

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 44.580, 82.480)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 44.580, 82.480) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(79, 44.625, 82.618)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8BE71
RGB	232, 190, 113
RGB Percent	91%, 75%, 44%
CMY	0.0918, 0.2564, 0.5583
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.51, 0.09
HSL	39°, 72%, 67%
HSV	39°, 51%, 91%
XYZ	54.4317, 54.9284, 23.2481
YIQ	193.7800, 49.7490, -15.0430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

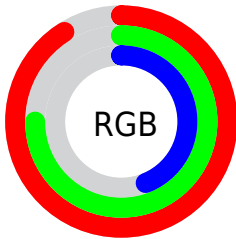
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">178, 232, 113</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15253105</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.00, 5.73, 44.26</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 44.625, 82.618</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">54.9284, 0.4105, 0.4142</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293443185</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFE8BE71</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">193.7800, -39.8245, 33.5189</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.1137, 1.3977, 33.2814</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **79, 44.625, 82.618** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **64, 43.836, 279.240**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 40.496, 101.990**, and **59, 44.478, 82.591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 53.440, 81.130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 35.674, 84.053**.

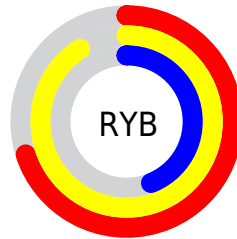
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (75%)

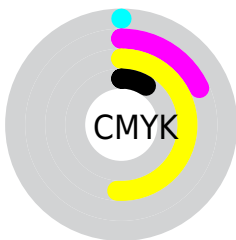
Blue (44%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (44%)

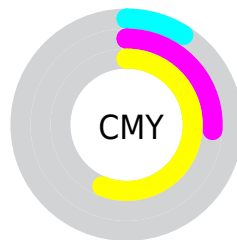


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 44.625, 82.618 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 44.625, 82.618 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79, 44.625, 82.618

 79, 44.625, 82.618

 100, 44.625,  
82.618

 69, 44.625, 82.618

 99, 44.625, 82.618

 59, 44.625, 82.618

 49, 44.625, 82.618

 39, 44.625, 82.618

 29, 44.625, 82.618

 19, 44.625, 82.618

 9, 44.625, 82.618

 0, 44.625, 82.618

 79, 44.625, 82.618

 79, 44.625, 82.618

77, 53.440, 81.130

81, 35.674, 84.053

74, 61.756, 79.533

84, 26.779, 85.440

72, 68.947, 77.738

86, 18.031, 86.784

70, 74.118, 75.573

89, 9.473, 88.078

69, 76.703, 73.328

91, 1.113, 89.116

94, 7.050, 270.627

96, 6.612, 238.716

98, 7.987, 199.075

98, 7.996, 198.983

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 44.625, 82.618



64, 43.836, 279.240

# Rectangle

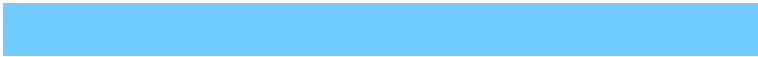
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 44.625, 82.618



79, 44.625, 132.618



79, 44.625, 262.618



79, 44.625, 312.618

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



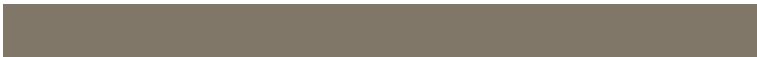
79, 44.625, 82.622



96, 13.586, 87.604



63, 50.600, 358.184



51, 9.293, 87.330



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 44.625, 82.622



83, 58.374, 80.981



89, 59.575, 111.557



47, 4.689, 88.317



54, 63.122, 73.891



14, 21.841, 76.556





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 43.836, 279.240



64, 57.747, 282.475



54, 68.372, 301.160



45, 4.678, 270.826



31, 72.336, 295.382



6, 24.861, 286.819



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 44.625, 82.618 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

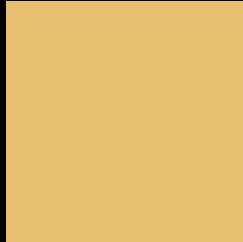
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 79, 44.625, 82.618 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 44.625, 82.618

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 44.625, 82.618.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 44.625, 82.618.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79, 44.625, 82.618

### Protanopia

79, 43.101, 95.518

### Deuteranopia

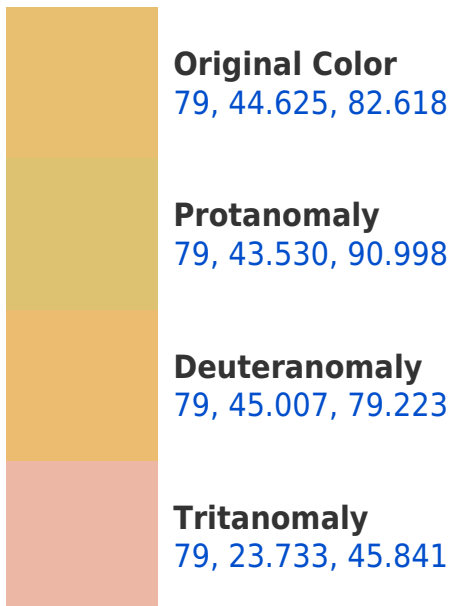
79, 45.264, 77.553



**Tritanopia**  
79, 23.478, 3.102



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 44.625, 82.618 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 190, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 190, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 190, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 190, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 44.625, 82.618 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 190, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 190, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 190, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 190, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 190, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 190,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 44.625, 82.618 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 190, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
190, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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