

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 41.338, 57.624)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 41.338, 57.624) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(79, 41.235, 57.663)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FEB384
RGB	254, 179, 132
RGB Percent	100%, 70%, 52%
CMY	0.0043, 0.2983, 0.4826
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.48, 0.00
HSL	23°, 98%, 76%
HSV	23°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	61.1068, 54.9284, 29.1853
YIQ	196.0670, 59.7870, 1.2830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

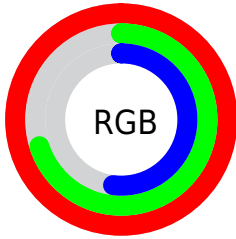
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">254, 208, 132</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16692100</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.00, 22.06, 34.84</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 41.235, 57.663</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">54.9284, 0.4208, 0.3782</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294882180 (0xFFFE384)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">196.0670, -31.5850, 50.8072</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.1137, 17.4744, 28.5317</a>

# Details

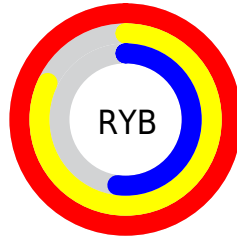
The CIELCh color **79, 41.235, 57.663** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **80, 32.144, 250.113**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 26.283, 91.026**, and **59, 40.926, 57.708** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 51.444, 56.879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 31.566, 58.504**.

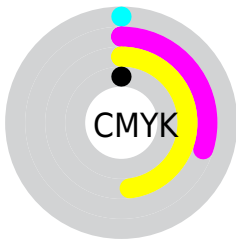
# Distribution



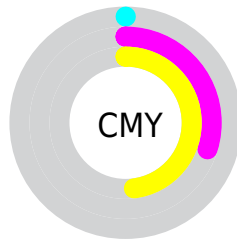
- Red (100%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 41.235, 57.663 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 41.235, 57.663 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79, 41.235, 57.663

 79, 41.235, 57.663

 100, 41.235,  
57.663

 69, 41.235, 57.663

 99, 41.235, 57.663

 59, 41.235, 57.663

 49, 41.235, 57.663

 39, 41.235, 57.663

 29, 41.235, 57.663

 19, 41.235, 57.663

 9, 41.235, 57.663

 0, 41.235, 57.663

 79, 41.235, 57.663

 79, 41.235, 57.663

75, 51.444, 56.879

83, 31.566, 58.504

71, 62.022, 56.099

87, 22.488, 59.391

68, 72.542, 55.212

92, 13.990, 60.315

65, 82.093, 53.942

96, 6.033, 61.231

62, 89.275, 51.846

100, 0.377,  
201.141

61, 90.529, 51.432

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 41.235, 57.663



80, 32.144, 250.113

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 41.235, 57.663



79, 41.235, 107.663



79, 41.235, 237.663



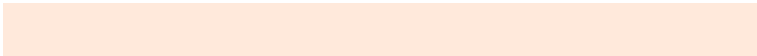
79, 41.235, 287.663

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 41.234, 57.668



94, 10.748, 60.691



71, 57.977, 342.169



49, 7.473, 60.490



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 41.234, 57.668



75, 51.580, 56.881



94, 54.203, 99.705



51, 4.301, 61.103



47, 72.728, 52.091



14, 27.590, 50.876



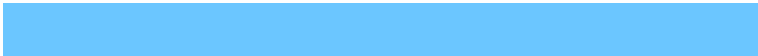


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 32.144, 250.113



77, 37.868, 252.982



64, 59.966, 292.551



51, 4.131, 243.215



48, 46.164, 270.399



15, 19.425, 263.162



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 41.235, 57.663 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 41.235, 57.663 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 41.235, 57.663

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 41.235, 57.663.

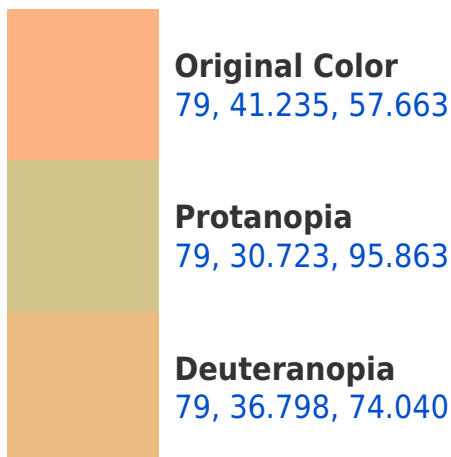


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 41.235, 57.663.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
79, 31.770, 10.844



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 41.235, 57.663

**Protanomaly**  
79, 32.748, 79.476

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 37.903, 67.362

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 32.327, 31.302

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 41.235, 57.663

**Achromatopsia**  
79, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 13.938, 60.246

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 41.235, 57.663 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 179, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 179, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 179, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 179, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 41.235, 57.663 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 179, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 179, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 179, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 179, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 179, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 179,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 41.235, 57.663 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 179, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
179, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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