

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 52.317, 17.753)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 52.317, 17.753) contains.

<b>CIELCh(75, 39.451, 14.061)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(75, 39.451, 14.061)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF9DA9
RGB	255, 157, 169
RGB Percent	100%, 62%, 66%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3854, 0.3384
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.34, 0.00
HSL	353°, 100%, 81%
HSV	353°, 39%, 100%
XYZ	60.6707, 48.2781, 43.5093
YIQ	187.6700, 54.5560, 24.5080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

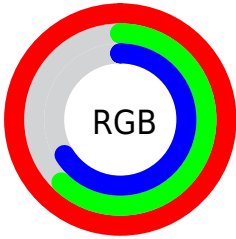
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 157, 169
Decimal	16752041
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.00, 38.27, 9.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	75, 39.451, 14.061
Yxy	48.2781, 0.3980, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294942121 (0xFFFF9DA9)
YUV	187.6700, -9.2043, 59.0484
Hunter-Lab	69.4824, 34.2684, 11.5108

# Details

The CIELCh color **75, 39.451, 14.061** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **94, 31.769, 186.142**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89, 16.373, 0.293**, and **55, 39.061, 13.964** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 50.291, 15.939**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 28.249, 12.383**.

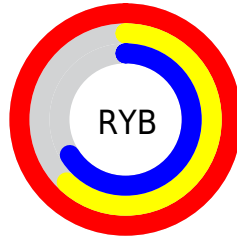
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (62%)

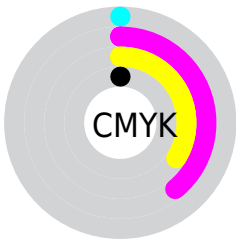
Blue (66%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (66%)

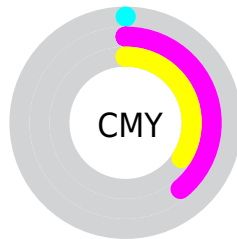


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 75, 39.451, 14.061 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 75, 39.451, 14.061 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 75, 39.451, 14.061

 75, 39.451, 14.061

 100, 39.451,  
14.061

 65, 39.451, 14.061

 95, 39.451, 14.061

 55, 39.451, 14.061

 45, 39.451, 14.061

 35, 39.451, 14.061

 25, 39.451, 14.061

 15, 39.451, 14.061

 5, 39.451, 14.061

 0, 39.451, 14.061

 75, 39.451, 14.061

 75, 39.451, 14.061

69, 50.291, 15.939

81, 28.249, 12.383

64, 61.391, 18.465

88, 17.820, 11.111

60, 72.049, 21.675

94, 7.956, 10.038

57, 81.886, 25.654

100, 0.012,  
296.813

54, 90.619, 30.294

53, 97.934, 35.018

53, 98.897, 35.609

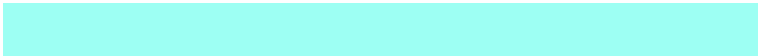
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 39.451, 14.061



94, 31.769, 186.142

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 39.451, 14.061



75, 39.451, 64.061



75, 39.451, 194.061



75, 39.451, 244.061

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 39.139, 13.956



92, 11.299, 10.396



76, 59.307, 322.556



48, 7.526, 10.533



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 39.139, 13.956



71, 47.446, 15.389



83, 32.171, 56.463



50, 5.311, 10.137



40, 78.903, 34.774



10, 32.455, 22.200





# Inverse Universe

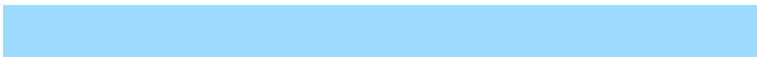
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 39.139, 13.956



71, 47.446, 15.389



84, 26.193, 245.324



50, 5.311, 10.137



40, 78.903, 34.774

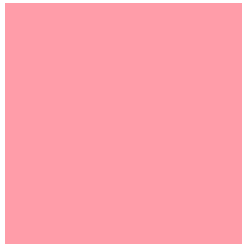


10, 32.455, 22.200



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 39.451, 14.061 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

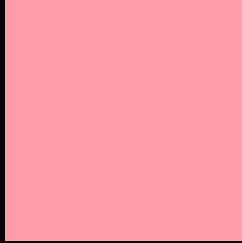
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 39.451, 14.061 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 75, 39.451, 14.061**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 39.451, 14.061.

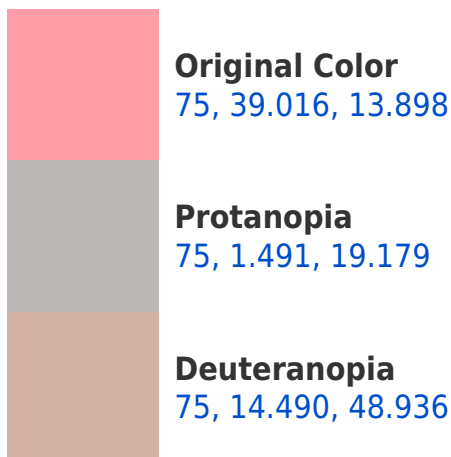


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 39.451, 14.061.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
75, 39.026, 14.676



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
75, 39.016, 13.898



**Protanomaly**  
74, 14.758, 12.327



**Deuteranomaly**  
75, 22.365, 26.754



**Tritanomaly**  
75, 39.026, 14.676

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
75, 39.016, 13.898



**Achromatopsia**  
76, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
75, 13.950, 11.763

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 75, 39.451, 14.061 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 157, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 157, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 157, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 157, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 75, 39.451, 14.061 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 157, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 157, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 157, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 157, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 157, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 157,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 75, 39.451, 14.061 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 157, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
157, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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