■ 78, 26.851,
197.480

■ 80, 14.869,
198.349

■ 77, 31.728,
197.138

■ 81, 7.996, 198.882

■ 77, 35.735,
196.862

■ 83, 0.694, 200.167

■ 85, 6.928, 19.841

■ 76, 38.816,
196.651

■ 86, 14.773, 20.480

■ 76, 40.966,
196.506

■ 87, 18.077, 20.739

■ 87, 18.077, 20.738

■ 76, 42.239,
196.420

■ 87, 18.077, 20.736

■ 76, 42.815,
196.381

■ 87, 18.077, 20.735

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 21.194, 197.888



66, 26.193, 22.015

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 21.194, 197.888



79, 21.194, 247.888



79, 21.194, 17.888



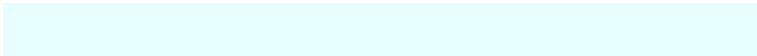
79, 21.194, 67.888

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 21.194, 197.884



98, 7.839, 198.991



78, 41.455, 141.879



52, 5.426, 198.902



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 21.194, 197.884



94, 29.223, 197.614



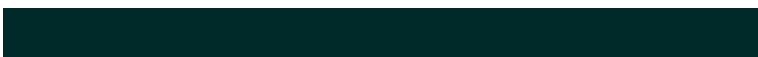
70, 19.733, 258.427



43, 4.203, 198.972



62, 36.713, 196.381



14, 14.039, 196.382

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 26.193, 22.015



76, 37.998, 22.905



73, 21.693, 69.835



41, 4.460, 19.924



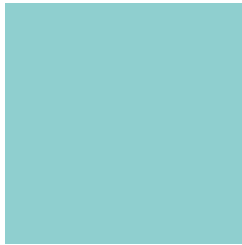
35, 76.454, 39.862



4, 20.018, 19.465

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 21.194, 197.888 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

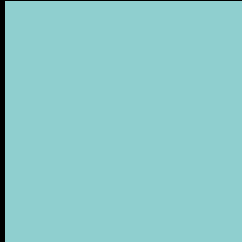
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 21.194, 197.888 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

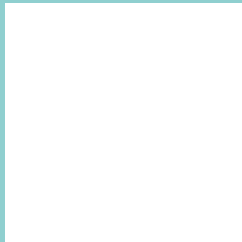
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 79, 21.194, 197.888

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 21.194, 197.888.



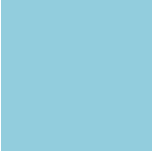
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 21.194, 197.888.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
79, 20.508, 223.000

Trichromacy



Original Color
79, 21.194, 197.888

Protanomaly
79, 7.910, 210.634

Deuteranomaly
79, 8.502, 261.191

Tritanomaly
79, 20.349, 213.395

Monochromacy



Original Color
79, 21.194, 197.888

Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
77, 8.206, 198.837

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 21.194, 197.888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 207, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 207, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 207, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 207, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 21.194, 197.888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 207, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 207, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 207, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 207, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 207, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 207,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 21.194, 197.888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 207, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
207, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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