

Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 37.344, 140.903)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(79, 37.344, 140.903)
contains.

CIELCh(79, 36.906, 140.863)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(79, 36.906, 140.863)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BD197
RGB	155, 209, 151
RGB Percent	61%, 82%, 59%
CMY	0.3914, 0.1796, 0.4071
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.28, 0.18
HSL	116°, 39%, 71%
HSV	116°, 28%, 82%
XYZ	42.0063, 54.9284, 37.7476
YIQ	186.2420, -13.5660, -29.4860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

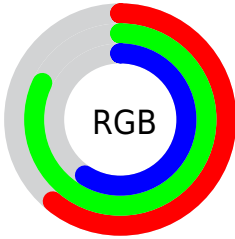
Format	Color
RYB	151, 209, 205
Decimal	10211735
CIELab	79.00, -28.63, 23.29
CIELCh	79, 36.906, 140.863
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3119, 0.4078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288401815 (0xFF9BD197)
YUV	186.2420, -17.3743, -27.3992
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, -28.5284, 21.6820

Details

The CIELCh color **79, 36.906, 140.863** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **69, 37.049, 323.959**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 30.328, 140.614**, and **59, 36.651, 141.107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 50.001, 140.058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 23.577, 141.572**.

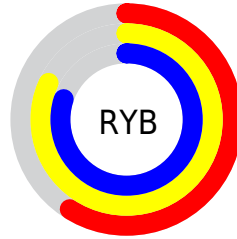
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (82%)

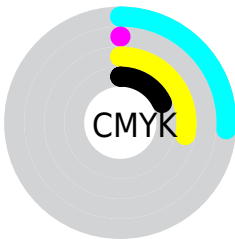
Blue (59%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (80%)

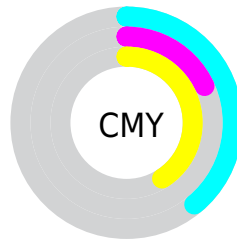


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (39%)


Magenta (18%)


Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 36.906, 140.863 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 36.906, 140.863 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 79, 36.906,
140.863


 79, 36.906,
140.863


 100, 36.906,
140.863


 69, 36.906,
140.863


 99, 36.906,
140.863

 59, 36.906,
140.863

 49, 36.906,
140.863

 39, 36.906,
140.863

 29, 36.906,
140.863

 19, 36.906,
140.863

 9, 36.906, 140.863

0, 36.906, 140.863

79, 36.906,
140.863

79, 36.906,
140.863

78, 50.001,
140.058

81, 23.577,
141.572

76, 62.570,
139.167

82, 10.225,
142.194

75, 74.244,
138.224

84, 2.990, 322.605

75, 84.558,
137.300

87, 15.959,
323.114

74, 92.967,
136.511

89, 28.266,
323.943

74, 98.939,
135.994

89, 28.707,
325.424

■ 73,102.262,
135.813

■ 73,102.808,
135.761

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 36.906, 140.863



69, 37.049, 323.959

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 36.906, 140.863



79, 36.906, 190.863



79, 36.906, 320.863



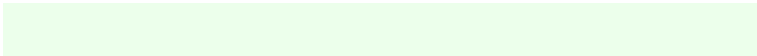
79, 36.906, 10.863

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 36.908, 140.863



98, 12.429, 142.172



81, 27.960, 103.705



52, 8.842, 142.082



0, 0.000, 0.000



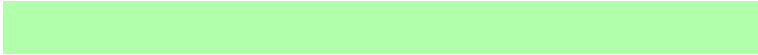
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 36.908, 140.863



93, 51.486, 140.420



79, 27.788, 157.024



43, 7.511, 142.094



60, 87.357, 135.694



13, 29.891, 140.689

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 37.049, 323.959



80, 51.688, 324.231



69, 28.402, 341.717



41, 7.531, 323.030



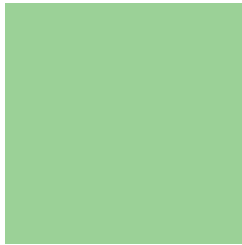
38, 84.997, 325.556



5, 30.539, 325.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 36.906, 140.863 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 79, 36.906, 140.863 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

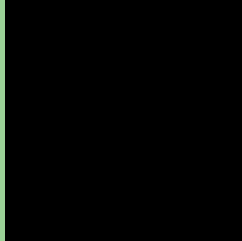
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 79, 36.906, 140.863

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 36.906, 140.863.

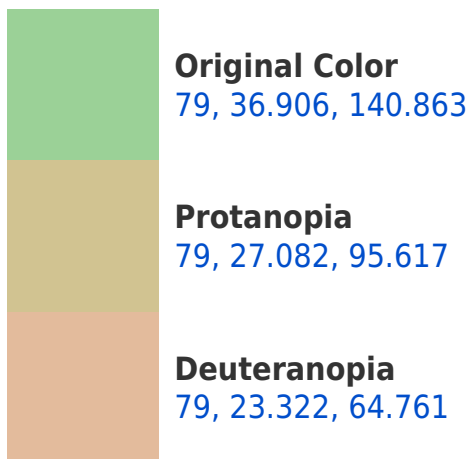


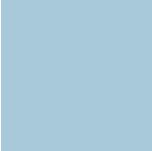
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 36.906, 140.863.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
79, 14.066, 236.352

Trichromacy



Original Color
79, 36.906, 140.863

Protanomaly
79, 28.290, 116.500

Deuteranomaly
78, 21.875, 101.896

Tritanomaly
79, 15.773, 176.322

Monochromacy



Original Color
79, 36.906, 140.863

Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
77, 13.381, 141.300

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 36.906, 140.863 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 209, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 209, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 209, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 209, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 36.906, 140.863 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 209, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 209, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 209, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 209, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 209, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 209,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 36.906, 140.863 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 209, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
209, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor