

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 48.132, 70.889)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 48.132, 70.889) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(79, 48.132, 70.889)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8B76F
RGB	248, 183, 111
RGB Percent	97%, 72%, 44%
CMY	0.0277, 0.2826, 0.5649
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.55, 0.03
HSL	32°, 91%, 70%
HSV	32°, 55%, 97%
XYZ	58.4702, 54.9284, 22.5412
YIQ	194.2270, 61.8520, -8.6120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

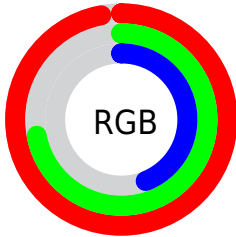
Format	Color
RYP	235, 248, 111
Decimal	16299887
CIELab	79.00, 15.76, 45.48
CIElCh	79, 48.132, 70.889
Yxy	54.9284, 0.4301, 0.4041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294489967 (0xFFFF8B76F)
YUV	194.2270, -41.0309, 47.1589
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, 11.1242, 33.8469

# Details

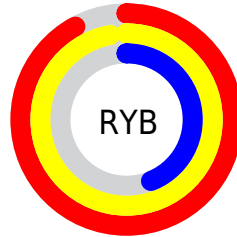
The CIELCh color **79, 48.132, 70.889** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **70, 42.086, 269.395**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 38.608, 97.671**, and **59, 47.881, 70.940** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 57.657, 69.464**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 38.688, 72.258**.

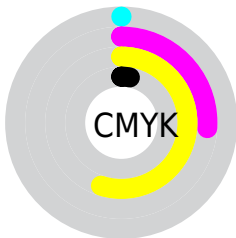
# Distribution



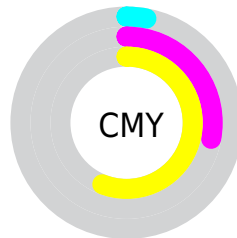
- Red (97%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 48.132, 70.889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 48.132, 70.889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79, 48.132, 70.889

79, 48.132, 70.889

100, 48.132,  
70.889

69, 48.132, 70.889

99, 48.132, 70.889

59, 48.132, 70.889

49, 48.132, 70.889

39, 48.132, 70.889

29, 48.132, 70.889

19, 48.132, 70.889

9, 48.132, 70.889

0, 48.132, 70.889

79, 48.132, 70.889

79, 48.132, 70.889

76, 57.657, 69.464

82, 38.688, 72.258

73, 66.855, 67.886

85, 29.516, 73.592

70, 74.958, 65.974

89, 20.691, 74.903

68, 80.825, 63.409

92, 12.229, 76.186

67, 82.892, 62.004

96, 4.119, 77.389

99, 2.071, 221.147

99, 2.452, 199.520

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 48.132, 70.889



70, 42.086, 269.395

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 48.132, 70.889



79, 48.132, 120.889



79, 48.132, 250.889



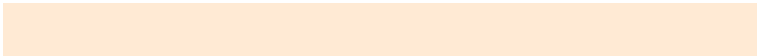
79, 48.132, 300.889

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 48.132, 70.893



94, 13.998, 75.961



65, 59.888, 351.008



49, 9.404, 75.705



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 48.132, 70.893



78, 59.714, 69.339



95, 66.743, 105.766



50, 4.530, 76.899



52, 67.328, 62.683



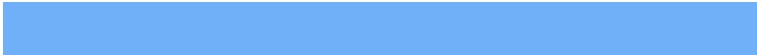
16, 25.850, 64.262





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 42.086, 269.395



67, 51.163, 273.058



54, 78.416, 299.056



49, 4.447, 259.463



39, 60.684, 286.553



11, 24.031, 279.862



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 48.132, 70.889 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

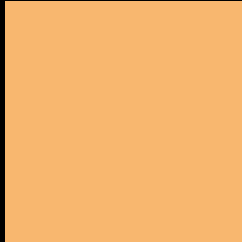
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 48.132, 70.889 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

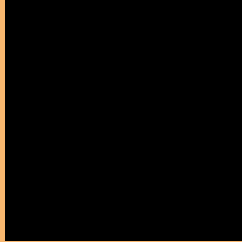
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 48.132, 70.889

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 48.132, 70.889.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 48.132, 70.889.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79, 48.132, 70.889

### Protanopia

79, 42.611, 95.451

### Deuteranopia

79, 46.858, 77.784



**Tritanopia**  
79, 31.429, 9.706



# Trichromacy



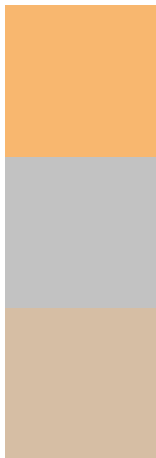
**Original Color**  
79, 48.132, 70.889

**Protanomaly**  
79, 43.510, 85.707

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 47.398, 75.753

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 32.247, 38.744

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 48.132, 70.889

**Achromatopsia**  
78, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
78, 16.855, 74.599

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 48.132, 70.889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 183, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 183, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 183, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 183, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 48.132, 70.889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 183, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 183, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 183, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 183, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 183, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 183,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 48.132, 70.889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 183, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
183, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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