

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 35.026, 245.740)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 35.026, 245.740)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(79, 35.056, 245.671)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71CEFE
RGB	113, 206, 254
RGB Percent	44%, 81%, 100%
CMY	0.5560, 0.1914, 0.0031
CMYK	0.55, 0.19, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	200°, 99%, 72%
HSV	200°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	46.8763, 54.9284, 102.0662
YIQ	183.6650, -70.8360, -4.7880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

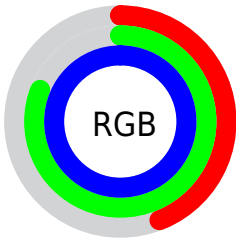
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	113, 169, 254
Decimal	7458558
CIE Lab	79.00, -14.44, -31.94
CIE LCh	79, 35.056, 245.671
Yxy	54.9284, 0.2299, 0.2694
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285648638 (0xFF71CEFE)
YUV	183.6650, 34.6752, -61.9732
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, -16.7991, -29.7721

# Details

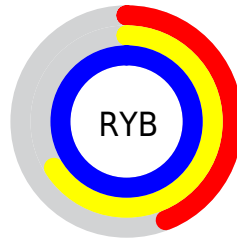
The CIELCh color **79, 35.056, 245.671** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **75, 49.260, 52.745**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 25.937, 197.818**, and **59, 34.978, 245.210** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 39.800, 248.788**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 29.757, 243.136**.

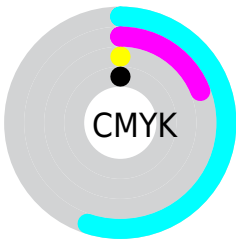
# Distribution



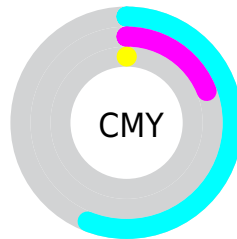
- Red (44%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 35.056, 245.671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 35.056, 245.671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 79, 35.056,  
245.671


 79, 35.056,  
245.671


 100, 35.056,  
245.671


 69, 35.056,  
245.671


 99, 35.056,  
245.671

 59, 35.056,  
245.671

 49, 35.056,  
245.671

 39, 35.056,  
245.671

 29, 35.056,  
245.671

 19, 35.056,  
245.671

 9, 35.056, 245.671

0, 35.056, 245.671

79, 35.056,  
245.671

79, 35.056,  
245.671

76, 39.800,  
248.788

82, 29.757,  
243.136

73, 44.021,  
252.560

86, 23.931,  
241.097

70, 47.821,  
257.004

90, 17.638,  
239.468

67, 51.386,  
262.037

94, 10.950,  
238.176

66, 53.021,  
264.389

98, 3.943, 237.217

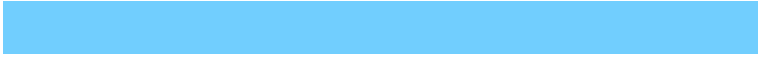
100, 0.393,  
109.952



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 35.056, 245.671



75, 49.260, 52.745

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 35.056, 245.671



79, 35.056, 295.671



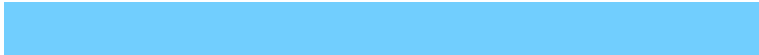
79, 35.056, 65.671



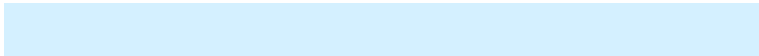
79, 35.056, 115.671

# Sweetspot

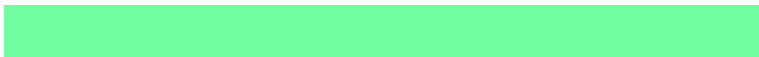
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 35.055, 245.670



93, 12.032, 238.355



90, 67.348, 150.003



49, 8.014, 238.599



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 35.055, 245.670



75, 40.583, 249.329



60, 66.052, 291.967



51, 4.084, 237.553



50, 42.344, 263.419



16, 18.153, 256.172



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 67.610, 340.798



63, 78.341, 342.234



91, 59.506, 95.866



50, 7.131, 336.619



42, 72.518, 348.044

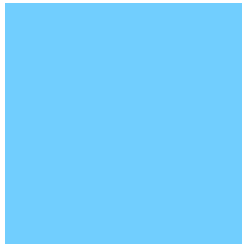


11, 34.198, 344.906



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 35.056, 245.671 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

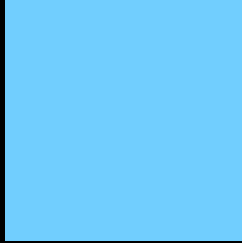
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 35.056, 245.671 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

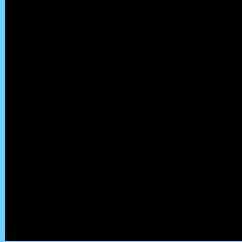
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

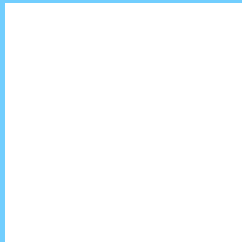
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 35.056, 245.671

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 35.056, 245.671.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 35.056, 245.671.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

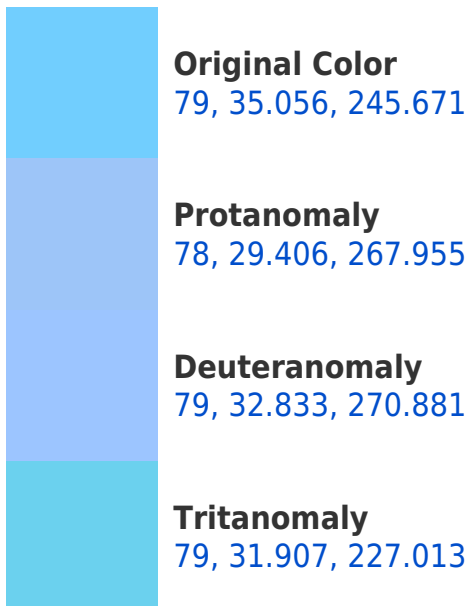




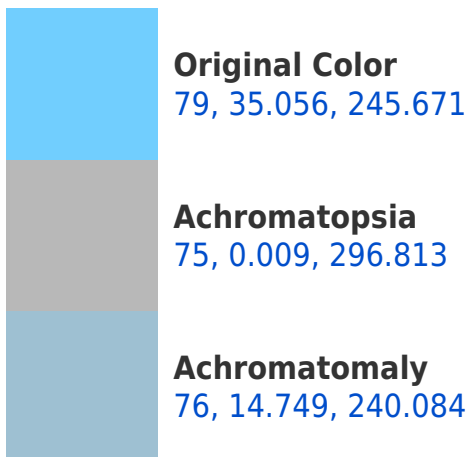


**Tritanopia**  
79, 31.812, 214.140

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 35.056, 245.671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 206, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 206, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 206, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 206, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 35.056, 245.671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 206, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 206, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 206, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 206, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 206, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 206,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 35.056, 245.671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 206, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
206, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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