

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 6.444, 338.332)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(79, 6.444, 338.332) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(79, 6.438, 338.330)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDC0C8
RGB	205, 192, 200
RGB Percent	80%, 75%, 78%
CMY	0.1956, 0.2465, 0.2152
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.02, 0.20
HSL	323°, 12%, 78%
HSV	323°, 6%, 80%
XYZ	54.5298, 54.9284, 62.4498
YIQ	196.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

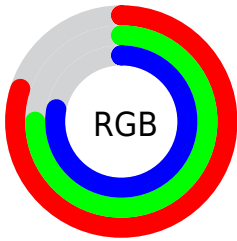
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 192, 200
Decimal	13484232
CIE Lab	79.00, 5.98, -2.38
CIE LCh	79, 6.438, 338.330
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3172, 0.3195
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291674312 (0xFFCDC0C8)
YUV	196.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, 1.6341, 1.9205

# Details

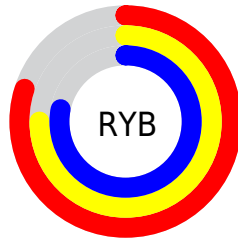
The CIELCh color  $79, 6.438, 338.330$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $81, 6.395, 157.515$ , and the grayscale version is  $79, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $98, 4.358, 324.523$ , and  $59, 6.156, 339.962$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $74, 16.734, 339.150$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $84, 3.665, 157.773$ .

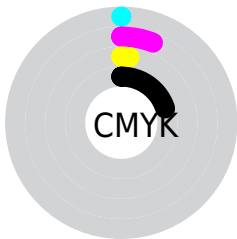
# Distribution



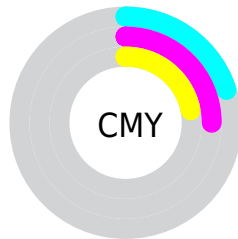
- Red (80%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 6.438, 338.330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 6.438, 338.330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79, 6.438, 338.330

■ 79, 6.438, 338.330

■ 100, 6.438,  
338.330

■ 69, 6.438, 338.330

■ 99, 6.438, 338.330

■ 59, 6.438, 338.330

■ 49, 6.438, 338.330

■ 39, 6.438, 338.330

■ 29, 6.438, 338.330

■ 19, 6.438, 338.330

■ 9, 6.438, 338.330

■ 0, 6.438, 338.330

■ 79, 6.438, 338.330

■ 79, 6.438, 338.330

74, 16.734,  
339.150

84, 3.665, 157.773

68, 27.106,  
340.006

90, 13.496,  
157.028

64, 37.349,  
340.942

96, 23.026,  
156.391

59, 47.164,  
341.983

96, 21.125,  
163.695

55, 56.142,  
343.169

96, 18.885,  
173.481

51, 63.786,  
344.554

97, 17.281,  
185.418

49, 69.581,  
346.218

97, 16.522,  
198.408

46, 73.139,  
348.265

45, 74.407,

350.810

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 6.438, 338.330



81, 6.395, 157.515

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 6.438, 338.330



79, 6.438, 28.330



79, 6.438, 158.330



79, 6.438, 208.330

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 6.436, 338.335



99, 2.418, 337.893



78, 7.214, 305.204



53, 1.375, 337.876



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 6.436, 338.335



95, 9.711, 338.480



79, 4.904, 10.219



40, 5.752, 338.585



36, 63.844, 351.334



4, 21.337, 346.148



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 6.436, 338.335



95, 9.711, 338.480



81, 4.753, 189.411



40, 5.752, 338.585



36, 63.844, 351.334



4, 21.337, 346.148



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 6.438, 338.330 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

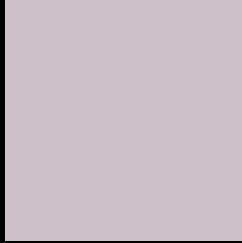
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 79, 6.438, 338.330 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

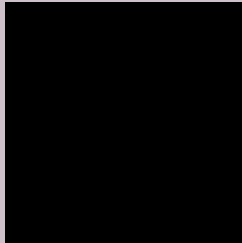
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

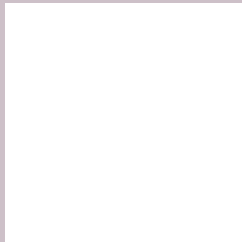
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 6.438, 338.330

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 6.438, 338.330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 6.438, 338.330.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79, 6.438, 338.330


### Protanopia

79, 3.825, 301.454

### Deuteranopia

79, 10.038, 344.480





**Tritanopia**  
79, 9.742, 324.812

# Trichromacy



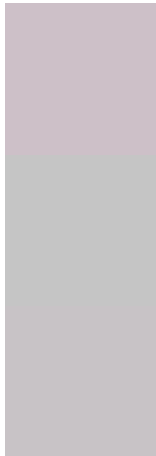
**Original Color**  
79, 6.438, 338.330

**Protanomaly**  
79, 4.361, 320.601

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 8.826, 342.949

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 8.886, 328.701

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 6.438, 338.330

**Achromatopsia**  
80, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 2.454, 338.665

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 6.438, 338.330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 192, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 192, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 192, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 192, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 6.438, 338.330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 192, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 192, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 192, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 192, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 192, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 192,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 6.438, 338.330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 192, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
192, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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