

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 33.181, 34.344)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 33.181, 34.344) contains.

<b>CIELCh(79, 33.046, 34.752)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(79, 33.046, 34.752)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB0A2
RGB	255, 176, 162
RGB Percent	100%, 69%, 64%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3097, 0.3646
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.36, 0.00
HSL	9°, 100%, 82%
HSV	9°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	63.2968, 54.9284, 41.4552
YIQ	198.0250, 51.5780, 12.3940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

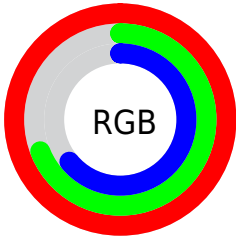
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 178, 162
Decimal	16756898
CIE Lab	79.00, 27.15, 18.84
CIE LCh	79, 33.046, 34.752
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3964, 0.3440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294946978 (0xFFFFB0A2)
YUV	198.0250, -17.7603, 49.9671
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, 22.7490, 18.7159

# Details

The CIELCh color **79, 33.046, 34.752** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **91, 25.232, 214.826**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 11.496, 61.712**, and **59, 32.995, 35.252** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 43.847, 35.466**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 22.990, 34.292**.

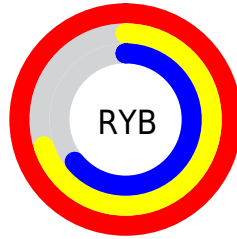
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (69%)

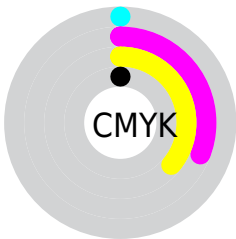
Blue (64%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (64%)

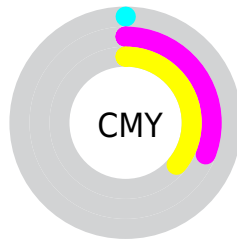


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 33.046, 34.752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 33.046, 34.752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79, 33.046, 34.752

 79, 33.046, 34.752

 100, 33.046,  
34.752

 69, 33.046, 34.752

 99, 33.046, 34.752

 59, 33.046, 34.752

 49, 33.046, 34.752

 39, 33.046, 34.752

 29, 33.046, 34.752

 19, 33.046, 34.752

 9, 33.046, 34.752

 0, 33.046, 34.752

 79, 33.046, 34.752

 79, 33.046, 34.752

74, 43.847, 35.466

85, 22.990, 34.292

69, 55.343, 36.464

90, 13.709, 34.006

64, 67.334, 37.776

96, 5.161, 33.807

61, 79.418, 39.342

100, 0.012,  
296.813

58, 90.712, 40.872

55, 99.334, 41.631

55, 101.669,  
41.801

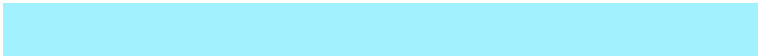
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 33.046, 34.752



91, 25.232, 214.826

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



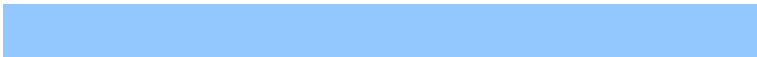
79, 33.046, 34.752



79, 33.046, 84.752



79, 33.046, 214.752



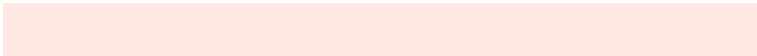
79, 33.046, 264.752

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 33.038, 34.759



93, 8.951, 33.899



78, 52.353, 331.104



49, 6.049, 33.924



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 33.038, 34.759



75, 41.115, 35.267



90, 33.926, 84.946



50, 4.597, 33.872



41, 81.499, 42.124



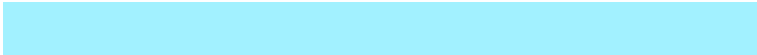
11, 30.699, 34.570



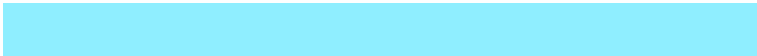


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 25.232, 214.826



89, 29.372, 215.312



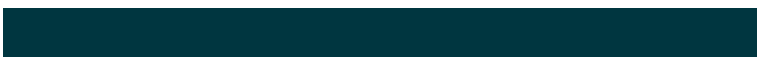
78, 33.409, 275.855



52, 4.323, 214.058



61, 35.101, 224.872



20, 16.228, 220.985



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 33.046, 34.752 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

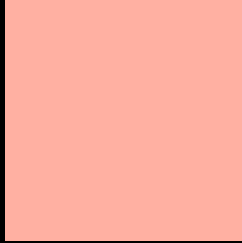
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 33.046, 34.752 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 33.046, 34.752

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 33.046, 34.752.

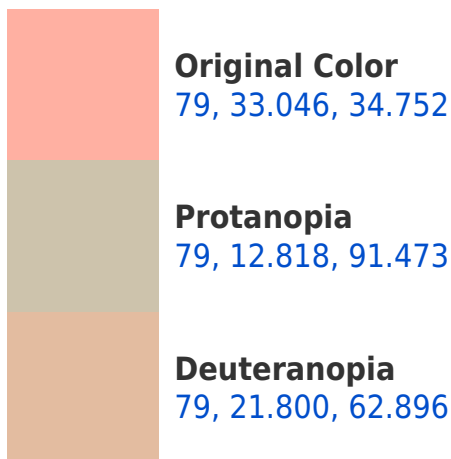


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 33.046, 34.752.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

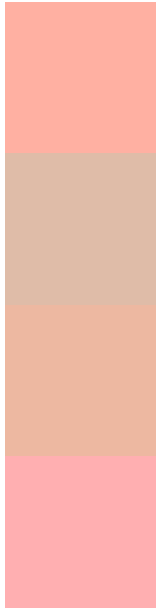




**Tritanopia**  
79, 31.770, 10.844



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 33.046, 34.752

**Protanomaly**  
79, 17.565, 57.252

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 24.869, 49.955

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 31.441, 20.228

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 33.046, 34.752

**Achromatopsia**  
80, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 11.404, 33.622

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 33.046, 34.752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 176, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 176, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 176, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 176, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 33.046, 34.752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 176, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 176, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 176, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 176, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 176, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 176,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 33.046, 34.752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 176, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
176, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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