

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 22.847, 143.250)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 22.847, 143.250)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(79, 22.836, 143.384)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AACDAA
RGB	170, 205, 170
RGB Percent	67%, 80%, 67%
CMY	0.3344, 0.1972, 0.3344
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.17, 0.20
HSL	120°, 26%, 73%
HSV	120°, 17%, 80%
XYZ	45.5061, 54.9284, 46.0938
YIQ	190.5450, -9.6250, -18.3050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

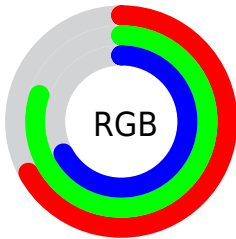
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	170, 205, 205
Decimal	11193770
CIELab	79.00, -18.33, 13.62
CIElCh	79, 22.836, 143.384
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3106, 0.3749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289383850 (0xFFAACDAA)
YUV	190.5450, -10.1287, -18.0180
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, -20.0992, 15.0052

# Details

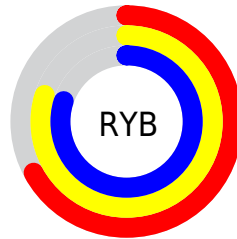
The CIELCh color **79, 22.836, 143.384** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **74, 22.858, 325.366**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 18.537, 142.885**, and **59, 23.036, 143.793** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 36.230, 142.603**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 9.424, 144.063**.

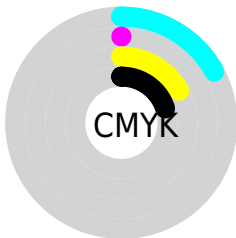
# Distribution



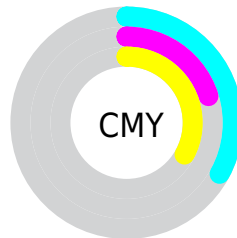
- Red (67%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 22.836, 143.384 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 22.836, 143.384 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79, 22.836,  
143.384

 79, 22.836,  
143.384

 100, 22.836,  
143.384

 69, 22.836,  
143.384

 99, 22.836,  
143.384

 59, 22.836,  
143.384

 49, 22.836,  
143.384

 39, 22.836,  
143.384

 29, 22.836,  
143.384

 19, 22.836,  
143.384

 9, 22.836, 143.384

■ 0, 22.836, 143.384

■ 79, 22.836,  
143.384

■ 79, 22.836,  
143.384

■ 77, 36.230,  
142.603

■ 81, 9.424, 144.063

■ 76, 49.365,  
141.701

■ 83, 3.838, 324.529

■ 75, 61.934,  
140.681

■ 85, 16.828,  
325.056

■ 74, 73.549,  
139.572

■ 88, 29.471,  
325.463

■ 73, 83.738,  
138.438

■ 88, 31.536,  
325.522

■ 72, 91.971,  
137.392

■ 72, 97.739,  
136.582

■ 72, 100.842,  
136.118

■ 72, 101.502,  
136.017

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 22.836, 143.384



74, 22.858, 325.366

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 22.836, 143.384



79, 22.836, 193.384



79, 22.836, 323.384



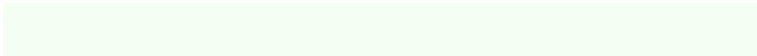
79, 22.836, 13.384

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 22.838, 143.384



99, 7.923, 144.197



81, 18.427, 108.530



53, 5.409, 144.149



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



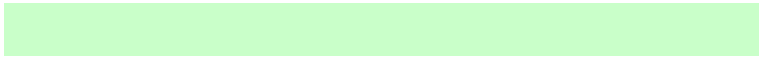


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 22.838, 143.384



95, 33.563, 143.072



79, 15.847, 162.195



42, 7.526, 143.914



59, 86.760, 136.017



12, 28.687, 142.915



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 22.858, 325.366



87, 33.583, 325.595



73, 16.191, 345.107



40, 7.538, 324.936



39, 83.706, 328.236



5, 29.040, 327.499



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 22.836, 143.384 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

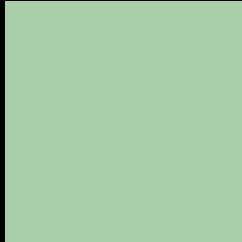
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 79, 22.836, 143.384 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

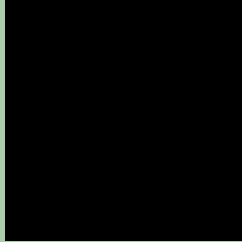
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

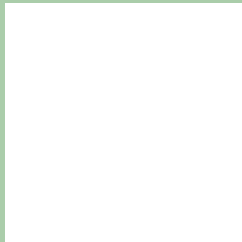
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 79, 22.836, 143.384**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 22.836, 143.384.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 22.836, 143.384.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

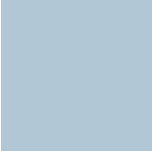


**Original Color**  
79, 22.836, 143.384

**Protanopia**  
79, 16.510, 93.559

**Deuteranopia**  
79, 15.595, 50.861





**Tritanopia**  
79, 10.870, 246.698

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 22.836, 143.384

**Protanomaly**  
79, 17.129, 116.398

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 12.206, 92.534

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 9.766, 189.245

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 22.836, 143.384

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
78, 7.851, 144.124

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 22.836, 143.384 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 205, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 205, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 205, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 205, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 22.836, 143.384 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 205, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 205, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 205, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 205, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 205, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 205,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 22.836, 143.384 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 205, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
205, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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